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SHORT TERM RESPONSE ACTION PLAN (STRAP): DIKE ACCESS ROAD

**642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island**

June 29, 2016

GZA File No.: 03.0033554.90



PREPARED FOR:

Rhode Island Department of Environmental
Management (RIDEM)
Providence, Rhode Island

ON BEHALF OF:

nationalgrid

GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc.

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June 29, 2016
File No. 03.00033554.90

Via E-Mail and U.S. Mail

Mr. Joseph Martella
Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM)
Office of Waste Management
235 Promenade Street
Providence, Rhode Island 02908

Re: Short Term Response Action Plan (STRAP):
Dike Access Road
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island
RIDEM Case No. 98-004 / Site Remediation File No. SR-28-1152

Dear Mr. Martella:

On behalf of the Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid (National Grid), GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. (GZA) is pleased to present to the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) the attached Short Term Response Action Plan (STRAP).

This STRAP describes proposed remedial actions associated with the installation of a new access road at the 642 Allens Avenue Site. The new access road will traverse over an existing containment dike associated with the Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) facility and the remedial actions consist of installation of an engineered remedial cap designed to address potential human exposure to impacted soils.

Should you have any questions or comments regarding the information presented herein, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned or Amy Willoughby from National Grid at (401) 258-5410.

Very truly yours,

GZA GEOENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

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MSK/tlb
Attachment: *STRAP Dike Access Road*
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of The Narragansett Electric Company (TNEC) d/b/a National Grid (National Grid), GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. (GZA) is pleased to present to the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) this *Short-Term Response Action Plan (STRAP)* for the former 642 Allens Avenue Manufactured Gas Plant (MGP) located in Providence, Rhode Island (herein referred to as the “Site”). A Project Locus Map is presented on Figure 1, *Cover Sheet, Index to Drawings and Locus Plan*.

This *STRAP* has been prepared to address applicable requirements of Section 6.00 – Emergency or Short Term Response, of the RIDEM Rules and Regulations for the Investigation and Remediation of Hazardous Materials Releases (Remediation Regulations).

This *STRAP* is subject to the Limitations included in Appendix A.

1.1 PROJECT OBJECTIVES

National Grid plans on constructing a new containment dike access road for the Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) facility. The proposed new dike access road will run from Terminal Road, along the southern extent of the existing containment dike, and extend to the southeastern portion of the dike area. This plan has been prepared to address soils in the vicinity of the new dike access road (referred to herein as the “STRAP Area”) exhibiting impacts in excess of the RIDEM Method 1 Criteria via installation of an engineered cap. A large portion of the grading elevation cut is into the existing containment dike, which, based on limited explorations through the dike (outside of the STRAP Area), was constructed using engineered import fill material.

As described herein, proposed STRAP activities include installing erosion and sedimentation controls, grading and off-Site disposal of excess materials and installation of an engineered cap. The construction of the engineered cap will also require on-Site infiltration of treated stormwater via an engineered underground treatment/infiltration unit. In addition, the new access road project will also include installation of retaining structures, the installation of new utilities (new water line, new drain line and new underground electrical conduit) and the installation of some new fencing.

Figure 2, *Existing Conditions Plan*, presents the location of existing buildings, roads, landscaped areas and approximate property boundaries based on tax map information for the Site. This plan also shows the approximate 4 acre Limit of Work (LOW) which is located on the southeastern portion of the Site. The STRAP Area (included in the LOW) is approximately 39,000 SF and will consist of a new engineered cap. Figure 4, *Proposed Conditions Plan*, presents the configuration of the new dike road and associated structures and utilities.¹

2.0 BACKGROUND

The following sections present a summary of relevant background information for the Site, with focus on the LOW, including relevant historical operations, regulatory history and status of the RIDEM-listed Site.

¹ The new dike access road project was designed by Kiewit Engineering and Design Co.



2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY

The Site is located at 642 Allens Avenue in the southeastern portion of the City of Providence, Rhode Island and is identified as Assessor’s Plat (A.P.) 56, Lots 5, 273, 316 and 317, and A.P. 101, Lot 1. The Site consists of approximately 42 acres with frontage on Allens Avenue to the west and bounded to the east by the Providence River. It is adjoined to the northwest by Motiva/Texaco, and to the south by Terminal Road, the former Sun Oil/Providence Port facility, and New England Bituminous Terminal Corporation. Currently, active natural gas regulation and distribution, gas construction storage, a compressed natural gas (CNG) fueling station, (LNG) storage and distribution, and cement storage and distribution activities are conducted at the 642 Allens Avenue property. The LOW consists of approximately 4 acres on the southeastern portion of the Site and is located on A.P. 56 Lots 273 and 316. This area is currently utilized for LNG operations (location of portion of containment dike for the LNG tank) and for storage in the cement distribution facility. The table below presents a summary of the current Site use:

A.P.	Lot	Current Owner	Address	Current Use(s)
101	1	TNEC	642 Allens Avenue 670 Allens Avenue	Natural Gas Construction Storage Natural Gas Regulation and Distribution CNG Fueling Station
56	5	TNEC	642 Allens Avenue	Natural Gas Construction Storage Natural Gas Regulation and Distribution
56	273	TNEC	139 Terminal Road	Cement Storage and Distribution
56	316	TNEC	121 Terminal Road	LNG Facility
56	317	TNEC	121 Terminal Road	Access Road

The Site is generally level with gentle slopes towards the Providence River and is entirely enclosed and secured by chain-link fencing and barbed wire. Based on several rounds of investigations performed at the Site, subsurface conditions generally consists of urban fill underlain by organic silt, glacial outwash and glacial till. The depth to bedrock is more than 100 feet below ground surface (bgs). Groundwater is generally encountered within the fill unit, is classified as GB or not suitable for drinking water use without treatment, and flows towards the tidally influenced Providence River.

A United States Army rifle range operated at the Site in the late 1800s, prior to the use of the Site as a MGP. From 1910 until 1954, a MGP operated at the Site producing coal gas, carbureted water gas, and high-BTU oil gas. MGP by-products were routinely managed through recovery, storage, recycling, reprocessing, and resale. Such by-products included coke, coal tar, ammonia, toluene, and benzene. B.P. Clapp operated an ammonia works at the 642 Allens Avenue property beginning in 1910, and managed the recycling and sale of ammonia by products. The United States Government operated a toluene facility at the Site for a short period of time during 1918. By 1954, coal gasification operations at the Site had ceased. From 1952 until the 1960s, a liquefied petroleum gas distribution plant operated on the Site. Gulf Oil had a facility at the Site to store kerosene from 1957 to 1971. A LNG facility has operated on the eastern and southeastern portions of the Site since 1972. The southeastern portion of the Site has been utilized for cement storage and distribution since 1961. Propane storage and distribution occurred at the Site from the 1960s to the 1980s for peak shaving purposes.

The LOW (including the STRAP Area) is located within the present day existing LNG facility and cement distribution facility. This portion of the Site was utilized as the location of former coke ovens, former tar and ammonia tanks, a former gas tank (unknown whether this was above or below ground), a large building associated with the production of producer gas, a former quenching station, and for coal and bulk material storage associated with the former MGP. As noted above, the MGP was largely decommissioned in 1954 and these structures were likely demolished for the construction of the LNG facility in 1972. Based on explorations in the LOW (as described below), it is likely significant concrete foundations are still present in the subsurface. As described below, certain remedial actions were completed in the late 1990s in the LOW



(including the STRAP Area). As shown on Figure 2, *Existing Conditions Plan*, an engineered cap was installed as part of these remedial actions. Historical features are shown on Figure 3, *Existing Exploration Location Plan*.

The LOW is currently utilized as a containment dike for LNG operations and for storage in the cement distribution facility. The current and foreseeable future use of the property and LOW is unlikely to change.

2.2 REGULATORY HISTORY

RIDEM issued a Letter of Responsibility (LOR) dated February 13th, 1998 to Providence Gas Company. The Site was listed as State Site #98-004 (RIDEM File No. SR-28-1152) following the issuance of the LOR.

The Site is listed with RIDEM due to certain soil and groundwater impacts at concentrations in excess of Method 1 standards as defined in the Remediation Regulations. Investigation activities have been conducted at the Site in several phases since 1994 and have been documented in several reports submitted to RIDEM.

Constituents detected include, total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), cyanide, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and certain inorganic compounds (primarily arsenic and lead). Sporadic observations of non-aqueous phase liquids (NAPLs) have been made in certain Site monitoring wells. In addition, some residual materials have been observed in former gas processing areas.

A Soil Management Plan (SMP) was established for the Site and submitted to RIDEM on August 31, 2010; a revised SMP was later submitted on September 12, 2012. The SMP was prepared to establish procedures to be followed should construction or maintenance activities require the need to manage soils and/or groundwater. The SMP includes procedures for soil screening/disposal requirements, soil stockpile management and erosion controls, dust controls, capping requirements, decontamination protocols for equipment leaving the Site, requirements for import of soils, basic dewatering guidelines and management of non-soils (such as asphalt or concrete). The SMP is similar to what would be recorded with an Environmental Land Usage Restriction (ELUR) and has been followed at the Site for numerous facility projects.

As discussed during a November 2013 meeting with RIDEM and subsequent project communications with the Department, GZA, on behalf of National Grid, is currently preparing a Site Investigation Report (SIR) Addendum to document results of more recent investigation efforts. The SIR Addendum will also present the preferred remedial approach for the Site and will consist of progressive engineered capping consistent with facility upgrades, groundwater monitoring and institutional controls. The approach presented herein for the STRAP Area is consistent with the overall remedy for the Site which will be described in the SIR Addendum.

2.2.1 Remedial Actions in the LOW (and STRAP Area)

Environmental Science Services, Inc. (ESS) supervised remedial actions on behalf of the Providence Gas Company (PGC) and Algonquin LNG, Inc. beginning in June 1999 in accordance with a RIDEM-issued June 1, 1999 Temporary Remedial Action Permit (TRAP). These remedial actions were documented in a December 2002 *Remedial Action Closure Report* prepared by Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc. (VHB) on behalf of the New England Gas Company (NEGC), included in Appendix B. These activities were of a time-critical nature due to the proposed construction of a vaporizer pad in the southwestern portion of the LNG facility adjacent to the containment dike. Remedial actions were conducted on both the western and eastern side of the containment dike (the LOW (including the STRAP Area) is located east of the containment dike).

During the remedial action, surface and subsurface soils were excavated and disposed off-Site. The excavations were guided by test pit and soil boring data from previously completed investigations and confirmatory soil sampling. Several



structures were excavated, cleaned out and backfilled. All MGP remnant piping was either removed or sealed with hydraulic cement. According to the Closure Report, the former tar tank, as shown on Figure 3, *Existing Exploration Location Plan*, was not able to be excavated or cleaned out because of structural limitations of excavating near the containment dike. According to the Closure Report, the former Tar and Ammonia Pits/Wells (A&B) were excavated and cleaned and reportedly, approximately 50,000 gallons of coal tar was removed from this structure. No information was provided on the condition of the structure. Recovery wells (ESS RW-1 to ESS RW-6) were also installed to for recovery of light non-aqueous phase liquids (LNAPL). Excavated areas were capped with approximately 2 feet of clean fill or were covered by structures (vaporizer pad). ESS RW-1 and ESS RW-2 are located in the LOW. As shown on Figure 2, *Existing Conditions Plan*, an approximate 10,000 square foot (SF) engineered cap is located in the LOW.

A total of approximately 8,746 tons of MGP-impacted material was excavated, transported and disposed off-Site during these remedial activities.

3.0 NATURE AND EXTENT OF OBSERVED IMPACTS IN THE STRAP AREA

Approximately one hundred and sixteen (116) explorations (borings, test pits, monitoring wells and soil samples) have been conducted in the STRAP Area, to depths ranging from approximately 2 to 101 feet bgs. Approximately nineteen (19) borings were conducted for geotechnical purposes, to depths ranging from 52 to 101 feet bgs. Boring and test pit logs are included in Appendix C. Figure 3, *Existing Exploration Location Plan*, presents the location of explorations that have been completed in the STRAP Area.

Please note that sampling depths that are noted in this section are from the original grades in the STRAP Area. As noted above, portions of the STRAP Area have been remediated and capped and relative sampling depths are unknown. The discussion of environmental impacts presented in the following sections pertains to material remaining proximate to the STRAP Area (defined herein as approximately 50 feet in radius from the STRAP Area) following the remedial activities discussed previously based on GZA's review of available information. The following sections present a summary of the nature and extent of observed impacts in the STRAP Area.

3.1 FIELD SCREENING AND OBSERVATIONS OF IMPACTED SOILS

Explorations performed proximate to the STRAP Area indicate the presence of up to approximately 20 feet of fill underlain by outwash deposits and glacial till. A thin layer of organic silt was encountered intermittently beneath the fill (above the outwash deposits), primarily in borings closer to the Providence River. The fill consists of sands and gravels with concrete, coal, asphalt, and brick fragments, cinders, and cinder ash.

Visual and olfactory indicators of petroleum-like impacts were noted in the majority of the explorations conducted in the northern portion of the STRAP Area (downgradient of the Former Producer Gas Plant), generally at the water table and decreasing with depth. Some visual and olfactory indicators of coal tar-like impacts were noted at depth in ETP-4, although this test pit was conducted before remedial actions were conducted in this area. Note, visual indicators of former MGP residuals (i.e., oxide box waste with blue/green/yellow staining) were not observed in explorations performed proximate to the STRAP Area. Total Volatile Organic Compounds (TVOCs) readings, based on PID measurements, ranged from non-detect (ND) to 369 parts per million by volume (ppmv). Generally, TVOC readings were most significant coincident with the water table and decreased with depth. Petroleum-like or coal tar-like impacts were not noted in the area to the southeast of the containment dike (in the cement distribution facility).



Concrete or other obstructions were noted in B-1 (6 feet bgs), B-3 (6 feet bgs), B-4 (10 feet bgs), B-29 (15 feet bgs), ETP-2 (4-5 feet bgs), ETP-4 (8 feet bgs), A39 (refusal at 2 feet bgs), A49 (9-10 feet bgs), A57 (3 feet bgs), and GZ-212 (2-4 feet bgs).

3.2 SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Over 230 soil samples were collected and analyzed proximate to the STRAP Area for TPH, semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), VOCs, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), pesticides and inorganic compounds. Compounds detected at elevated² levels were TPH, arsenic and certain PAHs (benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene dibenzo(a,h)anthracene and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene). Table 1A, *Soil Analytical Data (Under an Engineered Cap)* presents the analytical soil data collected from the previously capped portion of the STRAP Area and Table 1B, *Soil Analytical Data (Currently Uncapped)* presents the analytical soil data collected from areas outside the existing cap.

TPH was the only compound detected in excess of the RIDEM GB Leachability Criteria (four locations - RCA-7 (8-10 feet bgs), A13 (0-2 feet bgs and 8-10 feet bgs), A15 (2-4 feet bgs) and A66 (6-8 feet bgs)) at concentrations ranging from 3,100 mg/kg to 8,130 mg/kg. These explorations are located in the northern portion of the uncapped STRAP Area (downgradient of the Former Producer Gas Plant).

Four (4) borings are located proximate to the area proposed for stormwater infiltration: A60, A61, A63 and A64. The only compound detected at an elevated level was benzo(a)pyrene at A64 at a depth of 4-6 feet bgs. In this sample, benzo(a)pyrene was detected at a concentration of 0.86 mg/kg, slightly above the I/C-DEC of 0.8 mg/kg. No other compounds were detected at elevated levels from other samples collected from these borings.

Overall, the data indicates that materials in the STRAP Area are generally consistent with typical urban fill (arsenic, lead and PAHs), with the exception of the limited TPH exceedances located in the northern portion of the STRAP Area.

3.3 GROUNDWATER AND NAPL MEASUREMENTS

There are four (4) monitoring wells (RCA-29, RCA-33, RCA-38 and VHB-13) and two (2) recovery wells (ESS RW-1 and ESS RW-2) located proximate to the STRAP Area. Three (3) additional monitoring wells (RCA-7, RCA-31 and RCA-37) were located proximate to the STRAP Area that were previously destroyed or decommissioned. RCA-33 and RCA-38 are the closest monitoring wells to the area proposed for stormwater infiltration. Based on elevation data from monitoring wells proximate to the STRAP Area, groundwater is expected to be encountered approximately 4 to 10 feet bgs. Groundwater is expected to be tidally influenced, especially in the monitoring wells closer to the Providence River. A summary of groundwater elevation data from July 2011 to May 2016 for the wells within the STRAP Area is presented in Table 2A, *Summary of Groundwater and NAPL Measurements*.

LNAPL has been detected proximate to the STRAP Area at thicknesses ranging from trace amounts to 0.36 feet. LNAPL has historically been detected in trace amounts to 0.36 feet in RCA-29, located in the former remedial action area (see Section 2.2.1) downgradient of former tar tank. Detected LNAPL has been limited to trace amounts only in ESS RW-1 and ESS RW-2. Dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL) has not been historically detected proximate to the STRAP Area. LNAPL has not been detected in either RCA-33 or RCA-38, the monitoring wells closest to the area proposed for stormwater

² Defined herein as an exceedance of the RIDEM Method 1 Criteria: Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria (I/C-DEC), the GB Leachability Criteria or the Upper Concentration Limit (UCL).



infiltration. A summary of historic LNAPL thickness gauging for monitoring wells proximate to the STRAP Area is presented in Table 2B, *Summary of LNAPL Thickness Gauging*.

An effort was made to recover LNAPL and monitor the rate of return (if any) from RCA-29. As indicated on Table 2C, *Summary of LNAPL Recovery*, LNAPL was recovered three times from RCA-29 on July 19, 2012, June 20, 2014 and October 19, 2015. Less than 0.1 gallon was recovered each time. It is also noted that since recovery, detected LNAPL at RCA-29 has been limited to trace to 0.17 feet (Tables 2A and 2B).

3.4 GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Thirty-six (36) groundwater samples were collected proximate to the STRAP Area between 1994 and 2016 and analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, TPH and total cyanide. As indicated in Table 3, *Groundwater Analytical Data*, groundwater data from RCA-29, RCA-33, RCA-38, VHB-13, RCA-7, RCA-31 and RCA-37 indicate low levels of detected constituents with no elevated concentrations or exceedances of RIDEM GB Groundwater Objectives.

3.5 CONCLUSIONS

As presented above, soils proximate to the STRAP Area are generally characterized by RIDEM Method 1 Criteria exceedances of PAHs and arsenic, with the exception of areas of sporadic elevated TPH soil concentrations in the northern portion of the STRAP Area (downgradient of the Former Producer Gas Plant).

Groundwater proximate to the STRAP Area is generally characterized by non-detect to low levels of VOCs, SVOCs and total cyanide, with no compounds detected at concentrations above the GB Groundwater Objective. Measurable LNAPL is currently limited to trace to 0.17 feet in thickness at one well (RCA-29 located downgradient of the former tar tank).

Very little to no evidence of soil or groundwater impacts were detected in the area proposed for stormwater infiltration.

Based on these soil and groundwater conditions, the STRAP activities were designed to mitigate direct exposure to soils above the RIDEM Method 1 Criteria through installation of an engineered soil cap.

4.0 **PROPOSED RESPONSE ACTIONS**

The proposed STRAP activities include installing erosion and sedimentation controls, grading and off-Site disposal of excess materials and installation of an engineered cap. The construction of the engineered cap will also require on-Site infiltration of treated stormwater via an engineered underground treatment/infiltration unit. In addition, the new access road project will also include installation of retaining structures, the installation of new utilities (new water line, new drain line and new underground electrical conduit) and the installation of some new fencing. A large portion of the grading elevation cut is into the existing containment dike, which, based on limited explorations through the dike (outside of the STRAP Area), was constructed using engineered import fill material.

The following figures were prepared to illustrate the scope of the proposed STRAP:

- Figure 4 – *Proposed Conditions Plan*; and
- Figure 5 – *Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan*.



4.1 REMEDIAL CAPS

Engineered caps have been designed to mitigate direct exposure to underlying impacted soils across the approximately 39,000 SF STRAP Area. The following is a description of the engineered caps:

- Asphalt Engineered Cap (approximately 16,000 SF): the engineered cap will consist of 8-inches of import aggregate base, 4-inches of base course asphalt overlain with 2-inches of top course; and
- Gravel Engineered Cap (approximately 23,000 SF): the engineered cap will consist of a non-woven geotextile overlain by at least 12-inches of imported granular fill or at least 24-inches of imported granular fill.

The approximate extent of these engineered caps and details showing each cap type is depicted on Figure 4, *Proposed Conditions Plan*.

All new utility excavations will be finished with a gravel engineered cap. The portion of the existing engineered cap that is disturbed during the work will also be restored with a gravel engineered cap.

4.2 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

The engineered cap has been designed with an integral stormwater management/treatment system. As described in the Rhode Island Stormwater Design and Installation Standards Manual, last amended in March 2015 (*Stormwater Regulations*), the amount of stormwater that must be treated is defined as the Water Quality Volume (WQ_v) and is the portion of runoff likely to contain the primary pollutant load. The WQ_v is equivalent to 1 inch of runoff generated from the first 1.2 inches of rainfall over impervious areas (initial abstraction is assumed to account for the first 0.2 inches of rainfall). By using prescribed methods detailed in the *Stormwater Regulations*, the goal is to reduce 85% of total suspended solids, 60% of pathogens, and 30% of total nitrogen for discharges to saltwater or tidal systems.

Stormwater runoff generated from the proposed Site improvements will be collected utilizing swales and directed to a catchbasin. The catchbasin will drain to an engineered stormwater infiltration unit (presented on Figure 4 as "Cultec Unit"). The WQ_v will be conveyed to the stormwater infiltration unit located between the road and the existing LNG containment and infiltrated. Excess stormwater will overland flow and ultimately discharge to the surrounding surface for infiltration.

Based on the proposed STRAP activities, the redevelopment of the Site is subject to Minimum Standard 6 (Redevelopment) within the *Stormwater Regulations*. As such, the engineered cap has been designed with an integral stormwater management/treatment system. The location and design of the proposed infiltration system (i.e., an engineered stormwater infiltration system) was evaluated in accordance with Section 3.2.8 Subsurface Contamination Guidance of the *Stormwater Regulations*. As shown on the attached Figure 4, *Proposed Conditions Plan*, the proposed infiltration unit will be located in an approximate 450 SF area between the proposed access road and LNG containment. As described in Section 3.0, no significant soil or groundwater impacts were observed in this area based on borings A60, A61, A63 and A64.

4.3 SOIL DISPOSAL

It is currently estimated that approximately 3,865 cubic yards (CY) of existing Site materials will be removed and disposed off-Site to facilitate installation of the engineered cap, new utilities, and the stormwater infiltration system.

All excess soil generated during the STRAP implementation will be disposed off-Site at a licensed disposal/recycling facility approved by National Grid. We currently anticipate excess soils will be shipped to the ESMI in Loudon, New Hampshire for



thermal desorption treatment/recycling. Prior to off-Site disposal, samples will be collected from the stockpiled soil and analyzed based on the frequency and the parameters required by the selected disposal facility.

Copies of all manifest(s) and Bills of Lading (BOLs) documenting the off-Site disposal of these materials will be included in the *Short Term Response Action Closure Report*.

4.4 IMPORT SAMPLING

Samples representative of any imported soil material (collected as composite samples from the source) will be tested for the analyte groups described below. Granular fill and crushed stone aggregate material is expected to be imported to the Site as part of the *STRAP* activities.

Analyte	EPA Test Method
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	8100M
Volatile Organic Compounds	8260
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	8270
Priority Pollutant Metals (PP-13)	6010 & 7471A

The frequency of sampling and testing will be:

- Full suite of analysis for up to 2,000 cubic yards, with an additional full suite for each subsequent 2,000 cubic yards of material; and
- Arsenic each 500 cubic yards of material.

All imported fill, with the exception of quarry run aggregate materials (i.e., riprap, washed crushed stone) will be sampled prior to delivery and placement, regardless of the source of the material. Prior to the import of quarry run aggregate materials (crushed stone, riprap, etc.) to the Site, the contractor performing the work will be required to provide a certification from the source that the aggregate is from a clean virgin source.

Laboratory samples will be analyzed and compared to RIDEM Method 1 Residential Direct Exposure Criteria (R-DEC). Soils not meeting these criteria will be rejected for use at the Site. The laboratory testing results of the approved soil source(s) will be provided to RIDEM as part of the *Short Term Response Action Closure Report*.

4.5 DEWATERING AND GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT

We do not anticipate that significant excavation dewatering will be required during performance of this work. Any necessary dewatering will likely be conducted during the installation of new subsurface utilities. We currently anticipate that any resulting groundwater will be containerized into fractionation tanks and disposed off-Site at a licensed disposal/recycling facility approved by National Grid. Copies of all manifest(s) and Bills of Lading (BOLs) documenting the off-Site disposal will be included in the *Short Term Response Action Closure Report*.

4.5.1 Contingency Item – Groundwater Treatment and Discharge

In the unlikely event significant dewatering is required to facilitate construction of the engineered cap, stormwater management system and/or new subsurface utilities, we propose management, treatment and on-Site discharge consistent with a Temporary Groundwater Discharge Approval issued by RIDEM's Office of Waste Management under Rule 13 of the October 2014 Rules for the Discharge of Non-Sanitary Wastewater and Other Fluid to or Below the Ground



Surface. Information related to proposed dewatering, groundwater treatment, and discharge is included in Appendix D, Dewatering and Groundwater Summary Information.

As presented on Figure D-1 in Appendix D, *Dewatering and Groundwater Management Summary Plan*, groundwater removed from the excavations for the purpose of dewatering will be collected and transferred to fractionation tanks. The collected groundwater will be processed through an on-Site treatment system consisting of bag filtration for solids removal followed by activated carbon to remove organic compounds. This treatment system will be similar to the previous treatment systems that have been approved by RIDEM at the Site. It is anticipated that a limited volume of water will be generated and managed/treated in batches (i.e., per fractionation tank or approximately 20,000 gallons). Continuous management, treatment and discharge of groundwater is not anticipated. Figure D-2 in Appendix D, *Process Flow Diagram* shows the treatment components. Based on previous experience at the Site, depths of the planned excavations, and groundwater depths in this area, the system will be designed for a flowrate of up to approximately 100 gallons per minute (gpm). As such, an influent and effluent sample will be collected for analysis on the first day of operation of the treatment system and then one effluent sample per 20,000 gallons of groundwater treated will be collected for analysis (equivalent to one fractionation tank volume). Samples will be submitted for analysis of PCBs via EPA Method 8082A, TPH via EPA Method 8100M, PP13 Metals, VOCs via EPA Method 8260B and SVOCs via EPA Method 8270D. Once processed through the treatment system, which will be assembled and tested on-Site, the treated groundwater will be reintroduced to the ground surface and allowed to infiltrate upgradient of the work area. The proposed infiltration location is shown on the attached Figure D-1. Groundwater will be infiltrated in a non-erosive manner by constructing an infiltration basin using geotextile fabric and haybales or equivalent (see Appendix D for detail).

4.6 AIR EMISSION EVALUATION

Implementation of this *STRAP* will involve earthwork activities that requires certain impacted material excavation, re-grading, management, and temporary stockpiling. GZA performed an evaluation of the potential volatile emissions including a determination related to the applicability of the RIDEM Air Pollution Control Permits (APC) (Regulation No. 9).

The applicability of Regulation No. 9 was evaluated based on potential volatile emissions calculations/modeling performed consistent with published United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance. This emissions modeling was developed for the specific earthwork activities to be performed during this effort. As described further herein and in Appendix E, the results of this modeling indicate that *STRAP* activities **do not** have the potential to increase emissions by greater than the minimum quantities specified in Appendix A of RIDEM APC Regulation No. 9, and, therefore, a minor source permit is not required for this activity.

4.6.1 Emissions Potentials

The emissions potential of a particular analyte was calculated by assuming all of the mass of the analyte volatilizes during the associated earthwork activities. This would represent the maximum amount of mass of the specific analyte in the volume of soil being excavated and managed on-Site. It is based on analyte concentration, soil volume disturbed, and typical bulk density. The predicted modeled emissions, described in the subsequent section, are generally lower than these calculated emissions potentials.

Excavation activities will consist of grading and off-Site disposal of excess materials, installation of retaining structures, installation of new utilities (new water line, new drain line and new underground electrical conduit), installation of an engineered cap, and restoration activities (fencing). It is anticipated that these activities will involve management of



approximately 3,865 CY of soil.³ To evaluate the excavation emissions potentials and modeled excavation emissions, GZA used data collected in the vicinity and at the depths of expected excavation associated with the STRAP work. The data used in the evaluation consisted of 51 soil samples collected by others (as presented in reports submitted to RIDEM) between 1994 and 2000. The data is presented in Table E-1 (in Appendix E). The calculations only utilized soil samples collected and at depths from within areas with planned grade cuts (excavations). Exploration locations in the STRAP Area are presented on Figure 3, *Existing Exploration Location Plan*.

Using both the average and maximum concentrations for the potential calculation, GZA conservatively calculated the total emissions potential (in pounds (lbs)) for all the detected VOCs with minimum quantities included in Appendix A of RIDEM’s APC Regulation No. 9. This calculation assumes all the mass of the VOCs in the associated soil is emitted, providing conservative upper bounds to potential excavation emissions. As indicated in Table E-2 (in Appendix E), naphthalene has an excavation emissions potential exceeding the RIDEM annual minimum quantities (3 lbs/year) based on both the average and maximum measured concentrations. Based on these calculations, naphthalene was further evaluated using emissions modeling consistent with published EPA guidance to estimate the predicted emissions that would be generated during the planned STRAP implementation activities.

4.6.2 Emissions Modeling

Based on the results of the emissions potentials calculations described above for the earthwork activities, predicted emissions related to naphthalene were calculated based on modeling. The predicted emissions modeling used the average concentration of naphthalene that was detected. Appendix E describes these emission modeling calculations, which were based on the following EPA guidance document:

- Eklund, et al. 1997. Air Emissions from the Treatment of Soils Contaminated with Petroleum Fuels and Other Substances. Prepared for U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Air and Radiation and Office of Research and Development Washington, D.C. EPA-600/R-97-116. October.

The modeling results for the excavation activity are presented in Table E-3 (in Appendix E). GZA assumed that one re-handling event would occur for each of the earthwork activities when the excavated soil was loaded from stockpiles to trucks for subgrade backfilling on-Site or for disposal. Furthermore, GZA assumed that the bulk of the soil excavation activities would be conducted during the calendar year 2016.

Table E-3 (in Appendix E) and the following presents a summary of the modeled predicted total excavation emissions for naphthalene (expressed in pounds) compared to RIDEM’s Minimum Quantities (expressed in pounds/year) published in Regulation No. 9, Appendix A.

Analyte	Total Modeled Excavation Emissions (lbs)	RIDEM Annual Minimum Quantity (lbs)
Naphthalene	0.003	3

4.6.3 Estimated Emissions Modeling Conclusions

RIDEM issued a STRAP Approval Letter on May 18, 2016 for the Holder 18/21 Capping Project at the Site. The Holder 18/21 Capping Project is expected to begin construction in mid-July 2016 and will likely be complete by the end of September 2016. The following emissions are expected to be generated as part of the Holder 18/21 Capping Project:

³ The new dike access road project was designed by Kiewit Engineering and Design Co. Kiewit Engineering and Design Co. estimated that volume of excavation and the expected depths of excavation.



Analyte	Total Modeled Excavation Emissions (lbs)	RIDEM Annual Minimum Quantity (lbs)
Benzene	4.47	10
Naphthalene	0.94	3
Toluene	8.68	9,000
Total Xylenes	4.17	3,000

Therefore, total emissions expected to be generated at the Site during the calendar year 2016 are:

Analyte	Cumulative Modeled Excavation Emissions (lbs) - 2016	RIDEM Annual Minimum Quantity (lbs)
Benzene	4.47	10
Naphthalene	0.943	3
Toluene	8.68	9,000
Total Xylenes	4.17	3,000

The results of this predictive modeling indicate that the Access Road STRAP earthwork activities do **not** have the potential to increase cumulative emissions for calendar year 2016 by greater than the minimum quantities as specified in Appendix A of RIDEM APC Regulation No. 9, and, therefore, a minor source permit is not required for the Access Road STRAP implementation work.

4.7 MONITORING WELLS

All the wells that are currently located in the LOW (RCA-29, RCA-33, RCA-38, VHB-13, ESS RW-1 and ESS RW-2) will be decommissioned to implement the STRAP. Each well will be decommissioned in accordance with Appendix 1 of RIDEM's June 2010 Groundwater Quality Rules. If possible, the PVC riser and screen sections shall be removed and the borehole will be filled with grout. If the PVC riser and screen sections cannot be removed, the PVC riser and screen segments shall be cut off at least 4 feet below the ground surface and the monitoring well will be decommissioned utilizing grout with the tremie method. A GZA field engineer will be on the Site to record well decommissioning activities and a decommissioning log will be prepared for each location. Upon completion of the well decommissioning, a summary letter detailing the well decommissioning effort performed will be submitted to RIDEM and copies of all well decommissioning logs will be included in the *Short Term Response Action Closure Report*.

After the New Access Road project and other facility projects are completed at the Site (currently anticipated to be in 2020, however, the construction window may extend further than the anticipated schedule), select monitoring wells will be replaced/installed and the proposed post-development groundwater monitoring program will be implemented. We currently anticipate that one monitoring well will be replaced (RCA-29R) and two (2) new monitoring wells (GZ-500S and GZ-500D) will be installed at the locations shown on Figure 4, *Proposed Conditions Plan*.

4.8 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

During implementation, the following Best Management Practices (BMPs) will be employed by the Contractor.

- Dust Control – Dust control measures will be employed to mitigate the potential for release of airborne particulate matter beyond the limits of the Site in accordance with RIDEM *Air Pollution Control Regulation No. 5, Fugitive Dust*. Methods of dust control will consist of sprinkling the ground surface with water, covering of temporary stockpiles, mulching, or similar methods. On-Site and perimeter dust monitoring will be performed during all construction activities. This monitoring will include both visible observations as well as measurements of particulate dust using field



instruments. If excessive dust generation occurs and cannot be reasonably controlled, the job shall be shut down until appropriate engineering control measures are implemented by the Contractor.

- **Odor and Organic Vapor Control** – Odor and organic vapor control measures will be employed to mitigate the potential for release of odors and organic vapors from the STRAP activities. Methods of control will consist of backfilling excavations, covering stockpiles or excavations with 6-mil polyethylene sheeting or similar methods. On-Site and perimeter total volatile organic compound (TVOCs) monitoring will be performed during all earthwork activities. This monitoring will include both any observations of odors as well as measurements of TVOCs using field instruments. If excessive odors or TVOCs readings occur and cannot be reasonably controlled, the job shall be shut down until appropriate additional engineering control measures (i.e., odor suppressant foam) are implemented by the Contractor.
- **Sedimentation and Erosion Controls** – Prior to the commencement of any Site work, staked filtrex siltsoxx, erosion control netting and silt sacks (or other National Grid Environmental-approved equal) will be installed by the Contractor to mitigate the potential migration of Site contaminants with stormwater run-off. The approximate layout of these sedimentation and erosion control devices is shown on Figure 5, *Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan*.
- **Stockpile Management** – Prior to any major earthwork, the Contractor shall construct a central stockpile area that is underlain with at least two layers of 6-mil polyethylene sheeting (or other National Grid Environmental approved equal). To the extent possible during the work day, all impacted excavated materials will be temporarily staged on two layers of minimum 6-mil polyethylene sheeting in working stockpiles. At the end of each work day and to the extent practical during the workdays, working stockpiles will be relocated to a central stockpile area. By the end of the work day, all working stockpiles and the central stockpile area must be covered with a layer of polyethylene sheeting to control the generation of wind-blown dusts and potential migration of soils with stormwater runoff. All stockpile areas (including the central stockpile area) will be equipped with appropriate controls to limit the loss of the cover and protect against storm water erosion. These controls will include the installation of filtrex siltsoxx (or other National Grid Environmental approved equal) surrounding the perimeter of the stockpiles and weighting the polyethylene cover with sand bags or concrete blocks. Stockpiles will be inspected daily by Site personnel. The Contractor may be allowed to stockpile impacted material directly on the subgrade surface at the discretion of National Grid Environmental, depending on the levels of impacts observed in the soil material (i.e. no NAPL impacted soil material) and/or level of groundwater saturation. Impacted soil material will not be allowed to be stockpiled directly on an already capped area.

4.9 REPORTING

Subsequent to completion of the activities described herein, a *Short Term Response Action Closure Report* will be prepared in accordance with Rule 6.09 of the Remediation Regulations and submitted to RIDEM. The report will summarize field activities and document the completion of the work described herein.

5.0 **OTHER PERMITS**

All necessary permits will be obtained prior to the start of work. We currently anticipate that a RIDEM Water Quality Certification (WQC), a Coastal Resource Management Council (CRMC) Assent, City of Providence Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Permit and a Rhode Island Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program (RIPDES) Construction General Permit will be required for the work, as described below:

- The work includes the engineered capping of approximately 39,000 SF and creating approximately 16,000 SF of impervious area. A stormwater management system was designed in accordance with the Rhode Island *Stormwater*



Manual, last revised March 2015 and the RIDEM Water Quality Rules, last revised December 2009. A WQC will be submitted to the CRMC and the RIDEM Office of Water Resources for review and approval. The soil erosion and sedimentation plan prepared as part of this WQC submittal will be submitted to the City of Providence and RIPDES for their review and approval as well.

- As this work will be completed within 200 feet of a coastal feature, a Category A Assent application will be submitted to CRMC for review and approval. This application will be integrated with the WQC submittal to allow for streamlined review by the regulatory agencies.

6.0 PROPOSED SCHEDULE

The schedule for implementation of the remedy described herein will depend on receipt of the *STRAP* Approval from RIDEM and receipt of other necessary permits. The current plan is to perform the work described herein beginning in late July 2016. We anticipate the implementation of the *STRAP* activities described herein will be completed in six months, by early 2017. We anticipate that the majority of the excavation activities will be complete by the end of 2016.



TABLES

Table 1A
Analytical Soil Data (Under an Engineered Cap)

New Access Road
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island

	RIDEM GB Leachability Criteria	RIDEM I/C DEC	RIDEM UCL	Units	EPT-4		RCA-29			A1-W131	A1-W132	A1-W133	A1-W134	A1-W135	A1-W136	A1-W137	A1-W138	A1-W139	A1-W140	A1-W141	A1-W142	A1-W143	A1-W144	A1-W145	A1-W146	A1-W147	A1-W148	A1-W149	A1-W150	A1-W151	A1-W152	A1-W153	A1-W154	A1-W155	A1-W156	A1-W158	A1-W159			
					7-8 FT	10-12 FT	14-16 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT
					March 1996	March 1996	March 1996	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																																								
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Acetone	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Benzene	4.3	200	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	0.746	ND	0.157	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.066	ND	ND	ND			
Chloroform	NE	940	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Ethylbenzene	62	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	ND	0.103	ND	0.262	ND	0.093	ND	MO	ND	0.069	ND	0.077	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.401	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Isopropylbenzene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	0.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Methylene Chloride	NE	760	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Naphthalene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	0.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
n-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
n-Propylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	0.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
sec-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	0.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Toluene	54	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	0.559	ND	0.121	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.068	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Xylenes (Total)	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	0.507	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)																																								
Hydrocarbon Content	2,500	2,500	30,000	mg/kg	2480	2350	671	156	160	891	64	917	ND	864	85	ND	182	ND	172	ND	1400	ND	ND	ND	741	ND	437	63	568	ND	34	147	ND	103	89	ND				
Inorganic Compounds																																								
Total Cyanide	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	0.47	0.62	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	NA	0.53	NA	0.29	4.1	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND				
Antimony	NE	820	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Arsenic	NE	7	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	6.45	10.7	NA	5.71	NA	8.32	NA	4.49	6.09	NA	6.91	NA	4.23	NA	3.16	4.93	NA	3.85	NA	3.96	NA	5.03	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND				
Barium	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Beryllium	NE	1.5	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Cadmium	NE	1,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Chromium	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Copper	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Iron	NE	NE	NE	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Lead	NE	500	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	49.3	57.9	NA	19.2	NA	12	NA	46.8	10.1	NA	8.2	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	NA	10.7	NA	42	NA	17.6	15.2	NA	37.8	NA	NA	NA	ND				
Mercury	NE	610	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Nickel	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Selenium	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Silver	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Zinc	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) and Pesticides																																								
Endosulfan II	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Endrin	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Endrin ketone	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Total PCBs	10	10	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA			
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)																																								
2-Methylnaphthalene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	0.79	ND	3.45	ND	0.641	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.552	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Acenaphthene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	6.2	1.1	NA	ND	ND	ND	2.45	ND	0.537	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.693	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Acenaphthylene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	0.4	ND	2.85	ND	0.748	ND	ND	ND	ND																						

Table 1A
Analytical Soil Data (Under an Engineered Cap)
 New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

	RIDEM GB Leachability Criteria	RIDEM I/C DEC	RIDEM UCL	Units	A1-F52	A1-F53	A1-F54	A1-W164	A1-F55	A1-F56	A1-F57	A1-W157	A1-W169	A1-F58	A1-F59	A1-F60	A1-W170	A1-W171	A1-W172	A1-W173	A1-W174	A1-W175	A1-W176	A1-W177	A1-W178	A1-F61	A1-F62	A1-F63	A1-F64	A1-F65	A1-F66	A1-F67	A1-F68	A1-F69	A1-F70	A1-F71	A1-F72				
					2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	0-2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT
					9/20/99	9/20/99	9/20/99	9/27/99	9/27/99	9/27/99	9/27/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99	10/1/99
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																																									
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Acetone	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Benzene	4.3	200	10,000	mg/kg	ND	ND	0.14	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.062	ND	0.047	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Chloroform	NE	940	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Ethylbenzene	62	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.118	ND	0.056	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Isopropylbenzene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Methylene Chloride	NE	760	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Naphthalene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
n-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
n-Propylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
sec-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Toluene	54	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.068	ND	0.072	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Xylenes (Total)	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.32	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)																																									
Hydrocarbon Content	2,500	2,500	30,000	mg/kg	418	1800	1690	ND	87	105	1770	ND	75	103	83	332	116	140	38	71	ND	72	31	29	ND	72	64	111	41	73	47	79	100	50	38	77	ND	ND			
Inorganic Compounds																																									
Total Cyanide	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	0.54	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	2.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.57	ND	0.69	ND	0.64	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Antimony	NE	820	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Arsenic	NE	7	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	2.71	NA	NA	NA	3.43	7.23	NA	NA	NA	5.22	5.7	4.48	15.3	4.43	4.44	5.2	5.52	5.23	4.73	4.22	5.81	3.77	5.83	4.23	4.65	5.92	4.17	4.62	ND	5.1	5.1			
Barium	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Beryllium	NE	1.5	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Cadmium	NE	1,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Chromium	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Iron	NE	NE	NE	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	NE	500	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	16.3	NA	NA	NA	19.7	52.5	NA	NA	NA	23.2	27.5	17.6	41.3	19.9	31.2	19.5	18.6	14.7	27	34.8	42	30	44.4	36.3	23.3	45.5	44.9	17.9	13.8	10.6	10.6			
Mercury	NE	610	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Nickel	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Selenium	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Silver	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) and Pesticides																																									
Endosulfan II	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Endrin	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Endrin ketone	NE	NE	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total PCBs	10	10	10,000	mg/kg	NA	NA	0.219	ND	ND	0.38	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)																																									
2-Methylnaphthalene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	ND	1.21	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acenaphthene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.389	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthylene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	ND	ND	1.27	ND	ND	0.872	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Anthracene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	ND	3.94	3.06	ND	ND	0.523	1.09	ND	ND	ND	0.677	ND	0.44	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.11	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.566	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	7.8	10,000	mg/kg	1.28	5.78	5.81	ND	0.387	1.24	2.74	ND	1.58	0.589	1.64	1.75	ND	1.93	ND	0.893	ND	1.48	0.38	ND	ND	1.1	3.08	0.453	1.04	0.876	1.18	2.11	0.828	0.51	1.45	ND	ND	ND			
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	0.8	10,000	mg/kg	1.47	5.1	5.98	ND	0.472	1.47	3.23	ND	1.7	0.69	1.72	1.72	ND	1.76	ND	0.835	ND	1.29	0.436	ND	ND																

Table 2A
Summary of Groundwater and NAPL Measurements

New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

Site Area	Well ID	Surveyed Elevations			Well Installation Details							July 2011							August 2011								
		Top of Casing Elevation (Feet)	Top of PVC Elevation (Feet)	Grade Elevation (Feet)	Type of Well	Well Depth Modifier	Date of Installation	Measured Well Depth (feet bgs)	Screened Interval (feet bgs)	Range of LNAPL Observed (feet)	Range of DNAPL Observed (feet)	Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)	Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)
LNG	RCA-29	NS	13.45	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/13/1996	12.95	2 - 12	trace - 0.17	NP	10.87	10.95	-	14.79	2.50	0.08	NP	2.57	trace	11.31	-	14.79	2.14	trace	NP	2.14
LNG	RCA-33	NS	9.67	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/23/1996	11.32	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	7.44	-	13.12	2.23	NP	NP	2.23	-	7.74	-	13.12	1.93	NP	NP	1.93
LNG	RCA-38	NS	9.36	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	5/2/1996	15.65	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	7.86	-	16.8	1.50	NP	NP	1.50	-	8.19	-	16.8	1.17	NP	NP	1.17
LNG	VHB-13	12.88	12.72	13.34	Roadbox	Shallow	1/16/2002	16.56	7 - 17	NP	NP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.47	-	15.90	2.25	NP	NP	2.25
LNG	ESS RW-1	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	6.70	Unknown	trace	NP	-	5.11	-	8.46	NS	NP	NP	NS	-	6.71	-	8.46	NS	NP	NP	NS
LNG	ESS RW-2	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	9.32	Unknown	trace	NP	-	7.62	-	11.07	NS	NP	NP	NS	-	8.24	-	11.07	NS	NP	NP	NS

Notes

Well is located at the LNG Facility
 Elevations are relative to NAVD 1988
 NP - Indicates No Product observed.
 NS - Not Surveyed
 Blanks indicate no measurement collected on that particular day.
 Potentiometric elevations for wells exhibiting LNAPL include 0.85 correction factor.

Table 2A
Summary of Groundwater and NAPL Measurements

New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

Site Area	Well ID	Surveyed Elevations			Well Installation Details					Range of LNAPL Observed (feet)	Range of DNAPL Observed (feet)	February 2012							July 2012								
		Top of Casing Elevation (Feet)	Top of PVC Elevation (Feet)	Grade Elevation (Feet)	Type of Well	Well Depth Modifier	Date of Installation	Measured Well Depth (feet bgs)	Screened Interval (feet bgs)			Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)	Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)
LNG	RCA-29	NS	13.45	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/13/1996	12.95	2 - 12	trace - 0.17	NP	trace	11.73	-	14.79	1.72	trace	NP	1.72	11.50	11.61	-	14.45	1.84	0.11	NP	1.84
LNG	RCA-33	NS	9.67	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/23/1996	11.32	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	8.37	-	13.26	1.30	NP	NP	1.30	-	8.08	-	13.2	1.59	NP	NP	1.59
LNG	RCA-38	NS	9.36	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	5/2/1996	15.65	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	8.78	-	16.64	0.58	NP	NP	0.58	-	8.48	-	16.7	0.88	NP	NP	0.88
LNG	VHB-13	12.88	12.72	13.34	Roadbox	Shallow	1/16/2002	16.56	7 - 17	NP	NP	-	10.73	-	15.86	1.99	NP	NP	1.99	-	10.5	-	15.84	2.22	NP	NP	2.22
LNG	ESS RW-1	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	6.70	Unknown	trace	NP	-	5.41	-	8.6	NS	NP	NP	NS	-	6.59	-	8.46	NS	NP	NP	NS
LNG	ESS RW-2	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	9.32	Unknown	trace	NP	-	8.35	-	11.2	NS	NP	NP	NS	-	8.18	-	11.1	NS	NP	NP	NS

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Table 2A
Summary of Groundwater and NAPL Measurements

New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

Site Area	Well ID	Surveyed Elevations			Well Installation Details					Range of LNAPL Observed (feet)	Range of DNAPL Observed (feet)	February 2013							November 2013								
		Top of Casing Elevation (Feet)	Top of PVC Elevation (Feet)	Grade Elevation (Feet)	Type of Well	Well Depth Modifier	Date of Installation	Measured Well Depth (feet bgs)	Screened Interval (feet bgs)			Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)	Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)
LNG	RCA-29	NS	13.45	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/13/1996	12.95	2 - 12	trace - 0.17	NP	trace	11.98	-	14.45	1.47	trace	NP	1.47	-	11.79	-	14.35	1.66	NP	NP	1.66
LNG	RCA-33	NS	9.67	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/23/1996	11.32	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	8.51	-	13.3	1.16	NP	NP	1.16	-	8.11	-	13.2	1.56	NP	NP	1.56
LNG	RCA-38	NS	9.36	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	5/2/1996	15.65	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	9.05	-	16.7	0.31	NP	NP	0.31	-	9.25	-	16.5	0.11	NP	NP	0.11
LNG	VHB-13	12.88	12.72	13.34	Roadbox	Shallow	1/16/2002	16.56	7 - 17	NP	NP	-	10.71	-	15.85	2.01	NP	NP	2.01	-	10.9	-	15.86	1.82	NP	NP	1.82
LNG	ESS RW-1	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	6.70	Unknown	trace	NP	-	5.27	-	8.55	NS	NP	NP	NS	-	7.35	-	8.45	NS	NP	NP	NS
LNG	ESS RW-2	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	9.32	Unknown	trace	NP	-	8.39	-	11.2	NS	NP	NP	NS	-	8.68	-	11.1	NS	NP	NP	NS

Notes

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 Potentiometric elevations for wells exhibiting LNAPL include 0.85 correction factor.

Table 2A
Summary of Groundwater and NAPL Measurements

New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

Site Area	Well ID	Surveyed Elevations			Well Installation Details							June 2014								October 2014							
		Top of Casing Elevation (Feet)	Top of PVC Elevation (Feet)	Grade Elevation (Feet)	Type of Well	Well Depth Modifier	Date of Installation	Measured Well Depth (feet bgs)	Screened Interval (feet bgs)	Range of LNAPL Observed (feet)	Range of DNAPL Observed (feet)	Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)	Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)
LNG	RCA-29	NS	13.45	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/13/1996	12.95	2 - 12	trace - 0.17	NP	11.38	11.55	-	14.95	1.90	0.17	NP	2.04	11.68	11.76	-	14.95	1.69	0.08	NP	1.76
LNG	RCA-33	NS	9.67	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/23/1996	11.32	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	7.75	-	13.32	1.92	NP	NP	1.92	-	8.31	-	13.38	1.36	NP	NP	1.36
LNG	RCA-38	NS	9.36	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	5/2/1996	15.65	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	8.7	-	17.65	0.66	NP	NP	0.66	-	9.02	-	16.33	0.34	NP	NP	0.34
LNG	VHB-13	12.88	12.72	13.34	Roadbox	Shallow	1/16/2002	16.56	7 - 17	NP	NP	-	10.45	-	15.95	2.27	NP	NP	2.27	-	10.7	-	15.88	2.02	NP	NP	2.02
LNG	ESS RW-1	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	6.70	Unknown	trace	NP	-	4.94	-	8.7	NS	NP	NP	NS	-	5.4	-	8.82	NS	NP	NP	NS
LNG	ESS RW-2	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	9.32	Unknown	trace	NP	-	7.9	-	11.32	NS	NP	NP	NS	Trace	8.19	-	11.3	NS	Trace	NP	NS

Notes

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Table 2A
Summary of Groundwater and NAPL Measurements

New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

Site Area	Well ID	Surveyed Elevations			Well Installation Details							April 2015							October 2015								
		Top of Casing Elevation (Feet)	Top of PVC Elevation (Feet)	Grade Elevation (Feet)	Type of Well	Well Depth Modifier	Date of Installation	Measured Well Depth (feet bgs)	Screened Interval (feet bgs)	Range of LNAPL Observed (feet)	Range of DNAPL Observed (feet)	Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)	Depth to LNAPL (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)
LNG	RCA-29	NS	13.45	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/13/1996	12.95	2 - 12	trace - 0.17	NP	11.53	11.55	-	14.8	1.90	0.02	NP	1.92	11.43	11.53	-	12.62	1.92	0.10	NP	2.01
LNG	RCA-33	NS	9.67	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/23/1996	11.32	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	10.5	-	15.67	-0.83	NP	NP	-0.83	-	7.76	-	13.49	1.91	NP	NP	1.91
LNG	RCA-38	NS	9.36	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	5/2/1996	15.65	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	8.95	-	16.4	0.41	NP	NP	0.41	-	8.82	-	16.71	0.54	NP	NP	0.54
LNG	VHB-13	12.88	12.72	13.34	Roadbox	Shallow	1/16/2002	16.56	7 - 17	NP	NP	-	10.51	-	15.75	2.21	NP	NP	2.21	-	10.49	-	15.87	2.23	NP	NP	2.23
LNG	ESS RW-1	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	6.70	Unknown	trace	NP	-	4.05	-	8.45	NS	NP	NP	NS	-	5.99	-	8.27	NS	NP	NP	NS
LNG	ESS RW-2	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	9.32	Unknown	trace	NP	-	7.9	-	11.1	NS	NP	NP	NS	-	8.23	-	11.34	NS	NP	NP	NS

Notes

Well is located at the LNG Facility
 Elevations are relative to NAVD 1988
 NP - Indicates No Product observed.
 NS - Not Surveyed
 Blanks indicate no measurement collected on that particular day.
 Potentiometric elevations for wells exhibiting LNAPL include 0.85 correction factor.

Table 2A
Summary of Groundwater and NAPL Measurements

New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

Site Area	Well ID	Surveyed Elevations			Well Installation Details						Range of LNAPL Observed (feet)	Range of DNAPL Observed (feet)	May 2016						
		Top of Casing Elevation (Feet)	Top of PVC Elevation (Feet)	Grade Elevation (Feet)	Type of Well	Well Depth Modifier	Date of Installation	Measured Well Depth (feet bgs)	Screened Interval (feet bgs)	Depth to LNAPL (ft)			Depth to Water (ft)	Depth to DNAPL (ft)	Total Well Depth (ft)	GW Elevation (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	DNAPL Thickness (feet)	Corrected Groundwater Elevation (feet)
LNG	RCA-29	NS	13.45	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/13/1996	12.95	2 - 12	trace - 0.17	NP	11.52	11.53	-	12.31	1.92	0.01	NP	1.93
LNG	RCA-33	NS	9.67	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	2/23/1996	11.32	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	8	-	13.19	1.67	NP	NP	1.67
LNG	RCA-38	NS	9.36	NS	Standpipe	Shallow	5/2/1996	15.65	5 - 15	NP	NP	-	8.95	-	16.5	0.41	NP	NP	0.41
LNG	VHB-13	12.88	12.72	13.34	Roadbox	Shallow	1/16/2002	16.56	7 - 17	NP	NP	-	10.58	-	15.85	2.14	NP	NP	2.14
LNG	ESS RW-1	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	6.70	Unknown	trace	NP	trace	6.07	-	8.44	NS	trace	NP	NS
LNG	ESS RW-2	NS	NS	NS	Recovery Well	Shallow	2002	9.32	Unknown	trace	NP	trace	8.34	-	11.1	NS	trace	NP	NS

Notes

Well is located at the LNG Facility
 Elevations are relative to NAVD 1988
 NP - Indicates No Product observed.
 NS - Not Surveyed
 Blanks indicate no measurement collected on that particular day.
 Potentiometric elevations for wells exhibiting LNAPL include 0.85 correction factor.

Table 2B
Summary of LNAPL Thickness Gauging
 New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

6/22/2016
 GZA File 03.00033554.00

Date	LNAPL Thickness (feet)																					
	11/12/01	09/12/02	Sept 2003	Sept 2005	Mar 2006	June 2006	July 2006	Oct. 2006	Dec 2006	Mar 2008	July 2011	Aug 2011	Feb 2012	July 2012	Feb 2013	Nov 2013	June 2014	October 2014	April 2015	October 2015	May 2016	
	LNG Facility																					
RCA-29	0.33	0.01	0.15	trace	ND	0.36	0.15	0.11	0.15	0.3	0.08	trace	trace	0.11	trace	ND	0.17	0.08	0.02	0.10	0.01	
ESS RW-1	NI	NI	ND	ND	NG	NG	NG	NG	NG	NG	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	trace
ESS RW-2	NI	NI	ND	ND	NG	NG	NG	NG	NG	NG	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	trace	ND	ND	ND	trace

Notes:

Well is located at the LNG Facility

NG - Not Gauged

This table presents LNAPL thickness data for monitoring wells that have exhibited LNAPL thicknesses of at least trace amounts since 2001.

Gray shading indicates NAPL thickness of equal to or more than 0.01 feet

ND - Not Detected

NI - Not Installed Yet

Dest - Destroyed

trace - sheen or less than 0.01 feet

Table 2C
Summary of LNAPL Recovery
 New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

File No. 03.00033554.00
 6/22/2016

Well ID	Date	Start Pumping	Depth to LNAPL (feet)	Depth to Water (feet)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	Estimated Volume Purged (gallons)	Tide Condition
RCA-29	7/19/2012	9:30	11.50	11.61	0.11	<0.1 gal	Mid
	6/20/2014	13:00	11.38	11.55	0.17	<0.1 gal	Mid to High
	10/19/2015	12:00	11.43	11.53	0.1	<0.1 gal	Mid

Notes: Well is located at the LNG Facility
 NR = Not Recovered
 Volume purged was noted as a mixture of LNAPL and groundwater

Table 3
Analytical Groundwater Data
 New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

	RIDEM		Sample ID: Sample Date:	RCA-7		RCA-29		RCA-31		RCA-33			RCA-37			
	GB GW	GB UCL		October 1994	March 1996	March 1996	September 2005	March 1996	March 1996	November 2001	September 2003	September 2005	March 1996	November 2001	September 2003	September 2005
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	0.0348	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzene	0.14	18	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	1.6	16	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Isopropylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	0.017	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Naphthalene	2.67	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	0.002	ND	0.007	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
n-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	0.014	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
n-Propylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	0.029	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
sec-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	0.012	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
tert-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	1.7	21	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylene O	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylene P,M	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes (Total)	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)																
2-Methylnaphthalene	NE	NE	mg/L	0.047	0.023	ND	NA	ND	0.037	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Acenaphthene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	0.024	1.58	NA	ND	0.06	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Anthracene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	1.34	NA	ND	0.023	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Benzo [a] Anthracene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	0.122	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	0.496	NA	ND	0.017	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Fluorene	NE	NE	mg/L	0.01	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2.67	NE	mg/L	0.083	0.018	0.231	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	NE	NE	mg/L	0.01	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	NE	mg/L	0.016	ND	0.761	NA	ND	0.018	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	0.346	NA	ND	0.014	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA
Inorganics																
Total Cyanide	NE	NE	mg/L	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons																
TPH	NE	NE	mg/L	12	4.5	370	NA	ND	10	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA

Notes:

Data is compared to RIDEM GB Groundwater Standards. Shaded results represent numerical exceedances of standards.

Table only indicates the compounds that were detected, other compounds were analyzed for, but not detected.

Table only shows monitoring wells or groundwater samples collected within the Limits of Work.

ND - Not Detected
 NA - Not Analyzed
 NE - Not Established
 GB GW - GB Groundwater Objective
 GB UCL - GB Upper Concentration Limit

Table 3
Analytical Groundwater Data
 New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

	RIDEM		Sample ID:	RCA-38										A18	A39
	GB GW	GB UCL	Sample Date:	March 1996	November 2001	September 2003	September 2005	August 2011	July 2012	November 2013	June 2014	October 2015	May 2016	March 2000	March 2000
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)															
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Acetone	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Benzene	0.14	18	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	1.6	16	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Isopropylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0004	ND	ND	0.0001	0.0001	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2.67	NE	mg/L	0.008	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0006	ND	ND
n-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
n-Propylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
sec-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0005	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
tert-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0002	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Toluene	1.7	21	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylene O	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0001	NA	NA
Xylene P,M	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Xylenes (Total)	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0001	ND	ND
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)															
2-Methylnaphthalene	NE	NE	mg/L	0.019	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthene	NE	NE	mg/L	0.014	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	NE	mg/L	0.035	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene	NE	NE	mg/L	0.019	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo [a] Anthracene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	NE	NE	mg/L	0.037	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2.67	NE	mg/L	0.008	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	NE	mg/L	0.019	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Inorganics															
Total Cyanide	NE	NE	mg/L	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons															
TPH	NE	NE	mg/L	1.7	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Notes:

Data is compared to RIDEM GB Groundwater Standards. Shaded results represent numerical exceedances of standards.

Table only indicates the compounds that were detected, other compounds were analyzed for, but not detected.

Table only shows monitoring wells or groundwater samples collected within the Limits of Work.

- ND - Not Detected
- NA - Not Analyzed
- NE - Not Established
- GB GW - GB Groundwater Objective
- GB UCL - GB Upper Concentration Limit

Table 3
Analytical Groundwater Data
 New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

	RIDEM		Sample ID:	VHB-13									
	GB GW	GB UCL	Sample Date:	June 2002	September 2003	September 2005	March 2008	August 2011	July 2012	November 2013	June 2014	October 2015	May 2016
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)													
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0004
Acetone	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0035	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzene	0.14	18	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0468
Ethylbenzene	1.6	16	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0043
Isopropylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0018
Naphthalene	2.67	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.005
n-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
n-Propylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0009
sec-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
tert-Butylbenzene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	1.7	21	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0003
Xylene O	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0024
Xylene P,M	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0009
Xylenes (Total)	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0032
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)													
2-Methylnaphthalene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo [a] Anthracene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2.67	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	NE	mg/L	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Inorganics													
Total Cyanide	NE	NE	mg/L	0.041	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons													
TPH	NE	NE	mg/L	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Notes:

Data is compared to RIDEM GB Groundwater Standards. Shaded results represent numerical exceedances of standards.

Table only indicates the compounds that were detected, other compounds were analyzed for, but not detected.

Table only shows monitoring wells or groundwater samples collected within the Limits of Work.

- ND - Not Detected
- NA - Not Analyzed
- NE - Not Established
- GB GW - GB Groundwater Objective
- GB UCL - GB Upper Concentration Limit



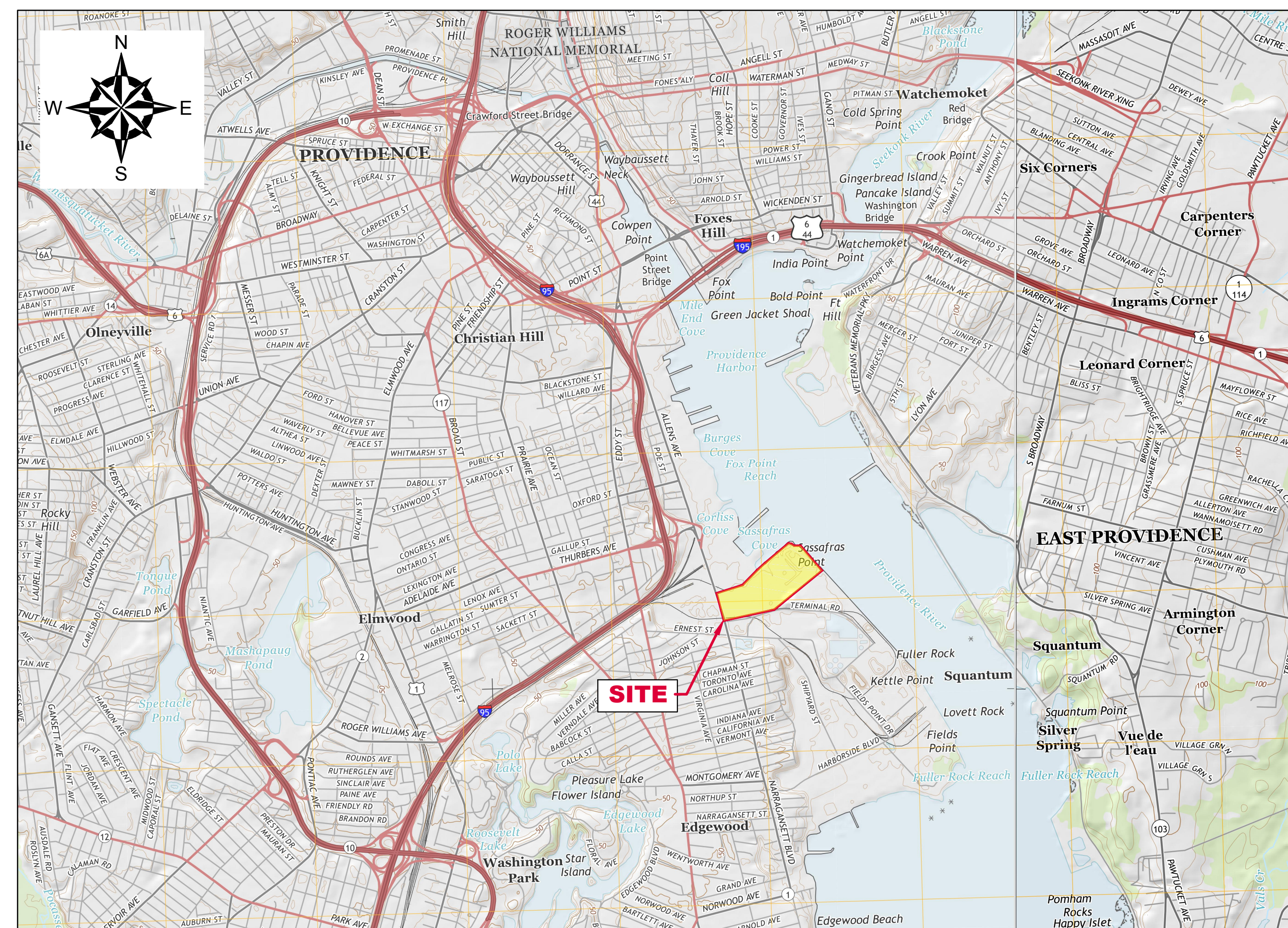
FIGURES

NATIONAL GRID

SHORT TERM RESPONSE ACTION PLAN: DIKE ACCESS ROAD

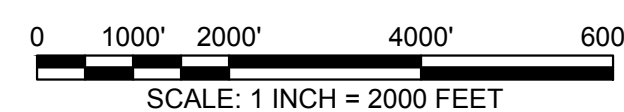
642 ALLENS AVENUE PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

JUNE 2016



PROJECT LOCUS MAP

SOURCE: USGSSTORE.GOV



PREPARED FOR:

nationalgrid

PREPARED BY:



GZA GEOENVIRONMENTAL, INC.
530 BROADWAY
PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND 02909

ACCESS ROAD DESIGNED BY:

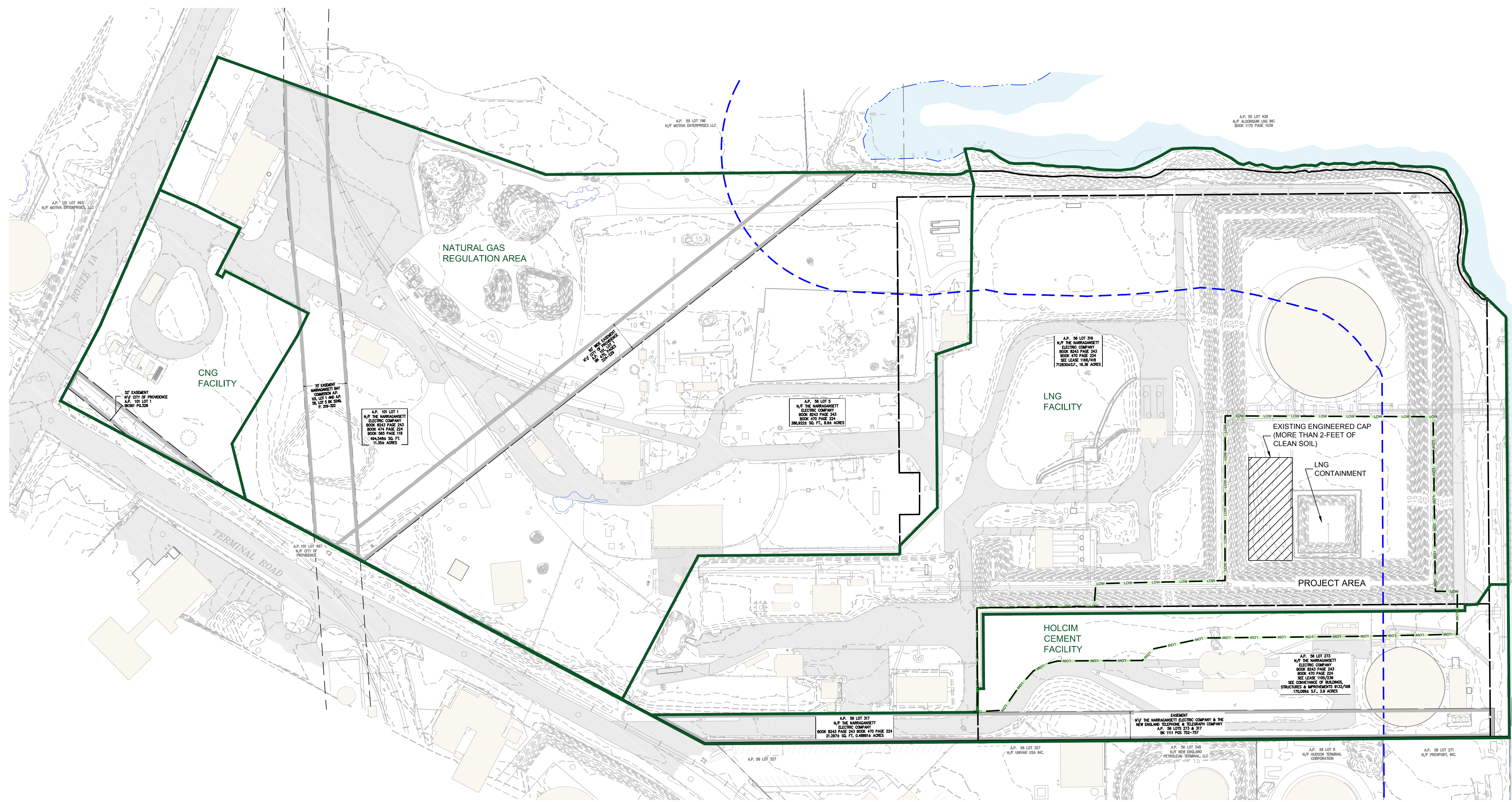
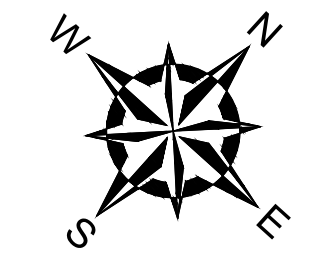
KIEWIT ENGINEERING AND DESIGN CO.
9401 RENNER BOULEVARD
LENEXA, KANSAS 66219

INDEX OF DRAWINGS

Sheet #	Sheet Title
1	TITLE AND LOCUS
2	EXISTING CONDITIONS
3	EXPLORATION LOCATION PLAN
4	PROPOSED CONDITIONS PLAN
5	SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING IS SOLELY FOR USE BY NATIONAL GRID OR THE NATIONAL GRID'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE SPECIFIC PROJECT AND LOCATION IDENTIFIED ON THE DRAWING. THE DRAWING SHALL NOT BE TRANSFERRED, REUSED, COPIED, OR ALTERED IN ANY MANNER FOR USE AT ANY OTHER LOCATION OR FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF GZA AND NATIONAL GRID. ANY TRANSFER, REUSE, OR MODIFICATION TO THE DRAWING BY OTHERS, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN EXPRESS CONSENT OF GZA AND NATIONAL GRID, WILL BE AT THE USER'S SOLE RISK AND WITHOUT ANY RISK OR LIABILITY TO GZA AND NATIONAL GRID.

FOR PERMITTING ONLY



GENERAL NOTES:

- 1) BASE MAP DEVELOPED FROM THE FOLLOWING:
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILE "ACAD-7257PL.DWG" PROVIDED BY YANASSE HANGEN BRUSTLIN (VHB) ENTITLED "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN," PROJECT TITLE "NATIONAL GRID LNG TERMINAL ROAD LNG FACILITY" DATED MARCH 10, 2014, ORIGINAL SCALE 1" = 50', DRAWING NO. SV-1 THROUGH SV-3 AND AERIAL MAPPING BY WSP TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE DATED JANUARY 15, 2014 PREPARED FOR NATIONAL GRID LAND SURVEYING DEPARTMENT, WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS AND CAD FILE NO. 09303023.052-1.DWG. PLANS PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID.
 - DESCRIPTIONS PROVIDED IN THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE DEED BOOK (BK) 470 PAGES 224 - 229, BK 561 PAGES 326 - 328, BK 1111 PAGES 752 - 756 AND BK 5249 PAGES 219 - 322.
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILE 14-152_SU1_REV2.DWG, TITLED "TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY PLAN, PORTION OF A.P. 56 LOT 5" DATED OCTOBER 27, 2014 AND PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID.
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILE 5153_COO.DWG, TITLED "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN" PREPARED BY PROCESS PIPELINE SERVICES, DATED DECEMBER 16, 2014 AND PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID.
- 2) HORIZONTAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAD 1983 FROM BASE MAPPING PROVIDED BY VHB.
- 3) VERTICAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAVD 1988 FROM BASE MAPPING PROVIDED BY VHB.
- 4) ON-SITE SURVEYS BY GZA PERSONNEL DURING VARIOUS SITE VISITS BETWEEN 2011 AND 2016.
- 5) PARCEL DATA PROVIDED BY THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT. PARCELS OF REAL ESTATE ASSESSED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012. GIS DATA ARE FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THESE DATA DO NOT REPRESENT A LEGALLY RECORDED PLAN, DEED, SURVEY OR ENGINEERING SCHEMATIC AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO BE USED AS SUCH.
- 6) SITE BOUNDARIES ARE APPROXIMATE.

LEGEND:

- EXISTING BUILDING
- EXISTING CONTOUR (MAJOR 5 FOOT INTERVAL)
- EXISTING CONTOUR (MINOR 1 FOOT INTERVAL)
- 200 FOOT CRMC SETBACK
- PAVEMENT
- EASEMENT AREA
- PROPERTY LINE
- INTERIOR PROPERTY LINE
- LIMIT OF WORK
- ABUTTING PROPERTY LINE
- EDGE OF WATER
- EXISTING RAILROAD TRACKS
- EXISTING FENCE
- OPERATIONS BOUNDARY
- EXISTING CONCRETE PAD
- UTILITY POLE
- LIGHT POLE
- HYDRANT

THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING IS SOLELY FOR USE BY NATIONAL GRID OR THE NATIONAL GRID'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE SPECIFIC PROJECT AND LOCATION IDENTIFIED ON THE DRAWING. THE DRAWING SHALL NOT BE TRANSFERRED, REUSED, COPIED, OR ALTERED IN ANY MANNER FOR USE AT ANY OTHER LOCATION OR FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF GZA AND NATIONAL GRID. ANY TRANSFER, REUSE, OR MODIFICATION TO THE DRAWING BY OTHERS, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN EXPRESS CONSENT OF GZA AND NATIONAL GRID, WILL BE AT THE USER'S SOLE RISK AND WITHOUT ANY RISK OR LIABILITY TO GZA AND NATIONAL GRID.

SHORT TERM RESPONSE ACTION PLAN: DIKE ACCESS ROAD
642 ALLENS AVENUE
PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

EXISTING CONDITIONS

PREPARED BY: GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists www.gza.com	PREPARED FOR: nationalgrid		
PROJ MGR: MSK	REVIEWED BY: SJH	CHECKED BY: SJH	FIGURE
DESIGNED BY: SJH	DRAWN BY: LDT	SCALE: AS NOTED	2
DATE: JUNE 2016	PROJECT NO.: 33554.60	REVISION NO.: 0	SHEET NO. 2 OF 5

FOR PERMITTING ONLY

EXPLORATION LEGEND:

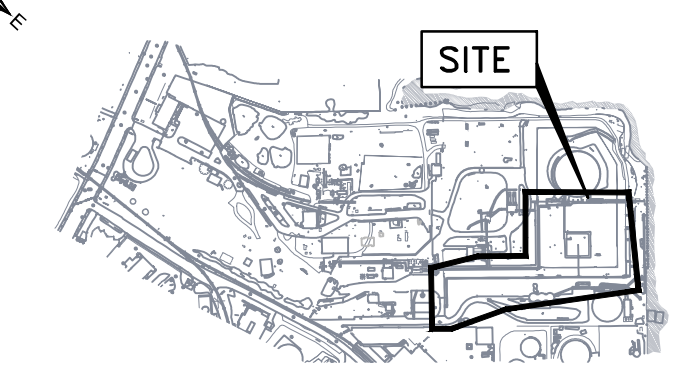
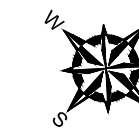
- VHB-7 ENVIRONMENTAL BORING OBSERVED BY VHB IN 2002 AND 2003
- F47 ENVIRONMENTAL BORING OBSERVED BY ESS IN 1999 AND 2000
- RCA-40 ENVIRONMENTAL BORING OBSERVED BY RCA BETWEEN 1994-1996
- ETP-4 ENVIRONMENTAL TEST PITS OBSERVED BY RCA IN 1995 AND 1996
- ESS-RW-1 RECOVERY WELL INSTALLED BY ESS IN 1999 AND 2000
- B-211 GEOTECHNICAL BORING PERFORMED BY GOLDER ASSOCIATES IN 2016
- CPT-3/GZ-6 GEOTECHNICAL BORING OBSERVED BY GZA IN 2004
- SWBL12 GEOTECHNICAL BORING OBSERVED BY SWEC IN 1995
- B-207 GEOTECHNICAL BORING PERFORMED FOR PROVIDENCE GAS COMPANY IN 1973
- B-25 GEOTECHNICAL BORING OBSERVED BY HALEY & ALDRICH IN 1971 AND 1972
- PGC-8 GEOTECHNICAL BORING PERFORMED FOR PROVIDENCE GAS COMPANY IN 1912
- W155 CONFIRMATORY SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION COLLECTED BY ESS IN 1999

LEGEND:

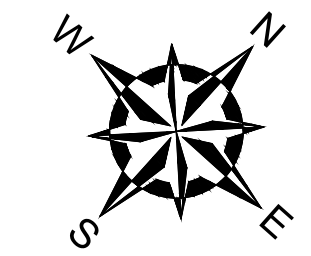
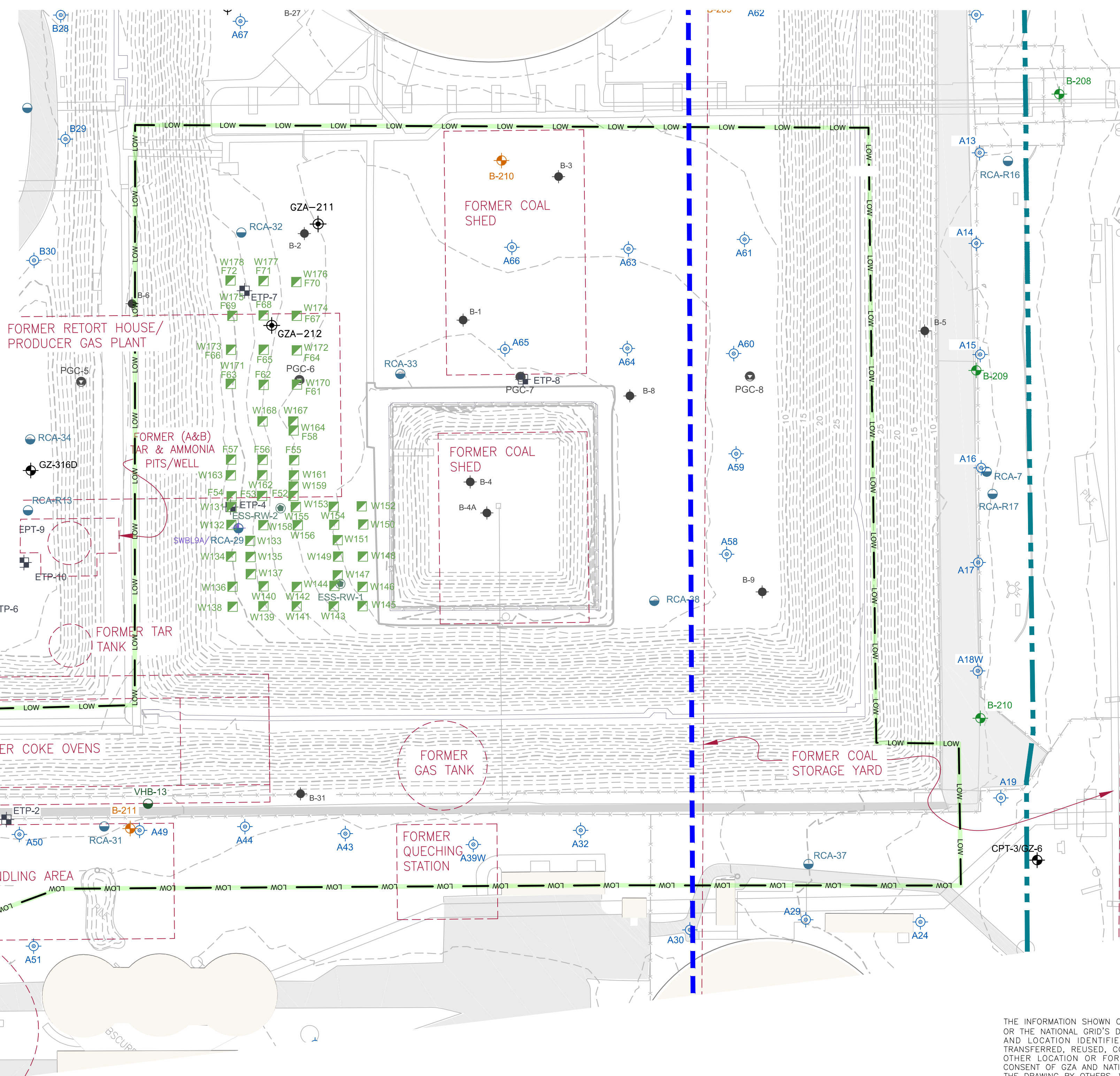
- EXISTING BUILDING
- EXISTING CONTOUR (MAJOR 5 FOOT INTERVAL)
- EXISTING CONTOUR (MINOR 1 FOOT INTERVAL)
- 200 FOOT CRMC SETBACK
- 50-FOOT SETBACK
- EXISTING PAVEMENT
- UTILITY POLE
- LIGHT POLE
- HYDRANT
- PROPERTY LINE
- INTERIOR PROPERTY LINE
- HISTORIC STRUCTURE OR FEATURE

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1) BASE MAP DEVELOPED FROM THE FOLLOWING:
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILE "ACAD-7257PL.DWG" PROVIDED BY VANASSE HANGEN BRUSTLIN (VHB) ENTITLED "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN," PROJECT TITLE "NATIONAL GRID LNG TERMINAL ROAD LNG FACILITY" DATED MARCH 10, 2014, ORIGINAL SCALE 1" = 50', DRAWING NO. SV-1 THROUGH SV-3 AND AERIAL MAPPING BY WSP TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE DATED JANUARY 15, 2014 PREPARED FOR NATIONAL GRID LAND SURVEYING DEPARTMENT, WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS AND CAD FILE NO. 09303023.052-1.DWG. PLANS PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID.
 - DESCRIPTIONS PROVIDED IN THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE DEED BOOK (BK) 470 PAGES 224 - 229, BK 561 PAGES 326 - 328, BK 1111 PAGES 752 - 756 AND BK 5249 PAGES 219 - 322.
- 2) HORIZONTAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAD 1983 FROM BASE MAPPING PROVIDED BY VHB.
- 3) VERTICAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAVD 1988 FROM BASE MAPPING PROVIDED BY VHB.
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- 5) ON-SITE SURVEYS BY GZA PERSONNEL DURING VARIOUS SITE VISITS BETWEEN 2011 AND 2016.
- 6) PARCEL DATA PROVIDED BY THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT. PARCELS OF REAL ESTATE ASSESSED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012. GIS DATA ARE FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THESE DATA DO NOT REPRESENT A LEGALLY RECORDED PLAN, DEED, SURVEY OR ENGINEERING SCHEMATIC AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO BE USED AS SUCH.
- 7) SITE BOUNDARIES ARE APPROXIMATE.



KEY PLAN:
SCALE: 1"=800'



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SHORT TERM RESPONSE ACTION PLAN: DIKE ACCESS ROAD
642 ALLENS AVENUE
PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

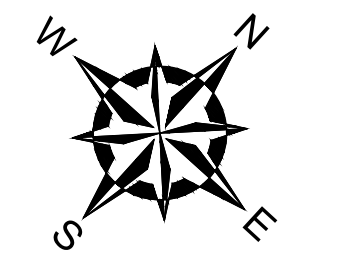
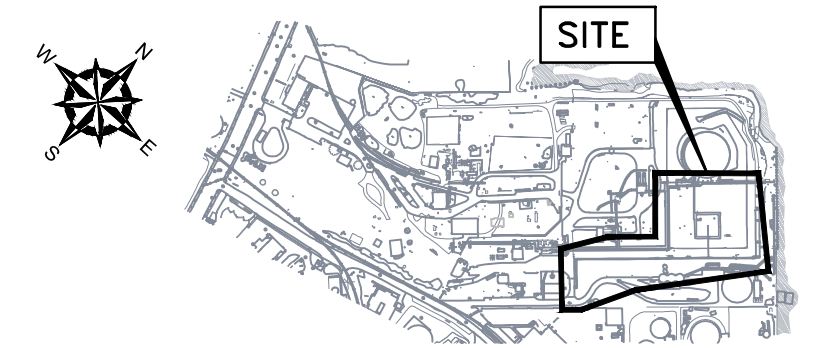
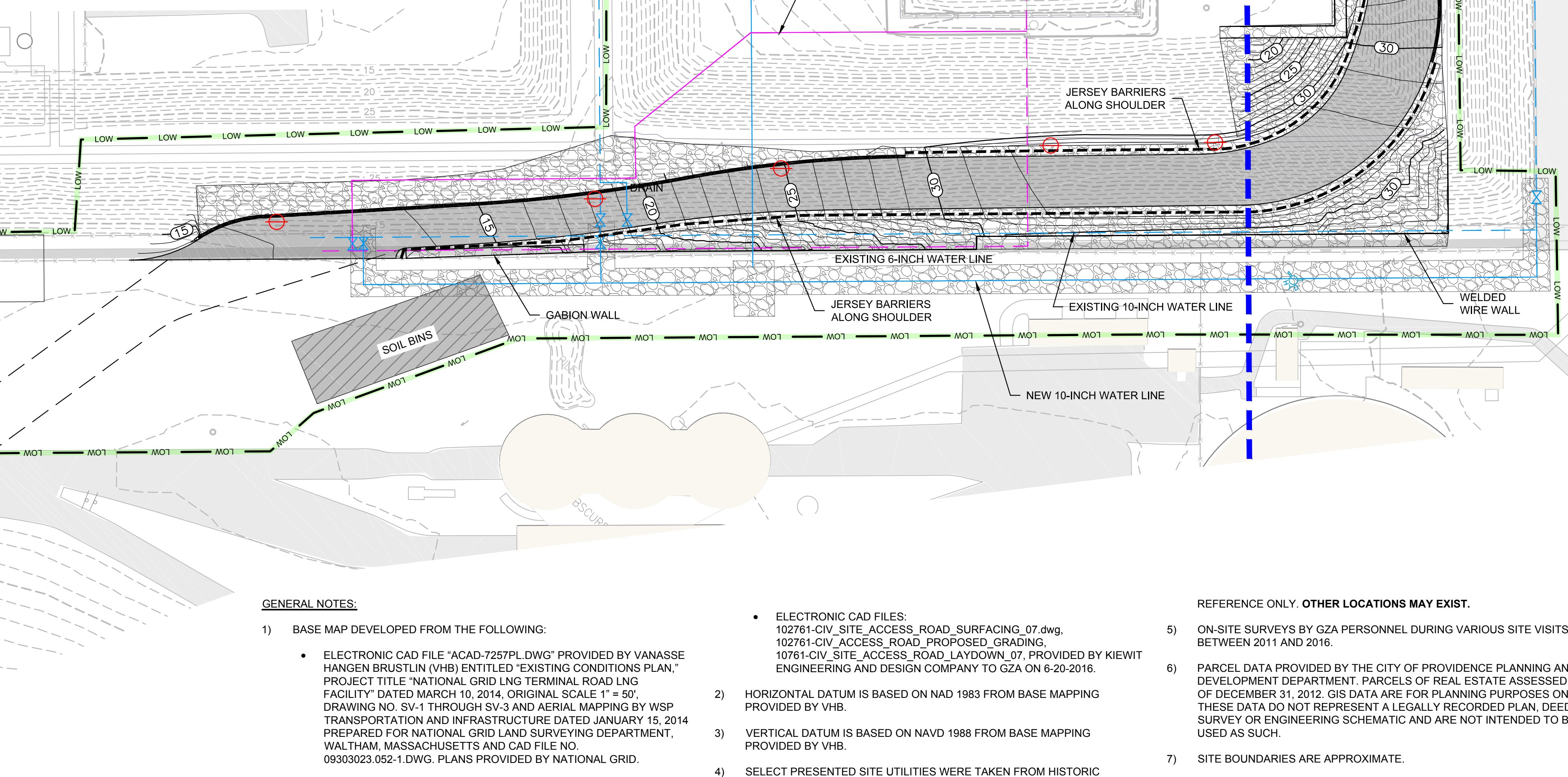
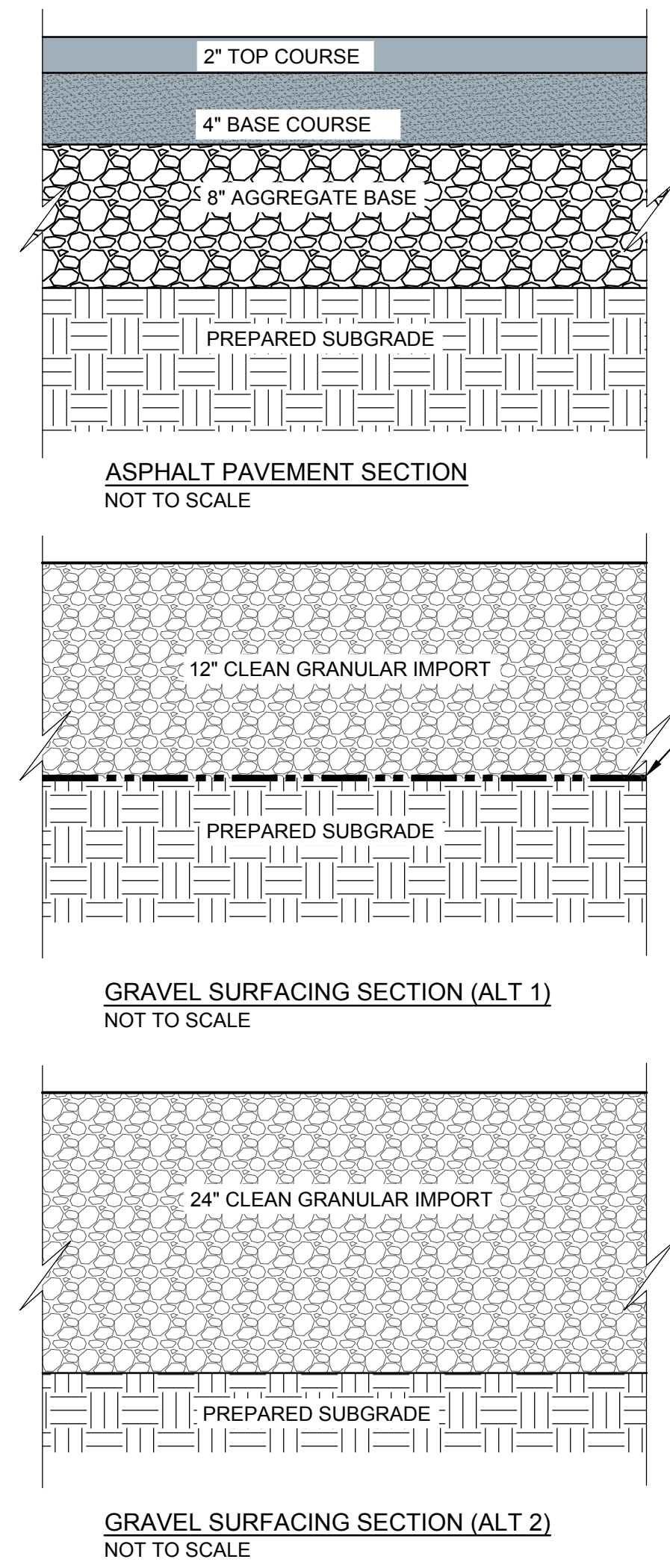
EXPLORATION LOCATION PLAN

PREPARED BY: GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists www.gza.com		PREPARED FOR: nationalgrid	
PROJ MGR: MSK	REVIEWED BY: SJH	CHECKED BY: SJH	FIGURE
DESIGNED BY: SJH	DRAWN BY: LDT	SCALE: AS NOTED	3
DATE: JUNE, 2016	PROJECT NO.: 33554.60	REVISION NO.: 0	SHEET NO. 3 OF 5

FOR PERMITTING ONLY

2016 - GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. GZA - J:\DATA\33554.60\MSK\FIGURES\CAD\DWG\33554_60_P1_DIKE_ACCESS_ROAD_6-22-2016.DWG P1-DIP STRIP - JUNE 29, 2016 10:28 AM LISA THERIAULT

- LEGEND:**
- EXISTING BUILDING
 - EXISTING CONTOUR (MAJOR 5 FOOT INTERVAL)
 - EXISTING CONTOUR (MINOR 1 FOOT INTERVAL)
 - 200-FOOT CRMC SETBACK
 - 50-FOOT SETBACK
 - EXISTING PAVEMENT
 - UTILITY POLE
 - LIGHT POLE
 - HYDRANT
 - PROPOSED CONTOUR (MAJOR 5 FOOT INTERVAL)
 - PROPOSED CONTOUR (MINOR 1 FOOT INTERVAL)
 - PROPOSED PERMANENT PAVEMENT
 - PROPOSED TEMPORARY PAVEMENT
 - GRAVEL ENGINEERED CAP
 - LIMIT OF WORK
 - PROPOSED JERSEY BARRIERS
 - REPLACEMENT MONITORING WELL
 - NEW UTILITY POLE WITH LED FLOODLIGHTS INSTALLED BY OTHERS
 - NEW HYDRANT
 - NEW WATER LINE
 - EXISTING WATER LINE
 - NEW DRAIN LINE
 - EXISTING DRAIN LINE



GENERAL NOTES:

- 1) BASE MAP DEVELOPED FROM THE FOLLOWING:
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILE "ACAD-7257PL.DWG" PROVIDED BY VANASSE HANGEN BRUSTLIN (VHB) ENTITLED "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN, PROJECT TITLE "NATIONAL GRID LNG TERMINAL ROAD LNG FACILITY" DATED MARCH 10, 2014, ORIGINAL SCALE 1" = 50', DRAWING NO. SV-1 THROUGH SV-3 AND AERIAL MAPPING BY WSP TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE DATED JANUARY 15, 2014 PREPARED FOR NATIONAL GRID LAND SURVEYING DEPARTMENT, WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS AND CAD FILE NO. 09303023.052-1.DWG. PLANS PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID.
 - DESCRIPTIONS PROVIDED IN THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE DEED BOOK (BK) 470 PAGES 224 - 229, BK 561 PAGES 326 - 328, BK 1111 PAGES 752 - 756 AND BK 5249 PAGES 219 - 322.
- 2) HORIZONTAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAD 1983 FROM BASE MAPPING PROVIDED BY VHB.
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- 4) SELECT PRESENTED SITE UTILITIES WERE TAKEN FROM HISTORIC FIGURES PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID. ALL UTILITY LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND HAVE BEEN ALIGNED AND ADJUSTED FOR THE "BEST FIT" AND THESE DATA SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ACCURATE ONLY TO THE DEGREE IMPLIED BY THE METHOD USED. UTILITIES ARE SHOWN FOR

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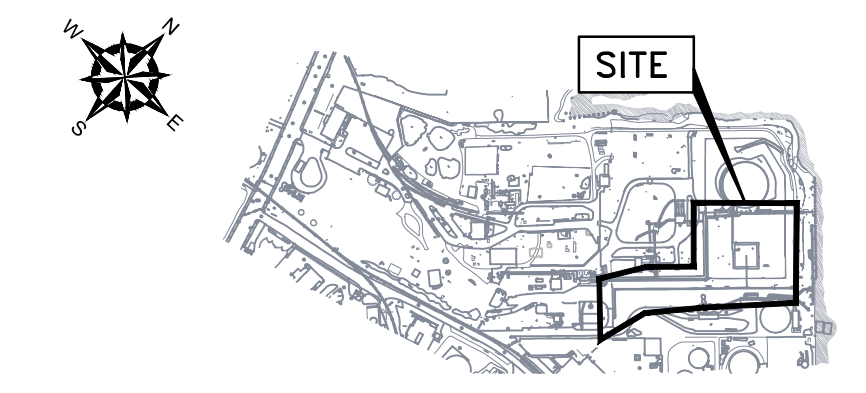
- 5) ON-SITE SURVEYS BY GZA PERSONNEL DURING VARIOUS SITE VISITS BETWEEN 2011 AND 2016.
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- 7) SITE BOUNDARIES ARE APPROXIMATE.

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SHORT TERM RESPONSE ACTION PLAN: DIKE ACCESS ROAD			
642 ALLENS AVENUE PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND			
PROPOSED CONDITIONS PLAN			
PREPARED BY: GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists www.gza.com	PREPARED FOR: 	FIGURE 4	
PROJ MGR: MSK DESIGNED BY: SJH DATE: JUNE, 2016	REVIEWED BY: SJH DRAWN BY: LDT PROJECT NO.: 33554.60	CHECKED BY: SJH SCALE: AS NOTED REVISION NO.: 0	SHEET NO. 4 OF 5

FOR PERMITTING ONLY

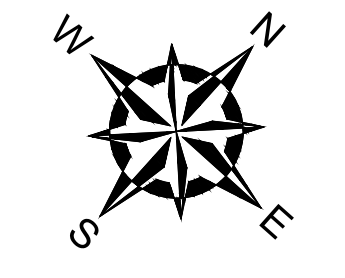
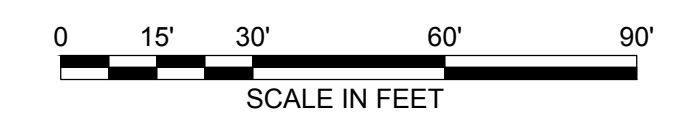
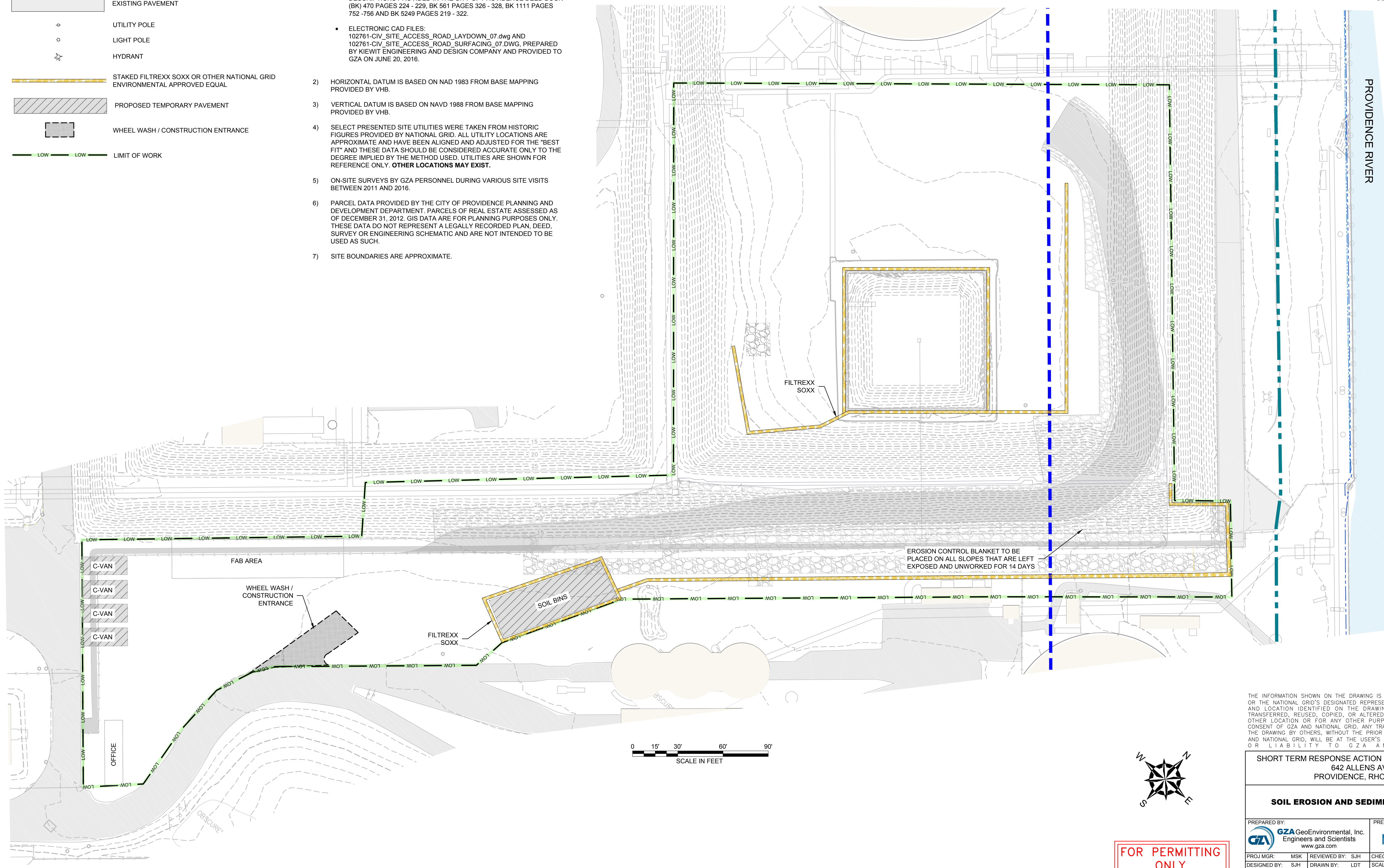
2016 - GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. GZA-VA-DNA-33554.60-MSK-FIGURES-CAD-FIGURE-33554.60-PR-DIKE-ACCESS-ROAD-6-22-2016.DWG 14 PR COND STAMP JUNE 29, 2016 10:30 AM USA THERMALT



KEY PLAN:
SCALE: 1"=800'

- LEGEND:**
- EXISTING BUILDING
 - EXISTING CONTOUR (MAJOR 5 FOOT INTERVAL)
 - EXISTING CONTOUR (MINOR 1 FOOT INTERVAL)
 - 200-FOOT CRMC SETBACK
 - 50-FOOT SETBACK
 - EXISTING PAVEMENT
 - UTILITY POLE
 - LIGHT POLE
 - HYDRANT
 - STAKED FILTREXX SOXX OR OTHER NATIONAL GRID ENVIRONMENTAL APPROVED EQUAL
 - PROPOSED TEMPORARY PAVEMENT
 - WHEEL WASH / CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
 - LIMIT OF WORK

- GENERAL NOTES:**
- 1) BASE MAP DEVELOPED FROM THE FOLLOWING:
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILE "ACAD-7257PL.DWG" PROVIDED BY VANASSE HANGEN BRUSTLIN (VHB) ENTITLED "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN," PROJECT TITLE "NATIONAL GRID LNG TERMINAL ROAD LNG FACILITY" DATED MARCH 10, 2014, ORIGINAL SCALE 1" = 50', DRAWING NO. SV-1 THROUGH SV-3 AND AERIAL MAPPING BY WSP TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE DATED JANUARY 15, 2014 PREPARED FOR NATIONAL GRID LAND SURVEYING DEPARTMENT, WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS AND CAD FILE NO. 09303023.052-1.DWG. PLANS PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID.
 - DESCRIPTIONS PROVIDED IN THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE DEED BOOK (BK) 470 PAGES 224 - 229, BK 561 PAGES 326 - 328, BK 1111 PAGES 752 - 756 AND BK 5249 PAGES 219 - 322.
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILES: 102761-CIV_SITE_ACCESS_ROAD_LAYDOWN_07.DWG AND 102761-CIV_SITE_ACCESS_ROAD_SURFACING_07.DWG, PREPARED BY KIEWIT ENGINEERING AND DESIGN COMPANY AND PROVIDED TO GZA ON JUNE 20, 2016.
 - 2) HORIZONTAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAD 1983 FROM BASE MAPPING PROVIDED BY VHB.
 - 3) VERTICAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAVD 1988 FROM BASE MAPPING PROVIDED BY VHB.
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SHORT TERM RESPONSE ACTION PLAN: DIKE ACCESS ROAD			
642 ALLENS AVENUE PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND			
SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN			
PREPARED BY: GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists www.gza.com		PREPARED FOR: nationalgrid	
PROJ MGR: MSK	REVIEWED BY: SJH	CHECKED BY: SJH	FIGURE
DESIGNED BY: SJH	DRAWN BY: LDT	SCALE: AS NOTED	5
DATE: JUNE, 2016	PROJECT NO.: 33554.60	REVISION NO.: 0	SHEET NO. 5 OF 5

2016 - GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. GZA-VA-DMA-33554.60-MSK-FIGURES-CAD-FIGURES-33554.60-PR-DIKE-ACCESS-ROAD-6-22-2016.DWG P5-EAS STRIP JUNE 29, 2016 10:49 AM USA THERMAL



APPENDIX A

Limitations

LIMITATIONS

1. This Short Term Response Action Plan (STRAP) has been prepared on behalf of and for the exclusive use of The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid (National Grid), solely for use in documenting the work completed as described herein at the 642 Allens Avenue Former MGP ("Site") under the applicable provisions of the State of Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management Rules and Regulations for the Investigation and Remediation of Hazardous Material Releases (Remediation Regulations). This report and the findings contained herein shall not, in whole or in part, be disseminated or conveyed to any other party, nor used by any other party in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc.(GZA) or National Grid.
2. GZA's work was performed in accordance with generally accepted practices of other consultants undertaking similar studies at the same time and in the same geographical area, and GZA observed that degree of care and skill generally exercised by other consultants under similar circumstances and conditions. GZA's findings and conclusions must be considered not as scientific certainties, but rather as our professional opinion concerning the significance of the limited data gathered during the course of the study. No other warranty, express or implied is made. Specifically, GZA does not and cannot represent that the Site contains no hazardous material, oil, or other latent condition beyond that observed by GZA during the work described herein.
3. The observations described in this report were made under the conditions stated therein. The conclusions presented in the report were based upon services performed and observations made by GZA.
4. In the event that National Grid or others authorized to use this report obtain information on environmental or hazardous waste issues at the Site not contained in this report, such information shall be brought to GZA's attention forthwith. GZA will evaluate such information and, on the basis of this evaluation, may modify the conclusions stated in this report.
5. The conclusions and recommendations contained in this report are based in part upon the data obtained from environmental samples obtained from relatively widely spread subsurface explorations. The nature and extent of variations between these explorations may not become evident until further exploration. If variations or other latent conditions then appear evident, it will be necessary to reevaluate the conclusions and recommendations of this report.
6. The generalized soil profile described in the text is intended to convey trends in subsurface conditions. The boundaries between strata are approximate and idealized and have been developed by interpretations of widely spaced explorations and samples; actual soil transitions are probably more gradual. For specific information, refer to the boring logs.
7. In the event this work included the collection of water level data, these readings have been made in the test pits, borings and/or observation wells at times and under conditions stated on the exploration logs. These data have been reviewed and interpretations have been made in the text of this report. However, it must be noted that fluctuations in the level of the groundwater may occur due to variations in rainfall and other factors different from those prevailing at the time measurements were made.

8. The conclusions contained in this report are based in part upon various types of chemical data and are contingent upon their validity. These data have been reviewed and interpretations made in the report. Moreover, it should be noted that variations in the types and concentrations of contaminants and variations in their flow paths may occur due to seasonal water table fluctuations, past disposal practices, the passage of time, and other factors. Should additional chemical data become available in the future, these data should be reviewed by GZA and the conclusions and recommendations presented herein modified accordingly.

\\GZAProv1\Jobs\ENV\33554.60.msk\Work\Access Road Permitting\STRAP\Appendices\Appendix A - Limitations\33554Limitations-Appendix A.docx



APPENDIX B

December 2002 Remedial Action Closure Report

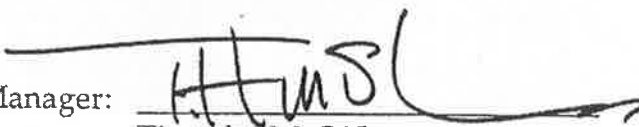
*Former Manufactured Gas Plant
642 Allens Avenue- Area 1*

Providence,
Rhode Island

Prepared for: New England Gas Company

Prepared by: **VHB**/Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.
Providence, Rhode Island

Project Scientist: 
Claude M. Masse

Project Manager: 
Timothy M. O'Connor, P.E.

December 2002

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Executive Summary

On behalf of New England Gas Company (NEGC), a Division of the Southern Union Company, and pursuant to the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) Temporary Remedial Action Permit (TRAP) issued to the former Providence Gas Company by the RIDEM Office of Waste Management on June 1, 1999, Environmental Science Services, Inc. (ESS) supervised remedial actions at a portion of a former manufactured gas plant (FMGP) beginning in June 1999. NEGC has requested Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc. (VHB) develop this Closure Report summarizing the work overseen by ESS. Information regarding the remedial activities conducted by ESS was provided by NEGC to VHB. VHB did not observe any of the activities described herein.

The Site is located at 642 Allens Avenue in Providence, RI. The remedial activities described herein were conducted to address a portion (Area 1) of the Site (the Phase 1 Site). Additional remedial activities were conducted in the remaining portions of the Phase 1 Site by Clean Harbors Environmental Services and VHB. These areas are referenced throughout the project file as Areas 2 and 3 of the Phase 1 Site. ESS oversaw the Area 1 remedial actions and ThermoRetec Construction Corporation (TRCC) was retained to conduct field construction activities related to soil and waste excavation in addition to pipe removal. TRCC was retained from May 1999 to July 2000 and was replaced by Tantara in July 2000.

These activities were of a time-critical nature due to the proposed construction of a vaporizer pad in the southwestern portion of the South Algonquin Liquid Natural Gas (SALNG) Area adjacent to the containment dike. To construct the pad, surface soil had to be excavated and subsurface piping which traverses the area had to be removed. A piping removal plan was developed by TRCC and approved by RIDEM in a letter dated June 21, 1999.

During the Area 1 remedial action subsurface soil was excavated and disposed. The excavations were guided by test pit and soil boring data from previously completed Resource Control Associates, Inc. (RCA) investigations. Remedial soil excavations were also conducted within the SALNG containment dike and consisted of surface and subsurface soil removal that were also guided by previous Site investigation results.

Recovery wells and groundwater flow barriers were installed to aid in the recovery of light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) from the groundwater surface in areas of subsurface soil excavations.

Additional remedial activities consisted of the excavation of some of the contents of Structure 3B (Tar and Ammonia Structure) and the excavation of the surface soil in Area 3. Approximately 50,800 gallons of coal tar was excavated from Structure 3B and shipped to the Norlite Corporation facility in Cohoes, NY for disposal.

A total of approximately 8,746 tons of FMGP-impacted material was excavated, transported and disposed of during remedial activities. Approximately 722 tons was classified as hazardous and approximately 8,024 tons was classified as non-hazardous. According to correspondence from ESS to RIDEM, dated July 19, 2000, surface soil that did not meet the criteria for backfill and subsurface soil that was not classified as hazardous was shipped to Environmental Soil Management, Inc. (ESMI) in Loudon, NH.

Hazardous waste soils were transported to Horizon Environmental Landfill in Grande-Piles, Quebec, Canada. The requirements for the export of hazardous waste, including the Notification of Export to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), were met according to a letter dated July 24, 2000 from the USEPA (EPA Notice No. 435/00).

In addition, approximately 9,782 gallons of water and LNAPL was pumped from excavations utilizing vacuum trucks from Cyn Environmental Services. The water and LNAPL was disposed of at Cyn Environmental Service's Stoughton, MA recycling facility.

1

Introduction

On behalf of New England Gas Company (NEGC), a Division of the Southern Union Company, and pursuant to the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) Temporary Remedial Action Permit (TRAP) issued to the former Providence Gas Company by the RIDEM Office of Waste Management on June 1, 1999, Environmental Science Services, Inc. (ESS) supervised remedial actions at a portion of a former manufactured gas plant (FMGP) beginning in June 1999. NEGC has requested Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc. (VHB) to develop this Closure Report summarizing the work overseen by ESS. Information regarding the remedial activities conducted by ESS was provided by NEGC to VHB. VHB did not observe any of the activities described herein.

These activities were of a time-critical nature due to the proposed construction of a vaporizer pad in the southwestern portion of the South Algonquin Liquid Natural Gas (SALNG) Area adjacent to the containment dike.

For the purposes of this submittal, the work area for these activities is referenced by the term "Area 1 Site." The term "Site" is used to describe the entire FMGP located at 642 Allens Avenue. The main entrance to the Site is on Allens Avenue, on the west side of the property. Refer to Figure 1 for a Site Location Map.

The Site is currently occupied by an NEGC Operations Center, KeySpan Energy (formerly known as Duke Energy and Algonquin Gas), and the St. Lawrence Cement Company.

From 1994 to 2000, the Site was investigated by Resource Control Associates (RCA) of Pawtucket, RI and Environmental Science Services (ESS) of East Providence, RI on behalf of the Providence Gas Company (PGC).

Three areas of the Site were identified for remedial actions. These areas were the South Algonquin Area (Area 1), the Tar and Ammonia Structure (Area 2), and the North Algonquin Area (Area 3). From April to November 2002, Clean Harbors Environmental Services (CHES) of Weymouth, MA provided construction services for the Area 2 and Area 3 remedial actions, VHB conducted the remedial engineering oversight, and ENSR International (ENSR) of Westford, MA provided independent inspection services on behalf of NEGC. These activities were summarized in a report

prepared by VHB, entitled *Remedial Action Closure Report, Former Manufactured Gas Plant, 642 Allens Avenue, Providence, Rhode Island*, and dated November 2002.

Starting in 1999, remedial activities took place in Area 1. In addition, a portion of the contents of Structure 3B in Area 2 and the surficial soils in Area 3 were also excavated as part of these activities. The remedial activities in Area 1 were conducted coincident with improvement construction projects undertaken by the Algonquin Gas Transmission Company and Algonquin LNG, Inc. ESS oversaw the Area 1 remedial actions and ThermoRetec Construction Corporation (TRCC) was retained to conduct field construction activities related to soil and waste excavation in addition to pipe removal. TRCC was retained from May 1999 to July 2000 and was replaced by Tantara in July 2000.

The Area 1 Site is located on the southeastern portion of the property, south of the KeySpan Energy offload area and is adjacent to the KeySpan Energy containment dike. Portions of the remedial excavations were conducted within the dike, in the southwestern corner. Refer to Figure 2 for a depiction of the work areas.

Remedial Actions

In a letter dated June 14, 1999, ESS (on behalf of the former Providence Gas Company) notified RIDEM of its intentions to implement the remedial action as presented in the approved Remedial Action Work Plan (RAWP). At that time, Algonquin was conducting expansion activities that included the construction of a vaporizer pad in the southwestern portion of the SALNG Area adjacent to the dike. To construct the pad, surface soil had to be excavated and subsurface piping which traverses the area had to be removed. The letter also included the piping removal plan that was developed by TRCC and approved by RIDEM in a letter dated June 21, 1999. The piping removal plan is attached as Appendix B.

Surficial soils excavated from Area 1 were either used to construct the Material Handling Area (MHA) (an engineered containment area for the processing and storage of excavated materials), used as subsurface fill (>2 feet below surface grade (BSG)) if the subsurface remedial objectives were met, or was disposed of at a proper facility.

The remedial action consisted of excavation and disposal of impacted material exceeding the RIDEM-approved remedial objectives (ROs) for soil from the ESS RAWP dated December 4, 1998. The ROs were divided into three categories: surface soil objectives (0-2 feet below surface grade (BSG)); subsurface soil objectives (>2 feet BSG) within 100 feet from the shore; and subsurface soil greater than 100 feet from the shore. These ROs were based on the RIDEM Direct exposure criteria (surface soil) and Upper Concentration Limits (UCLs) (subsurface soil) and are presented in Table 1.

Area 1 Excavations

SALNG Area

To facilitate the construction of a vaporizer pad planned by Algonquin, a limited remedial excavation was conducted in Area 1. A trench was excavated to a depth of approximately 7.5 to 9 feet BSG at the east and west limits of the proposed Algonquin construction project. These trenches did not enter the water table and were oriented in a north/south direction. The purpose of the trenching was to identify the number and location of subsurface pipes that traversed under the proposed construction area. A surficial excavation was completed between the trenches and a portion of the excavation

extended into the No Dig Zone and containment dike. This excavation was completed to facilitate the construction of the vaporizer pad.

On June 30, 1999, excavation of the eastern trench exposed an approximately 30-inch cast iron pipe and an approximately 12-inch pipe that were observed to be oriented in an east/west direction (refer to Figure 2). The excavation was advanced to approximately 7.5 to 9 feet BSG and was approximately 13 feet in width. The southern limit of the excavation was defined as the "No Dig Zone" as depicted in the RAWP. A concrete structure was uncovered at a depth of approximately 2.5 feet BSG and limited excavation to the west. This concrete structure was eventually found to be approximately 25 feet in width and extended the entire length of the eastern trench.

Two additional concrete subsurface structures were encountered in the trench and were in an east/west orientation. Both structures were approximately 5 feet wide and were uncovered approximately 2 feet BSG. The northern structure had an approximately 3-foot deep trough running along the center. Sketches of the eastern trench that were developed by ESS personnel are provided in Appendix C.

Based on Site sketches prepared by ESS, the northern portion of the trench (where the two pipes were located) was extended in an easterly direction to the western edge of Structure 10. The 12-inch pipe turned at a 90° angle to the south and the excavation was continued in that direction. The 12-inch pipe continued to the south, under the ten-foot "No Dig Zone" and presumably under the containment dike.

The western trench also appeared to have the pipes and structures and they were similarly oriented as in the eastern trench. The western pipe ends extended beyond the trench, and as such, excavations continued in a westerly direction. The western ends of the pipes were uncovered proximate to the western limits of excavation as presented in the RAWP. Reportedly, the western ends of the pipes were previously cut and sealed with a brick face. While excavating the pipes in a westerly direction, an approximately 12-inch clay pipe was encountered. This pipe was reportedly observed to be filled with a black substance. A sample, identified as "A1-Pipe-2", was collected from the pipe and submitted for laboratory analysis. The laboratory analytical results are presented in Table 2.

A trench was excavated in an east/west orientation to approximately 8 feet BSG to uncover and remove the entire pipe lengths. This excavation connected the northern limits of the western and eastern trenches. It is presumed that the pipe removal was completed per the procedures outlined in the piping removal protocol (see Appendix B). Although there were no descriptions of the conditions of the removed piping, the laboratory analytical results of confirmatory samples collected beneath the pipe runs indicated that there was no release of MGI materials from the pipes.

The area between the east and west trenches, south of the pipe grave excavation, and north of the dike was excavated to approximately 2 feet BSG (refer to Figure 2). The surficial excavation was extended into a portion of the containment dike to facilitate the construction of the vaporizer pad. A cross-sectional diagram of this excavation is included as Appendix D.

The SALNG Area excavation continued in an easterly direction and was guided by data from a test pit previously advanced by RCA. RCA completed a test pit identified as ETP-9 and collected a soil sample from 5 feet BSG. The test pit was completed south of Structure 10 and west of the containment dike. This sample indicated concentrations of several parameters that exceeded the remedial objectives presented in the RAWP. Reportedly, laboratory analytical results indicated TPH concentrations of 163,000 ppm, naphthalene concentrations of 28,700 ppm, phenanthrene concentrations of 20,900 ppm, and fluoranthene concentrations of 11,700 ppm. As such, the RAWP identified this area for subsurface excavation and removal of impacted soils.

The excavation occurred south of Structure 10 (refer to Figure 2) and was advanced 2 feet into the groundwater, where possible. Dewatering and LNAPL recovery was facilitated by the use of a vacuum truck operated by Cyn Environmental, Inc. The "state-regulated waste oily water, Non DOT hazardous Material" was disposed of at the Cyn Oil Corporation facility in Stoughton, MA. The manifests are included in Appendix E. The excavation encountered a subsurface concrete structure at approximately 5 feet BSG. There was also a series of chambers encountered north of the 10-foot No Dig Zone. The area within the chambers was reportedly excavated to 2 feet below the water table.

Two steel pipes extended from beneath the eastern containment dike and were oriented in an east/west direction. The northern pipe was approximately 8-inches in diameter and entered into or beneath the uncovered structure at a 90° angle. The southern pipe was approximately 6 inches in diameter and extended beyond the northern pipe. It continued at an approximately 45° angle and entered into or beneath Structure 10.

SALNG Area Within the Containment Dike

RCA previously completed a boring identified as RCA-29 south of Structure 10 and within the containment dike. Laboratory analytical results from a sample collected from 9 to 10 feet indicated a TPH concentration of 72,900 ppm. As such, the RAWP identified this area for subsurface excavation and removal of impacted soils.

The excavation was conducted within the containment dike, in the southwestern corner. The excavation was bordered to the south and west by the containment dike and to the east by the Surface Water Impoundment (SWI). Based on the Site sketch developed by ESS, the excavation sidewalls were sloped and the excavation was advanced between 2 and 3 feet below the groundwater table. Dewatering and LNAPL recovery was accomplished through the use of a vacuum truck operated by Cyn Environmental. The manifests for transportation of this water are included in Appendix E. Surficial excavations were continued in a northerly direction based on exceedances of surficial soil samples. Based on a review of site sketches, continued excavations were completed until analytical results of samples conformed to the surficial soil ROs.

Structure 3B Excavations

ESS excavated a portion of the contents of Structure 3B as part of the remedial activities conducted in 1999-2000. The material was shipped to the Norlite Corporation facility in Cohoes, NY. Copies of the manifests are attached in Appendix E. According to records maintained by NEGC, approximately 50,800 gallons of coal tar was disposed of at this facility.

Confirmatory Soil Samples

Soil confirmation samples were collected from excavations at approximately 15 linear foot intervals and floor samples were collected from 15-foot square grid segment for excavations that did not extend into the water table. Samples were collected from a depth of 0-2 feet for comparison with the Surface Soil ROs and from greater than 2 feet for comparison with the Subsurface Soil ROs.

ESS collected confirmatory soil samples from approximately 173 locations from the excavation conducted in the SALNG area that consisted of sidewall and floor samples and from approximately 66 locations from the excavation conducted within the containment dike (RCA-29 excavation).

Some locations in the excavations required more than one attempt to obtain soils that did not exceed the ROs. If not attained on the first try, additional soil was excavated at the location prior to collecting another confirmatory sample. Following favorable laboratory analytical results of confirmatory soil samples, the excavation was backfilled with material meeting the ROs. Refer to the figures section for site plans depicting the excavation limits and confirmatory sample points.

Recovery Wells

Recovery wells were installed to aid in the recovery of light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) from the groundwater surface. A letter from ESS to RIDEM dated August 18, 1999 described the relocation of recovery wells due to the presence of concrete subsurface structures in the SALNG Area adjacent to the containment dike. Reportedly, ESS relocated the recovery wells along the edge of Structure 10 and a LNAPL barrier sheet was installed south of the recovery wells. Photographs of the wells and barrier sheets are included in the Photographs section of this report.

Recovery wells were also installed in the SALNG Area within the containment dike. A well was installed in the southeastern corner of the excavation and another recovery well was installed along the edge of Structure 10. LNAPL barrier sheets were installed along the south and east walls of the excavation. The approximate

locations of the recovery wells are depicted in Figure 2. Gaging of these recovery wells on December 30, 2002 did not indicate the presence of any detectable LNAPL.

Laboratory Analysis

Confirmatory Laboratory Analysis

ESS collected confirmatory samples and submitted them to ESS Laboratory, of Cranston, RI for laboratory analysis. Samples were analyzed for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) by gas chromatography equipped with a flame ionization detector (GC/FID), volatile organic compounds (VOCs) via EPA Method 8021, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) via EPA Method 8270, total arsenic and total lead via EPA Method 6010, and total cyanide via EPA Method 9010. Laboratory analytical results are presented below. Copies of the Laboratory Certificates of Analysis are included as Appendix F.

Laboratory Analytical Results from the SALNG Area

This remedial action began with the excavation of two trenches on the eastern and western portions of the proposed work area to identify the number and location of subsurface pipes that traversed under the proposed construction area. The laboratory analytical results of the confirmatory samples collected from the eastern trench are presented in Table 3.

Sidewall samples collected from this excavation were identified as A1-W1 to A1-W16 and floor samples were identified as A1-F1 to A1-F4. As shown in Table 3, there were several sample locations that exceeded the surficial ROs presented in the RAWP. The compounds exceeding ROs consisted of arsenic, benzo (a) pyrene, benzo (b) fluoranthene, and dibenzo (a,h) anthracene. There were no floor samples that exceeded the subsurface ROs. Sidewall surface soil sample points A1-W2, A1-W5, A1-W8, and A1-W11 exceeded the surficial ROs and, according to an ESS memo dated July 14, 1999, the proposed remedy was further excavations to the east.

The laboratory analytical results of the confirmatory samples collected from the western trench are presented in Table 4. As in the eastern trench, the compounds detected generally consisted of arsenic, benzo (a) pyrene, benzo (b) fluoranthene, and dibenzo (a,h) anthracene that exceed surface soil ROs.

Laboratory analytical results of surficial sample A1-W23 indicated concentrations of benzo (a) anthracene, benzo (b) fluoranthene, and dibenzo (a,h) anthracene that were

approximately 6 times the surficial ROs and benzo (a) pyrene that was approximately 43 times the surficial RO. These soils were removed when the surficial soil excavation was conducted east of the trench. Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) were also detected (10.4 ppm) in this sample at a concentration above the RO of 10 ppm. Excavations in this location were conducted deeper until PCB concentrations of confirmatory samples (A1-W62, A1-W63, and A1-W64) were non-detectable. These additional confirmatory samples were only analyzed for PCBs.

For the surficial excavation, confirmatory samples collected from a depth of 0-2 feet could only be collected from the south wall of the excavation. As shown in Table 5, all the surficial confirmatory samples exceeded the RO for benzo (a) pyrene. Two subsurface soil samples (A1-F16 and A1-F24) had PCB concentrations of 10.1 ppm and 11.2 ppm, respectively. The excavation was advanced an additional 2 feet and laboratory analysis of the samples collected at 4 feet BSG indicated that there were no longer PCB exceedances. To accommodate the installation of the vaporizer pad, the excavation was continued into the ten-foot No Dig Zone and approximately 6 feet into the containment dike. Confirmatory soil samples were collected from the southern wall and laboratory analytical results indicated that one of five samples (A1-W130) exceeded the RO for benzo (a) pyrene and TPH.

The laboratory analytical results for the confirmatory soil samples collected from the pipe run excavation, located along the northern portion of the SALNG Area, indicated that there were samples that exceeded the surficial ROs (summarized in Table 6). The compounds that exceeded the ROs consisted of benzo (a) pyrene, benzo (b) fluoranthene, and dibenzo (a,h) anthracene. Sidewall samples collected from the southwestern-most portion of the excavation (south of the pipes and west of the western trench) indicated sample results (A1-W67 and A1-W71) exceeded the ROs for benzo (a) pyrene. Analytical results of the floor samples collected below the pipe runs did not exceed any ROs.

The excavations completed west of Structure 10 were completed as part of the pipe removal and the laboratory analytical results are summarized in Table 7. A surficial sidewall confirmatory sample collected from the north wall indicated concentrations of benzo (a) pyrene in sample A1-W110 that exceeded the ROs. The laboratory analysis of the floor samples collected beneath the pipe runs did not indicate any exceedances of the subsurface ROs.

The excavations completed south of Structure 10 were advanced approximately 2 to 3 feet into the water table, and as such, no floor samples were collected. Due to the presence of concrete structures, there were no surficial confirmatory soil samples collected from the excavation. The analytical results of the subsurface soil samples (summarized in Table 7) did not indicate the presence of compounds that exceed the subsurface ROs.

Laboratory Analytical Results from the SALNG Area within the Containment Dike

This excavation was completed within the containment dike and was bordered to the west and south by the containment dike and to the east by the SWI. Laboratory analytical results of soil samples collected from this excavation are summarized in Table 8. The excavation started in the southwestern portion of the area within the containment dike and was advanced approximately 2 to 3 feet into the water table. Confirmatory samples collected from the excavation did not exceed ROs with the exception of two surficial soil confirmatory samples collected from the northwest corner of the excavation. The excavation of surficial soils only was continued in a northerly direction based on the analytical results of these two samples. Surficial excavations were continued in a northerly direction until confirmatory soil samples did not exceed the surficial soil ROs. There were samples collected from along the western limit of the excavation that indicated surficial exceedances of benzo (a) pyrene, however, these samples were located along the No Dig Zone.

4

Soil Management

A total of approximately 8,746 tons of FMGP-impacted material was excavated, transported and disposed of during remedial activities. Approximately 722 tons was classified as hazardous and approximately 8,024 tons was classified as non-hazardous. According to correspondence from ESS to RIDEM, dated July 19, 2000, surface soil that did not meet the criteria for backfill and subsurface soil that was not classified as hazardous was shipped to Environmental Soil Management, Inc. (ESMI) in Loudon, NH.

Hazardous waste soils were transported to Horizon Environmental Landfill in Grande-Piles, Quebec, Canada. The requirements for the export of hazardous waste, including the Notification of Export to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), were met according to a letter dated July 24, 2000 from the USEPA (EPA Notice No. 435/00).

Copies of manifests and/or Bills of Lading are located in Appendix E.

Site Restoration

Upon completion of soil removal activities, subsurface excavations were backfilled with clean sand and a crushed stone finish. Current site-wide soil caps are depicted in Figure 3.

5

Conclusions

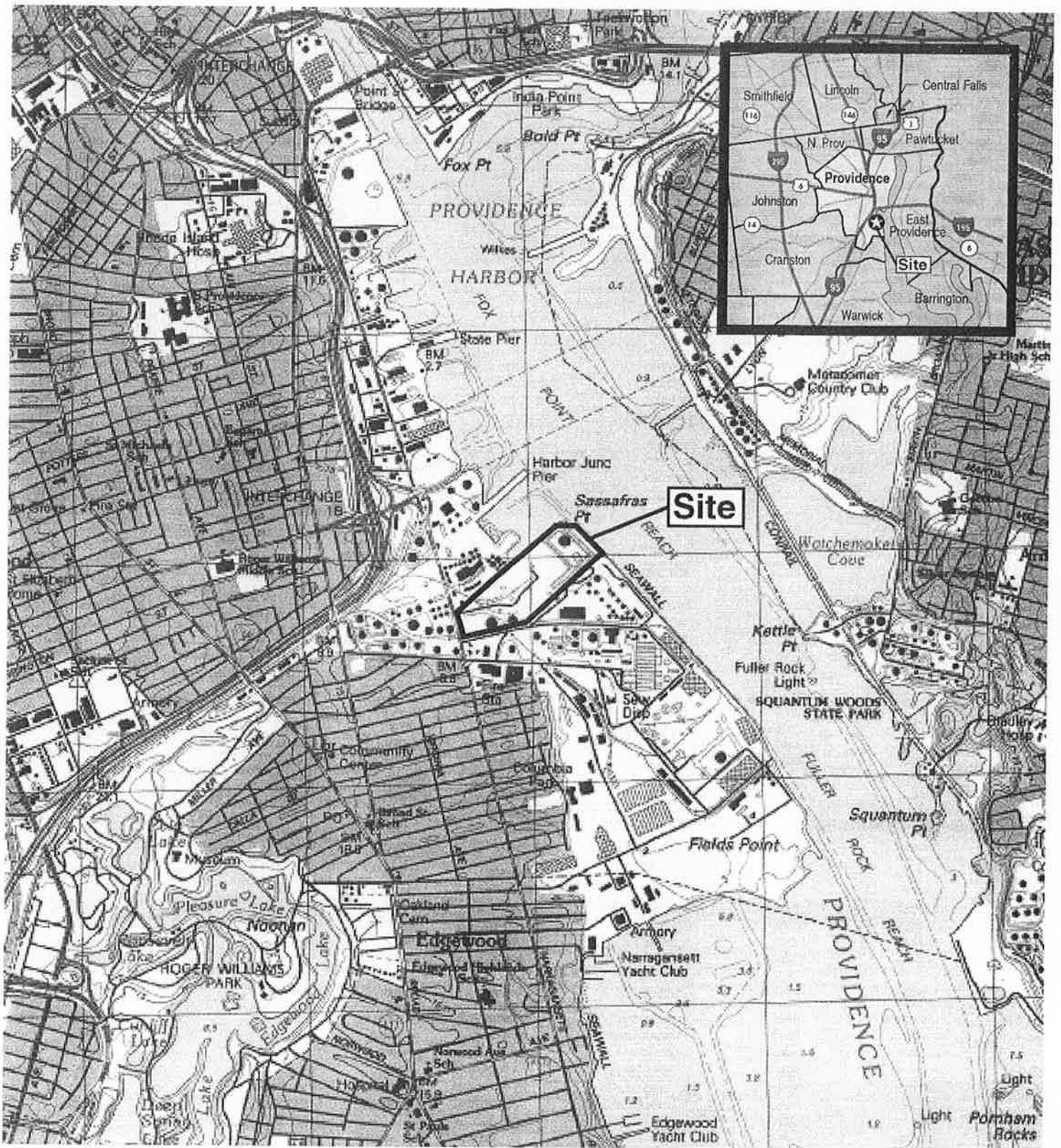
Based on the laboratory analytical results of the confirmatory soil samples, it is VHB's opinion that the FMGP-impacted soil has been remediated as well as Site constraints will allow and therefore, no additional soil remedial actions are necessary in Area 1 at the Site.

During these remedial activities the following has been accomplished:

- Approximately 722 tons of hazardous material and 8,024 tons of non-hazardous material have been excavated and disposed of at licensed facilities;
- All FMGP remnant piping has been either removed or plugged with hydraulic cement;
- Surface and subsurface soils exceeding the ROs were excavated to the extent possible;
- Areas that were excavated were capped with approximately 2 feet of clean material or were covered by structures (vaporizer pad); and
- Groundwater recovery wells have been installed to facilitate the removal of LNAPL.

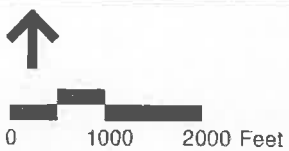


Figures



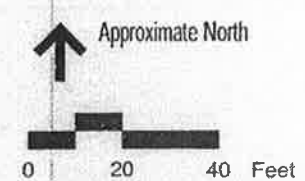
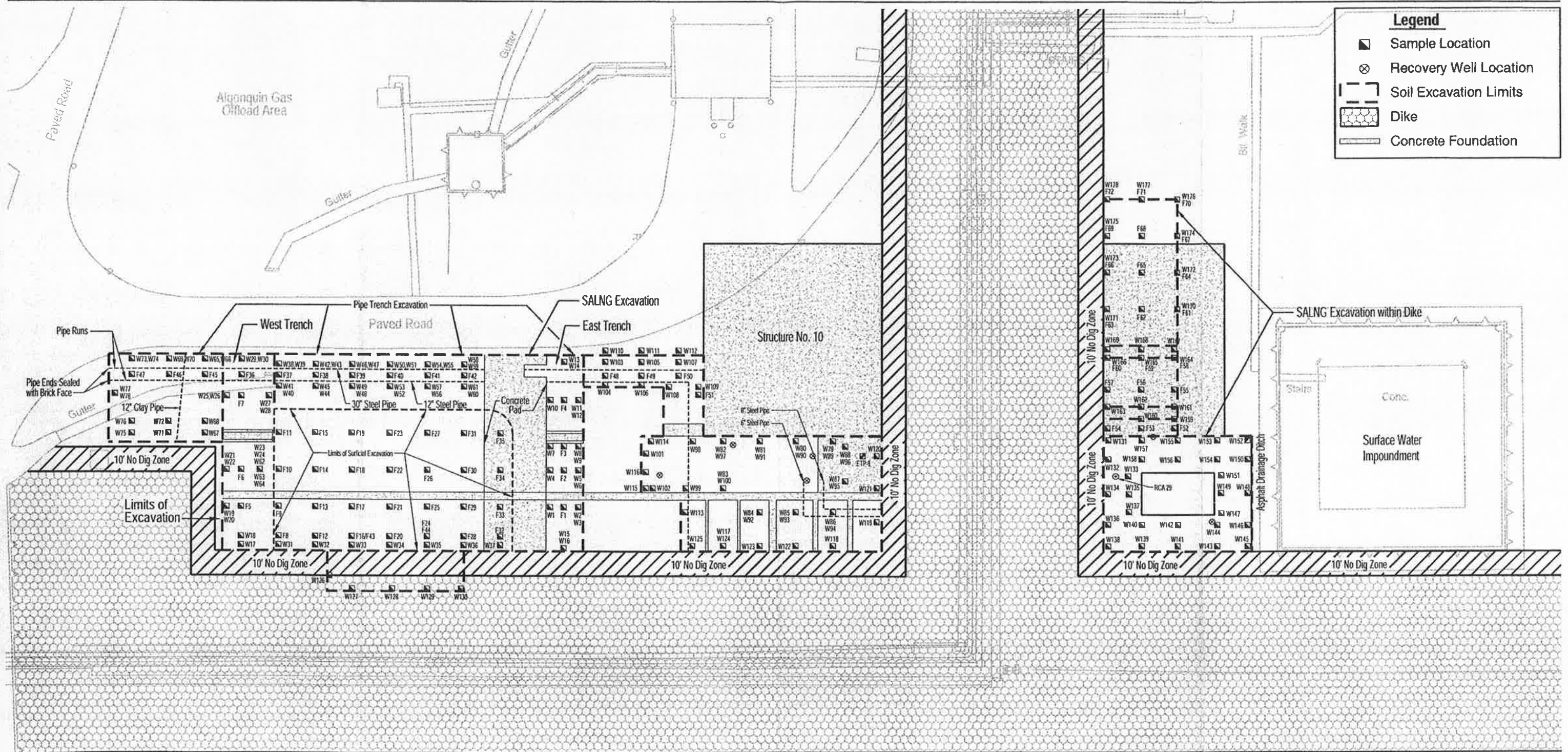
Source: Providence, RI U.S.G.S. Quadrangle.

Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.

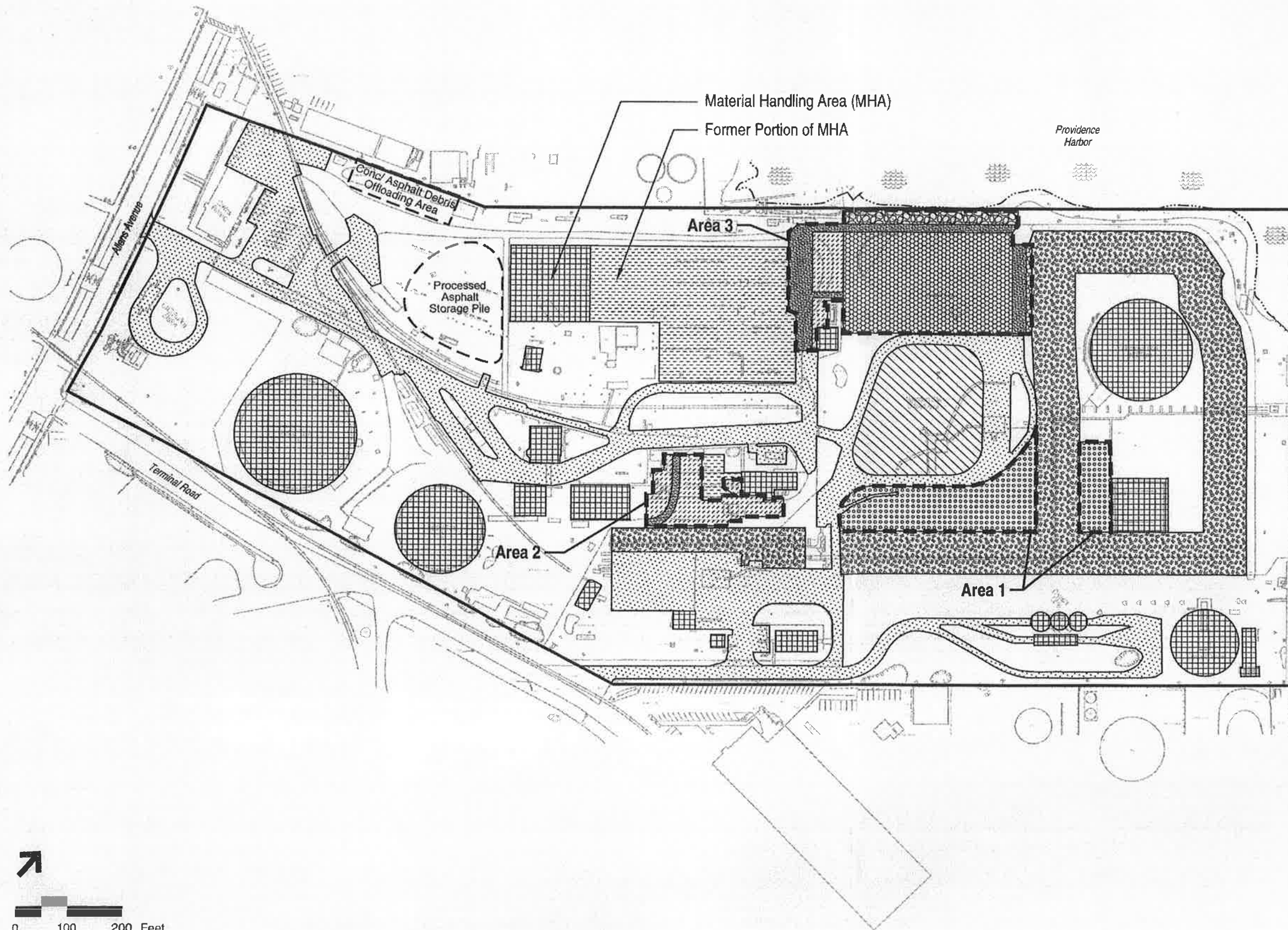


Site Location Map
 New England Gas Company
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

Figure 1



Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.
 Figure 2
 Area 1 Compliance Samples
 New England Gas Company
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island



Areas of Remediation

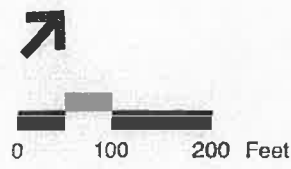
- Areas capped with approximately 18-20 inches of clean sand, approximately 4-6 inches of loam and hydroseeded
- Areas capped with approximately 2 feet of stone dust
- Areas capped with approximately 18-20 inches of clean sand, and approximately 4-6 inches of crushed stone
- Areas remediated by ESS, clean sand and crushed stone cap
- Areas capped with geotextile and approximately 24 inches of rip-rap
- Crushed Stone

Areas Equivalent to an Engineered Cap

- Building/ Structure
- Paved Areas
- Containment Dike

Other Areas

- Approximately 4-6 inches of loam and hydroseed applied to former MHA, not an engineered cap. Additional investigations are planned



Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.

Figure 3
 New England Gas Company
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island



Tables

Table 1
Remedial Objectives for Soil

Constituent	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil <100 feet from Shore	Subsurface Soil >100 feet from Shore
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	15,000	30,000
VOCs (mg/Kg)			
Benzene	200	4.3	43
Ethylbenzene	10,000	62	620
Toluene	10,000	54	540
Xylenes	10,000	540	540
PAHs (mg/Kg)			
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	10,000
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	10,000
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	10,000
Benzo(a) Anthracene	7.8	10,000	10,000
Benzo (a) Pyrene	0.8	10,000	10,000
Benzo (b) Fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	10,000
Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	10,000	10,000	10,000
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	78	10,000	10,000
Chrysene	780	10,000	10,000
Dibenzo (a,h) Anthracene	0.8	10,000	10,000
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	10,000
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	10,000
Indeno (1,2,3) Pyrene	7.8	10,000	10,000
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	10,000
Naphthalene	10,000	500	5,000
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	10,000
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	10,000
2,4-Dimethylphenol	10,000	10,000	10,000
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	10,000	10,000	10,000
Pentachlorophenol	48	10,000	10,000
PCBs (mg/Kg)	10	10,000	10,000
Metals (mg/Kg)			
Arsenic	7	-	-
Lead	500	-	-
Cyanide	10,000	-	-

- No RO established for constituent.

Table 2
Laboratory Analytical Results for Clay Pipe

Analyte/Sample ID	A1-Pipe 2
Date Collected	7/22/99
TPH (mg/Kg)	21,100
PAHs (mg/Kg)	
2-Methylnaphthalene	628
Acenaphthene	ND
Acenaphthylene	218
Anthracene	380
Benzo (a) anthracene	379
Benzo (a) pyrene	255
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	297
Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	ND
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	138
Chrysene	320
Dibenzo (a) anthracene	ND
Fluoranthene	929
Fluorene	607
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	135
Naphthalene	2,260
Phenanthrene	1,580
Pyrene	658
VOCs (mg/Kg)	
Benzene	ND
Ethylbenzene	ND
Toluene	32.9
Xylenes	174
PCBs (mg/Kg)	ND
Metals (mg/Kg)	
Arsenic	3.22
Lead	ND
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	5.26

Table 3
East Trench Confirmatory Results

Sample ID:	Remedial Objectives		A1-W1	A1-W2	A1-W3	A1-W4	A1-W5	A1-W6	A1-W7	A1-W8	A1-W9	A1-W10	A1-W11	A1-W12	A1-W13*	A1-W14	A1-W15*	A1-W16	A1-F1	A1-F2	A1-F3	A1-F4
	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil >100' of Shore	07/07/99 7.5'	07/07/99 2.0'	07/07/99 5.5'	07/07/99 7.5'	07/07/99 2.0'	07/07/99 5.5'	07/07/99 7.5'	07/07/99 2.0'	07/07/99 5.5'	07/07/99 6.5'	07/07/99 2.0'	07/07/99 5.0'	07/07/99 2.0'	07/07/99 5.0'	07/07/99 2.0'	07/07/99 5.5'	07/07/99 9.0'	07/07/99 9.0'	07/07/99 9.0'	07/07/99 8.0'
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	0.58	1.91	2.04	ND	2.79	0.99	8.06	ND	ND	9.49	ND	ND	ND	0.58	ND	1.64	ND	1.34	18.74	ND
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																						
Asenic	7.0	NE	10.1	12.7	26.6	5.92	8.84	7.47	7.57	12.7	9.64	9.94	11.3	8.01	ND	4.22	3.85	5.12	6.75	13	13	17.6
Lead	500	NE	16.7	36.9	72.2	6.9	51	15.6	12.9	12.4	ND	55.5	9.5	ND	9.0	15	32.6	18	21.5	44.2	344	11
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	ND	155	230	ND	137	ND	913	53	631	ND	41	ND	41	63	44	ND	ND	183	812	106
VOCs (mg/Kg)																						
Benzene	200	43	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.057	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.058	ND	ND	ND	0.129	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
PCBs (mg/Kg)																						
Arochlor 1060	10	10	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1260	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
PAHs (mg/Kg)																						
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	23.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	16.6	ND
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.68	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.97	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	0.735	ND	0.609	ND	18.0	ND	20.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.941	16.8	ND
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	0.657	4.86	8.43	ND	2.7	0.609	87.7	0.855	18.4	0.756	1.14	ND	1.08	1.11	0.819	ND	ND	3.57	20.2	2.02
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	0.979	4.9	7.6	ND	2.9	0.662	72.9	0.833	14.1	0.846	1.35	ND	1.2	1.64	1.04	0.604	ND	3.28	16.6	1.97
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	1.53	8.14	23.3	ND	3.99	0.785	106	1.33	20	1.49	1.94	ND	1.91	2.21	1.49	0.937	ND	4.94	27.3	3.13
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10,000	10,000	ND	4.07	3.8	ND	1.68	ND	47.2	ND	3.87	ND	ND	ND	1.12	1.91	0.676	ND	ND	3.75	9.8	1.75
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	10,000	0.597	2.5	5.78	ND	1.33	ND	19.7	ND	6.01	ND	0.641	ND	0.62	0.835	0.586	ND	ND	1.38	9.9	1.2
Chrysene	780	10,000	0.728	4.65	13.0	ND	2.44	0.66	75.3	0.822	15.4	0.846	1.11	ND	1.22	1.26	0.832	ND	ND	3.16	18.1	1.87
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	ND	1.1	1.54	ND	ND	ND	23.3	ND	1.74	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.08	ND	ND
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	0.549	5.91	6.92	ND	3.01	0.896	1000	1.41	35.1	1.01	1.42	ND	2.1	1.91	1.26	0.637	ND	5.71	35.7	2.72
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.87	ND	28	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	17.3	ND
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	ND	4.41	4.99	ND	1.95	ND	47.2	ND	4.91	ND	0.559	ND	1.22	1.69	0.691	ND	ND	3.99	11.5	1.78
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.656	ND	ND	1.35	66.4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	28.8	ND
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	ND	1.32	1.33	ND	1.76	ND	31.60	1.33	65.4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	28.8	ND
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	0.535	7.53	18.10	ND	2.99	0.86	174	1.06	33.7	0.85	1.40	ND	3.3	2.49	1.39	0.53	ND	8.58	35.5	3.96

Notes: All concentrations are equivalent to parts per million (ppm).
 Concentrations depicted as **BOLD** exceed the Surficial Remedial Objectives, Concentrations that are UNDERLINED exceed the Subsurface Remedial Objectives.
 ND - Not detected above method reporting limit, NE - No criteria exists
 * Confirmatory sample location at the limits of excavation.

Table 4
West Trench Confirmatory Results

Sample ID: Date Sampled: Depth (ft.)	Remedial Objectives		A1-W17*	A1-W18	A1-W19*	A1-W20	A1-W21*	A1-W22	A1-W23**	A1-W62 (post W-23)	A1-W63	A1-W64	A1-W24	A1-W25**	A1-W26	A1-W27**	A1-W28	A1-W29	A1-W30	A1-F5	A1-F6	A1-F7
	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil >100' of Shore	7/7/1999 2.0'	7/7/1999 6.0'	7/7/1999 2.0'	7/7/1999 6.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 6.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/14/1999 2.0'	7/14/1999 4.0'	7/14/1999 4.0'	7/8/1999 6.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 6.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 6.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 5.0'	7/8/1999 8.0'	7/8/1999 9.5'	7/8/1999 7.5'
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	4.53	ND	1.87	ND	0.74	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	1.83	1.18	ND	0.66	ND	ND	1.43
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																						
Asenic	7.0	NE	11	5.53	6.38	6.59	6.01	6.28	5.88	NA	NA	NA	4.98	4.98	ND	7.63	4.47	ND	7.03	6.95	6.67	3.99
Lead	500	NE	30.5	ND	102	ND	54.9	21.6	55.4	NA	NA	NA	ND	34.5	ND	29.4	31.9	ND	9.7	ND	ND	18.1
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	206	ND	358	ND	181	ND	1290	NA	NA	NA	ND	113	ND	144	142	ND	ND	ND	ND	65
VOCs (mg/Kg)																						
Benzene	200	43	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	0.057	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
PCBs (mg/Kg)	10	10																				
Arochlor 1060	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	0.228	ND	ND	ND	0.865	ND	10.4	0.605	0.1	ND	ND	0.111	ND	0.238	0.442	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.252
Arochlor 1260	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
PAHs (mg/Kg)																						
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.18	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	4.35	ND	ND	ND	17.8	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	0.924	ND	4.34	ND	0.944	ND	46.2	NA	NA	NA	ND	2.75	ND	4.09	4.23	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.66
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	0.883	ND	4.82	ND	1.19	ND	34.5	NA	NA	NA	ND	2.56	ND	3.74	3.29	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.45
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	1.41	ND	9.38	ND	1.42	ND	48.6	NA	NA	NA	ND	3.26	ND	4.51	4.28	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.0
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10,000	10,000	0.57	ND	ND	ND	0.824	ND	11.6	NA	NA	NA	ND	1.45	ND	1.61	1.35	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	13.4	NA	NA	NA	ND	1.01	ND	1.55	1.24	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.759
Chrysene	780	10,000	0.932	ND	4.81	ND	1.09	ND	46.3	NA	NA	NA	ND	2.42	ND	4.09	3.63	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.39
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.94	NA	NA	NA	ND	0.591	ND	0.683	0.636	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	1.88	ND	5.54	ND	1.02	ND	104	NA	NA	NA	ND	3.13	ND	5.68	6.04	0.61	ND	ND	ND	2.28
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	10.7	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.58	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	0.594	ND	3.15	ND	0.858	ND	14.6	NA	NA	NA	ND	1.69	ND	1.96	1.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.731
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.65	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	1.02	ND	4.2	ND	ND	ND	91.9	NA	NA	NA	ND	0.9	ND	2.6	3.81	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.617
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	3.08	ND	5.74	ND	1.08	ND	73.30	NA	NA	NA	ND	3.39	ND	5.12	5.22	0.56	ND	ND	ND	2.60

Notes: All concentrations are equivalent to parts per million (ppm).
 Concentrations depicted as **BOLD** exceed the Surficial Remedial Objectives, Concentrations that are UNDERLINED exceed the Subsurface Remedial Objectives.
 ND --Not detected above method reporting limit, NE - No criteria exists
 * Confirmatory sample location at the limits of excavation.
 ** These confirmatory sample points were excavated, refer to Figure 2.

Table 5:
Surficial Soil Excavation Confirmatory Results

Sample ID: Date Sampled: Depth (ft.)	Remedial Objectives		A1-W31*	A1-W32*	A1-W33**	A1-W34**	A1-W35**	A1-W36*	A1-W37*	A1-W126	A1-W127	A1-W128	A1-W129	A1-W130*	A1-F8	A1-F9	A1-F10	A1-F11	A1-F12	A1-F13	A1-F14	A1-F15	A1-F16
	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil >100' of Shore	7/8/1999 1.5'	7/8/1999 1.5'	7/8/1999 1.5'	7/9/1999 1.5'	7/7/1999 1.5'	7/9/1999 1.5'	7/9/1999 1.5'	8/20/1999 0-1'	8/20/1999 0-1'	8/20/1999 0-1'	8/20/1999 0-1'	8/20/1999 0-1'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'	7/8/1999 2.0'
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	0.86	1.02	1.06	0.91	1.98	5.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.07	ND	1.77	2.76	ND	4.76	1.97	1.02	36
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																							
Asenic	7.0	NE	5.19	4.67	5.68	ND	110	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5.39	5.55	ND	6.38	4.91	7.81	6.25	5.96	23.4
Lead	500	NE	19.2	118	36.4	36.1	134	29.5	32.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	29.7	12.7	9.7	19.3	26	ND	63	32.9	17.5	114
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	280	343	302	765	1590	605	564	ND	ND	ND	ND	7920	ND	375	95	211	79	183	119	88	427
VOCs (mg/Kg)																							
Benzene	200	43	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.131	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.201	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.09	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.377	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.128	0.19	0.127	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.21	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	0.141	0.229	0.231	0.225	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.39	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
PCBs (mg/Kg)	10	10																					
Arochlor 1060	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	0.262	ND	0.434	0.197	0.781	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	0.10	0.103	0.422	0.356	0.766	ND	0.640	1.74	10.1
Arochlor 1260	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
PAHs (mg/Kg)																							
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.78	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.62	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	0.574	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5.12	ND	ND	0.666	1.8	ND	ND	0.688	ND	ND
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	2.14	ND	1.41	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.25	ND	1.09	2.95	9.74	ND	5.42	2.54	2.18	2.49
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	2.59	1.64	2.75	3.63	6.06	4.13	4.32	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.15	ND	1.13	2.77	7.8	ND	5.07	2.67	2.1	2.6
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	3.07	2.37	3.24	4.37	6.71	4.37	5.34	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.79	ND	1.96	4.37	11.5	ND	8.82	3.68	3.24	5.91
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10,000	10,000	1.39	ND	4.71	ND	3.52	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.49	1.66	2.24	ND	1.99	3.05	1.69	1.5
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	10,000	1.19	ND	1.07	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.33	4.57	ND	2.61	1.25	1.3	2.21
Chrysene	780	10,000	2.05	ND	1.4	ND	2.69	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.28	2.55	7.75	ND	4.97	2.65	2.06	2.81
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	ND	ND	0.874	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.1	ND	0.748	0.539	ND	ND
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	3.01	ND	2.33	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8.57	ND	1.53	4.22	15.0	ND	7.22	5.02	3.61	3.53
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	1.57	1.1	4.38	ND	3.66	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.76	2.84	ND	2.19	3.2	1.83	1.65
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8.75	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.964
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	1.92	ND	1.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	19.9	ND	ND	2.68	4.08	ND	2.2	2.69	1.8	2.17
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	2.98	ND	6.46	ND	3.66	3.01	3.14	ND	ND	ND	ND	13.20	ND	6.77	4.59	14.0	ND	7.25	6.29	4.79	2.37

Table 5:
Surficial Soil Excavation Confirmatory Results (Continued)

Sample ID: Date Sampled: Depth (ft.)	Remedial Objectives		post F-16																						
	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil >100' of Shore	(A1-F43) 7/13/1999 4.0'	A1-F17 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F18 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F19 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F20 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F21 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F22 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F23 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F24 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F44 (post F-24) 7/13/1999 4.0'	A1-F25 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F26 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F27 7/8/1999 2.0'	A1-F28 7/9/1999 2.0'	A1-F29 7/9/1999 2.0'	A1-F30 7/9/1999 2.0'	A1-F31 7/9/1999 2.0'	A1-F32 7/9/1999 2.0'	A1-F33 7/9/1999 2.0'	A1-F34 7/9/1999 2.0'	A1-F35 7/9/1999 2.0'		
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	NA	3.15	1.99	1.56	6.09	25	7.63	14.6	38.7	NA	56.4	9.31	5.43	2.27	37.4	2.58	11.1	1450	6.56	1.22	14		
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																									
Asenic	7.0	NE	NA	7.09	4.5	7.88	ND	9.37	5.11	9.03	257	NA	124	10.2	6.58	ND	52.1	ND	9.9	77.5	20	ND	6.9		
Lead	500	NE	NA	91.4	81.7	36	8.8	72.9	99.7	84.8	1790	NA	392	73.5	29.2	34.9	166	156	197	366	80.2	218	600		
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	NA	342	202	198	ND	156	260	304	480	NA	1410	763	1920	514	465	754	668	2880	493	3440	1120		
VOCs (mg/Kg)																									
Benzene	200	43	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Toluene	10,000	540	NA	0.101	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	0.079	ND	ND	ND	0.056	ND	ND	ND	0.095		
Xylenes	10,000	540	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	0.075	0.15	0.107	ND	0.108	0.084	ND	ND	ND	0.144		
PCBs (mg/Kg)																									
Arochlor 1060	10	10	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	ND	0.527	ND	0.464	0.628	0.941	0.727	2.02	11.2	ND	6.66	1.64	0.169	0.451	5.0	0.257	0.615	10.0	0.453	ND	0.33		
Arochlor 1260	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
PAHs (mg/Kg)																									
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.545	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.34	ND	
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	NA	ND	ND	0.535	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.947	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	NA	ND	ND	0.63	ND	ND	2.06	2.99	0.925	NA	ND	1.31	1.47	4.36	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	NA	4.51	1.56	2.52	ND	1.97	7.26	6.47	2.46	NA	37.2	4.85	8.0	4.89	3.42	11.2	10.3	5.51	ND	17.4	6.98		
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	NA	4.51	1.45	2.56	ND	2.12	6.39	5.39	3.41	NA	24.8	6.83	7.39	7.72	3.8	17.9	12.6	5.48	2.99	22.1	11		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	NA	8.03	1.89	3.53	ND	3.8	10.3	8.6	4.78	NA	54.7	10.8	15.3	9.23	6.03	20.5	17.7	15.9	3.97	35.1	16.5		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10,000	10,000	NA	1.85	0.561	0.851	ND	0.93	5.68	5.01	1.93	NA	ND	3.11	3.49	3.36	ND	6.81	4.51	3.2	ND	8.42	4.29		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	10,000	NA	2.61	0.871	1.91	ND	1.84	3.33	3.1	3.17	NA	18.9	3.8	4.54	2.82	ND	8.06	5.28	5.11	ND	8.59	4.03		
Chrysene	780	10,000	NA	4.38	1.37	2.23	ND	2.14	6.66	5.76	2.38	NA	35.3	4.94	7.79	4.38	4.13	10.7	10.3	8.44	ND	14.4	6.98		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	NA	0.623	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.54	1.32	ND	NA	ND	1.08	1.4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	NA	8.34	1.56	4	ND	2.18	11.5	11.3	3.82	NA	71	6.39	12.1	5.75	5.65	10.5	12	7.29	4.01	20.4	7.11		
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.57	2.57	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	NA	1.97	ND	0.795	ND	0.897	6.17	5.28	1.46	NA	ND	3.49	4.04	3.88	ND	7.95	5.45	3.6	ND	9.67	4.95		
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.976	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8.2	ND	2.85	4.15	
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	NA	2.83	0.87	1.89	ND	1.29	8.97	9.89	3.74	NA	54.4	3.54	4.89	7.59	3.43	6.86	9.77	6.27	2.69	13.6	4.65		
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	NA	7.20	1.68	3.49	ND	3.09	12.20	12.90	4.73	NA	50.80	5.66	8.66	5.83	5.76	10.1	12.0	5.80	3.74	18.20	7.17		

Notes: All concentrations are equivalent to parts per million (ppm).
 Concentrations depicted as **BOLD** exceed the Surficial Remedial Objectives, Concentrations that are UNDERLINED exceed the Subsurface Remedial Objectives.
 ND - Not detected above method reporting limit, NE - No criteria exists
 * Confirmatory sample location at the limits of excavation.
 ** These confirmatory sample points were excavated, refer to Figure 2.

Table 6:
Pipe Run Excavation Confirmatory Results

Sample ID: Date Sampled: Depth (ft.)	Remedial Objectives		A1-W38	A1-W39	A1-W41	A1-W42*	A1-W43	A1-W45	A1-W46	A1-W47	A1-W49	A1-W50*	A1-W51	A1-W53	A1-W54*	A1-W55	A1-W57	A1-W58	A1-W59	A1-W61	A1-W65*	A1-W66	A1-W67*
	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil >100' of Shore	7/12/1999 2.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 2.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 2.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 2.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 2.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 2.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/12/1999 5.0'	7/22/1999 1.5'	7/22/1999 5.0'	7/22/1999 1.5'
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	0.66	NA	NA	35.9	NA	NA	56.5	NA	NA	8.09	NA	NA	2.54	NA	NA	1.67	NA	NA	0.62	NA	1.32
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																							
Asenic	7.0	NE	4.03	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.75	NA	NA	5.61	5.49	NA	5.6	NA	NA	5.51	NA	NA	3.55	NA	5.08
Lead	500	NE	19.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	24.5	23	NA	28.5	NA	NA	18.8	NA	NA	30.2	NA	22.4
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	ND	ND	ND	98	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	68	142	66	184	ND	96	178	ND	93	173	ND	111
VOCs (mg/Kg)																							
Benzene	200	43	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
PCBs (mg/Kg)	10	10																					
Arochlor 1060	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	0.172
Arochlor 1260	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND
PAHs (mg/Kg)																							
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.737	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	ND	ND	ND	1.75	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.753	4.94	1.99	3.61	ND	1.24	ND	ND	ND	0.562	ND	ND
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	ND	ND	0.168	1.74	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.969	5.0	1.9	3.8	ND	1.63	0.583	ND	1.9	5.3	ND	2.66
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	ND	ND	0.229	2.33	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.15	6.89	2.07	5.24	ND	1.85	0.857	ND	2.73	7.73	ND	3.57
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10,000	10,000	0.573	ND	ND	1.24	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.766	1.54	0.933	1.33	ND	0.646	ND	ND	0.88	2.28	ND	1.53
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	10,000	ND	ND	ND	0.887	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.89	0.958	1.43	ND	0.846	ND	ND	1.05	2.64	ND	1.13
Chrysene	780	10,000	ND	ND	0.148	1.95	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.812	4.71	1.83	3.44	ND	1.32	ND	ND	2.07	5.92	ND	2.77
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.0	0.782	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.796	ND	0.527
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	0.711	ND	ND	3.23	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5.53	3.05	5.21	ND	1.6	ND	ND	2.91	7.95	ND	3.87
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.841	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	ND	ND	0.118	1.46	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.1	1.15	1.73	ND	0.824	0.569	ND	1.12	2.98	ND	1.87
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	1.43	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.994	1.24	2.38	ND	0.6	ND	ND	0.969	4.41	ND	0.955
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	0.598	ND	0.14	2.55	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.99	4.55	2.65	3.81	ND	1.29	ND	ND	2.33	9.16	ND	4.75

Table 6:
Pipe Run Excavation Confirmatory Results (Continued)

Sample ID: Date Sampled: Depth (ft.)	Remedial Objectives		A1-W68	A1-W69*	A1-W70	A1-W71*	A1-W72	A1-W73	A1-W74	A1-W75	A1-W76	A1-W77	A1-W78	A1-F37	A1-F38	A1-F39	A1-F40	A1-F41	A1-F42	A1-F45	A1-F46	A1-F47
	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil >100' of Shore	7/22/1999 5.0'	7/22/1999 1.5'	7/22/1999 5.0'	7/22/1999 1.5'	7/22/1999 5.0'	7/22/1999 1.5'	7/22/1999 5.0'	7/22/1999 1.5'	7/22/1999 5.0'	7/22/1999 1.5'	7/22/1999 5.0'	7/9/1999 8.0'	7/9/1999 8.0'	7/9/1999 8.0'	7/9/1999 8.0'	7/9/1999 8.0'	7/9/1999 8.0'	7/22/1999 9.0'	7/22/1999 9.0'	7/22/1999 9.0'
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	NA	2.82	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	54.6	14.95	1.43	4.04	26.6	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																						
Asenic	7.0	NE	NA	4.6	NA	2.97	NA	5.84	NA	2.63	NA	3.79	NA	ND	ND	7.7	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA
Lead	500	NE	NA	172	NA	17.5	NA	17.9	NA	13	NA	9.5	NA	24.6	69.8	109	24.4	23.5	9.2	NA	NA	NA
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	ND	209	ND	59	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	57	77	ND	158	702	ND	ND	ND
VOCs (mg/Kg)																						
Benzene	200	43	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
PCBs (mg/Kg)	10	10																				
Arochlor 1060	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Arochlor 1260	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.131	0.61	0.734	0.66	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
PAHs (mg/Kg)																						
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	ND	1.15	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.94	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	0.916	6.93	ND	1.21	ND	ND	ND	0.765	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.75	2.52	8.52	2.52	44.7	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	0.817	8.01	ND	1.09	ND	ND	ND	0.776	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.84	2.32	6.34	2.21	32	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	1.01	12.1	ND	1.51	ND	ND	ND	1.15	ND	0.613	ND	ND	2.19	3.03	8.67	2.96	62.1	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10,000	10,000	ND	2.35	ND	0.782	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.17	1.51	3.46	1.72	18.5	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	10,000	ND	3.69	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.942	1.2	3.62	1.13	13.8	ND	ND	ND
Chrysene	780	10,000	0.907	8.74	ND	1.08	ND	ND	ND	0.972	ND	0.568	ND	ND	1.51	2.61	7.16	2.27	36.4	ND	ND	ND
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	ND	0.812	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.49	ND	ND	ND
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	1.43	16.4	ND	1.66	0.659	ND	ND	1.66	0.802	0.995	ND	ND	3.41	4.66	15.5	3.48	52	ND	ND	ND
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	ND	3.24	ND	0.836	ND	ND	ND	0.538	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.25	1.7	4.01	1.98	22.4	ND	ND	ND
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	ND	7.32	ND	0.598	0.584	ND	ND	0.703	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.22	3.39	10.3	1.47	66.2	ND	ND	ND
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	1.30	14.80	ND	1.61	ND	ND	ND	1.35	0.62	0.82	ND	ND	2.95	3.78	10.70	3.48	52.5	ND	ND	ND

Notes: All concentrations are equivalent to parts per million (ppm).
 All concentrations reported in BOLD exceed the RAWP Surficial Remedial Objectives, Concentrations underlined exceed the RAWP Subsurface Remedial Objectives.
 ND — Not detected above method reporting limit; NA — Not analyzed; NE — RIDEM criteria does not exist; BIC — By individual constituent.
 * Confirmatory sample location at the limits of excavation.

Table 7
East SALNG Area Confirmatory Results

Sample ID:	Remedial Objectives		A1-W79	A1-W80	A1-W81	A1-W82	A1-W83	A1-W84	A1-W85	A1-W86	A1-W87	A1-W88	A1-W90	A1-W91	A1-W92	A1-W93	A1-W94	A1-W95	A1-W96	A1-W97	A1-W98	A1-W99	A1-W100	A1-W101	A1-W102	A1-W103	A1-W104		
	Surface	Subsurface Soil	7/30/1999	7/30/1999	7/30/1999	7/30/1999	7/30/1999	7/30/1999	7/30/1999	7/30/1999	7/30/1999	7/30/1999	8/4/1999	8/4/1999	8/4/1999	8/4/1999	8/4/1999	8/4/1999	8/4/1999	8/9/1999	8/9/1999	8/9/1999	8/9/1999	8/9/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	
Depth (ft)	Soil	>100' of Shore	7-10'	7-10'	7-10'	2-10'	2-10'	2-10'	2-10'	2-10'	2-7'	2-7'	10-12'	10-12'	10-12'	10-12'	10-12'	10-12'	10-12'	10-12'	10-12'	10-12'	10-12'	7-11'	7-11'	2-8'	2-8'		
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																													
Asenic	7.0	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	6550	1080	520	455	176	233	ND	ND	150	1420	15900	3470	7200	ND	2650	263	2070	12900	6960	4020	5320	105	2590	224	77		
VOCs (mg/Kg)																													
Benzene	200	43	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	2	0.173	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.78	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.72	0.755	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	10,000	540	ND	0.079	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Xylenes	10,000	540	5.9	0.529	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.26	0.063	ND	ND	ND	0.517	0.351	0.081	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
PCBs (mg/Kg)	10	10																											
Arochlor 1060	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Arochlor 1280	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
PAHs (mg/Kg)																													
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	35.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	50.1	27.5	ND	ND	ND	2.18	22.5	50.9	12.4	6.16	23.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5.81	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.38	1.18	3.29	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	35.7	ND	ND	ND	0.887	ND	ND	ND	ND	24.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	32.1	7.32	ND	3.15	0.585	0.732	ND	ND	0.701	32.8	27.9	6.87	7.88	ND	2.32	0.602	4.42	5.55	3.57	1.13	3.93	ND	0.597	ND	ND		
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	79.5	45.8	22	14.8	2.52	3.8	ND	ND	3.35	80.2	63.1	5.62	ND	ND	0.498	ND	4.38	2.33	ND	2.41	0.969	1.12	1.54	0.633			
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	63.7	31.2	16.1	12.0	2.21	3.56	ND	ND	3.06	62.4	52.2	ND	ND	ND	0.405	ND	1.87	0.931	ND	1.14	0.742	0.868	1.27	0.601			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	73.4	43.6	20.9	16.7	2.96	4.81	ND	ND	4.12	91.6	60.2	ND	ND	ND	0.522	ND	2.41	1.27	ND	1.24	0.935	0.784	1.58	0.776			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10,000	10,000	33.4	12.1	5.15	5.72	1.24	1.24	ND	ND	1.09	41	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.587	ND	0.813	ND		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	30	11.6	6.63	5.62	1.03	1.63	ND	ND	1.44	29.2	21.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.946	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.639	ND		
Chrysene	790	10,000	62.8	36.6	18.6	13.5	2.45	3.09	ND	ND	3.12	77.2	55.2	4.83	ND	ND	0.431	ND	3.22	1.84	ND	1.78	0.955	0.979	1.61	0.687			
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	12.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	12.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	178	61.9	23.9	18.2	4.12	3.2	ND	ND	4.17	195	93.1	14.7	17.8	ND	4.3	1.13	8.82	12.2	4.97	0.684	6.03	1.55	2.34	2.44	0.88		
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	36	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	32.1	28.3	ND	12.1	ND	3.03	ND	6.03	8.65	4.69	2.38	5.58	ND	0.584	ND	ND		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	40.5	17.5	7.54	7.62	1.62	1.8	ND	ND	1.55	44	23.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.663	ND	0.943	0.546		
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	76.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	11.8	48	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.16	17	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	85.8	11.7	3.23	13.3	1.83	1.71	ND	ND	2.14	148	72.5	22.8	25.1	ND	6.34	2.05	13.2	23.9	13.7	5.48	15.2	ND	0.648	2.45	0.607		
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	144.0	61.1	23.50	18.70	2.13	3.41	ND	ND	4.38	128.0	56.5	10.8	13.2	ND	3.29	0.64	5.87	10.6	6.1	0.85	5.08	1.52	3.72	2.44	0.987		

Table 7
East SALNG Area Confirmatory Results (Continued)

Sample ID:	Remedial Objectives		A1-W105	A1-W106	A1-W107	A1-W108	A1-W109	A1-W110*	A1-W111	A1-W112	A1-W113	A1-W114	A-W115	A1-W116	A1-W117	A1-W118	A1-W119	A1-W120	A1-W121	A1-W122	A1-W123	A1-W124	A1-W125	A1-F48	A1-F49	A1-F50	A1-F51		
Date Sampled:	Surface	Subsurface Soil	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/18/1999	8/18/1999	8/18/1999	8/18/1999	8/19/1999	8/19/1999	8/19/1999	8/19/1999	8/19/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999	8/11/1999		
Depth (ft.):	Soil	>100' of Shore	2-8'	2-8'	2-8'	2-8'	2-8'	0-2'	0-2'	0-2'	7-11'	2-10'	2-10'	12.0'	2-7'	2-12'	2-12'	2-5'	2-5'	2-12'	2-12'	2-3.5'	2-3.5'	8.0'	8.0'	8.0'	8.0'		
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																													
Asenic	7.0	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	ND	ND	148	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	177	ND	457	1980	ND	144	125	227	175	206	176	138	ND	72	ND	128	163		
VOCs (mg/Kg)																													
Benzene	200	43	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.06	ND	ND	0.157	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.069	ND	ND	0.52	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
PCBs (mg/Kg)	10	10																											
Arochlor 1060	NE	NE	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1260	NE	NE	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.076	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
PAHs (mg/Kg)																													
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	0.629	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.387	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	0.895	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	1.84	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.637	ND	ND	0.581	0.419	1.19	1.21	0.458	0.852	0.375	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	0.943	ND	4.84	ND	ND	1.02	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.37	ND	ND	2.28	2.71	5.13	4.5	1.96	4.75	1.69	ND	1.15	ND	3.06	1.21		
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	0.873	ND	3.15	ND	ND	1.09	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.74	ND	ND	2.16	2.64	5.29	4.3	2.57	4.0	1.94	ND	1.02	ND	2.12	1.29		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	1.0	ND	4.94	ND	ND	1.69	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.76	ND	ND	2.56	2.64	5.72	4.99	3.02	7.51	2.5	ND	1.67	ND	3.24	1.95		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10,000	10,000	0.676	ND	1.4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.25	ND	ND	0.778	3.81	1.05	2.14	1.49	1.44	0.775	ND	ND	ND	0.656	ND		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	10,000	ND	ND	1.28	ND	ND	0.725	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.843	ND	ND	0.972	0.732	1.54	1.62	1.08	1.76	0.663	ND	0.585	ND	1.44	0.965		
Chrysene	780	10,000	0.978	ND	4.48	ND	ND	1.52	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.19	ND	ND	2.0	2.46	4.88	4.11	2.12	4.92	1.72	ND	1.01	ND	2.57	1.11		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	ND	ND	0.608	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.362	0.524	0.614	0.539	0.677	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	1.57	ND	8.54	ND	ND	1.88	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.49	1.35	ND	2.73	2.76	8.58	8.03	2.83	7.65	2.32	ND	1.19	ND	3.88	1.05		
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	1.02	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.708	ND	ND	ND	0.856	0.382	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	0.768	ND	1.96	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.61	ND	ND	1.01	0.999	1.5	2.66	1.83	1.85	1.01	ND	ND	ND	0.898	0.549		
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	ND	ND	1.31	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.705	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.364	0.731	0.583	0.51	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	1.05	ND	8.36	ND	ND	1.58	ND	ND	0.658	ND	2.27	0.928	ND	2.23	1.32	8.58	8.0	1.55	4.35	1.42	ND	1.12	ND	3.27	0.654		
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	1.82	ND	9.63	ND	ND	2.42	ND	ND	0.6	ND	4.2	1.4	ND	3.3	3.0	7.06	6.27	2.55	5.37	2.48	ND	1.3	ND	3.3	1.2		

Notes: All concentrations are equivalent to parts per million (ppm).
 All concentrations reported in BOLD exceed the RIDEM Industrial DEC, Concentrations underlined exceed the ESS Remedial Objectives, Concentrations outlined exceed the RIDEM GB Leachability Criteria.
 ND - Not detected above method reporting limit; NA - Not analyzed; NE - RIDEM criteria does not exist; BIC - By individual constituent.
 * Confirmatory sample location at the limits of excavation.

Table 8
Confirmatory Results for SALNG Area within Containment Dike

Sample ID:	Remedial Soil Objectives		A1-W131*	A1-W132*	A1-W133	A1-W134	A1-W135	A1-W136*	A1-W137	A1-W138*	A1-W139	A1-W140	A1-W141	A1-W142	A1-W143	A1-W144	A1-W145	A1-W146	A1-W147	A1-148	A1-W149	A1-W150*	A1-W151	A1-W152	A1-W153	A1-W154	A1-W155	A1-W156	A1-W157**	A1-W158	A1-W159	A1-W160**	A1-F52	A1-F53	A1-F54			
Date Sampled:	Surface	Subsurface Soil	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/3/1999	9/7/1999	9/7/1999	9/7/1999	9/7/1999	9/7/1999	9/7/1999	9/7/1999	9/7/1999	9/8/1999	9/8/1999	9/8/1999	9/8/1999	9/8/1999	9/20/1999	9/20/1999	9/20/1999	9/20/1999	9/20/1999				
Depth (ft):	Soil	>100' of Shore	0-2'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2-10'	0-2'	2'	2'	2'					
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	0.47	0.62	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	NA	ND	NA	0.53	NA	0.29	4.1	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	ND	1.65	NA	NA	NA			
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																																						
Arsenic	7.0	NE	6.45	10.7	NA	5.71	NA	8.32	NA	4.49	6.09	NA	6.91	NA	4.23	NA	3.16	4.93	NA	3.85	NA	3.96	NA	5.03	ND	NA	ND	NA	7.9	NA	ND	20.3	NA	NA	NA			
Lead	500	NE	49.3	57.9	NA	19.2	NA	12	NA	46.8	10.1	NA	8.2	NA	ND	NA	ND	ND	NA	10.7	NA	42	NA	17.6	15.2	NA	37.8	NA	30.3	NA	ND	110	NA	NA	NA			
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	156	160	891	64	917	ND	864	85	ND	182	ND	172	ND	1400	ND	ND	741	ND	437	63	568	ND	34	147	ND	103	80	89	ND	425	418	1800	1690			
VOCs (mg/Kg)																																						
Benzene	200	43	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.746	ND	0.157	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.068	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	ND	ND	0.103	ND	0.262	ND	0.093	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.069	ND	0.077	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.401	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Toluene	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.559	ND	0.121	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.068	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Xylenes	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.507	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
PCBs (mg/Kg)	10	10																																				
Arochlor 1060	NE	NE	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND			
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND			
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND			
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND			
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND			
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND			
Arochlor 1260	NE	NE	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	ND			
PAHs (mg/Kg)																																						
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	0.79	ND	3.45	ND	0.641	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.552	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.21	ND		
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.45	ND	0.537	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.693	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	0.4	ND	2.85	ND	0.748	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.674	ND	ND	0.366	ND	0.567	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	0.544	0.503	1.25	ND	6.77	ND	2.37	0.47	ND	0.369	ND	0.353	ND	2.76	ND	ND	0.579	ND	0.64	ND	0.661	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.58	ND	ND	1.27		
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	2.37	2.99	3.17	0.619	7.97	ND	4.6	1.55	ND	1.06	ND	0.831	ND	3.96	ND	ND	1.41	ND	2.01	0.857	1.54	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.34	ND	3.94	3.08			
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	2.81	3.51	3.58	0.737	8.92	ND	4.33	1.36	ND	1.36	ND	0.875	ND	3.15	ND	ND	1.34	ND	2.13	0.986	1.45	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.837	0.874	ND	8.47	1.28	5.78	5.81	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	4.12	6.13	5.39	1	8.19	ND	7.87	1.87	ND	1.99	ND	1.04	ND	5.07	ND	ND	1.57	ND	2.3	1.01	1.53	ND	ND	0.594	ND	ND	1.33	1.83	ND	9.81	1.65	6.18	7.11			
Benzo(g,h)perylene	10,000	10,000	1.34	1.68	1.76	ND	2.84	ND	1.91	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.609	ND	0.685	ND	ND	0.852	ND	0.984	0.555	0.669	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.51	1.21	2.94	3.79		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	1.49	1.83	1.81	0.434	2.73	ND	1.88	0.642	ND	0.662	ND	ND	ND	1.86	ND	ND	0.481	ND	0.806	0.433	0.621	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.583	0.579	ND	3.76	ND	1.58	2.27	
Chrysene	780	10,000	2.04	2.41	2.9	0.581	5.15	ND	3.71	1.27	ND	0.978	ND	0.708	ND	3.03	ND	ND	1.24	ND	1.94	0.82	1.37	ND	ND	0.407	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.808	0.891	ND	8.09	1.41	5.43	6.32	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	0.387	0.561	0.523	ND	0.982	ND	0.67	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.357	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.63	ND	1.21	ND	
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	3.32	3.85	9.24	0.66	17.6	ND	12.9	2.05	ND	1.3	ND	1.16	ND	16.1	ND	ND	2.88	ND	3.37	1.34	2.69	ND	ND	0.641	ND	ND	1.08	1.07	ND	8.3	1.72	7.99	8.36			
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	0.842	ND	4.68	ND	1.69	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.42	ND	ND	0.438	ND	0.477	ND	0.732	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.32	1.22		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	1.61	2.1	2.18	ND	3.12	ND	2.36	0.391	ND	0.451	ND	0.758	ND	1.03	ND	ND	1.01	ND	1.28	0.703	0.882	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5.77	1.15	2.75	4.32
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	0.507	0.707	1.88	ND	10.2	ND	1.53	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.08	ND	ND	0.391	ND	0.448	ND	0.642	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.43	1.86	
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	2.0	1.22	2.98	ND	22	ND	10.9	1.68	ND	0.862	ND	0.543	ND	18.96	ND	ND	1.06	ND	1.13	0.924	1.71	ND	ND	0.464	ND	ND	0.538	0.467	ND	1.75	1.44	9.31	6.68			
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	3.0	4.35	7.04	0.618	17.4	ND	10.5	1.84	ND	1.13	ND	1.24	ND	4.95	ND	ND	2.7	ND	3.57	1.12	2.64	ND	ND	0.678	ND	ND	0.865	0.768	ND	9.72	2.11	7.99	8.22			

Table 8
Confirmatory Results for SALNG Area within Containment Dike (Continued)

Sample ID: Date Sampled: Depth (ft)	Remedial Soil Objectives		A1-W164	A1-W165**	A1-W166**	A1-F55	A1-F56	A1-F57	A1-W167	A1-W168**	A1-W169*	A1-F58	A1-F59	A1-F60	A1-W170	A1-W171*	A1-W172	A1-W173*	A1-W174	A1-W175*	A1-W176	A1-W177	A1-W178	A1-F61	A1-F62	A1-F63	A1-F64	A1-F65	A1-F66	A1-F67	A1-F68	A1-F69	A1-F70	A1-F71	A1-F72		
	Surface	Subsurface Soil >10' of Shore	9/27/1999	9/27/1999	9/27/1999	9/27/1999	9/27/1999	9/27/1999	10/1/1999	10/1/1999	10/1/1999	10/1/1999	10/1/1999	10/1/1999	10/1/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999	10/8/1999		
Total Cyanide (mg/Kg)	10,000	NE	0.54	ND	1.28	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	2.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.57	ND	0.69	ND	0.64	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Total Metals (mg/Kg)																																					
Arsenic	7.0	NE	2.71	6.26	5.74	NA	NA	NA	3.43	4.36	7.23	NA	NA	NA	5.22	5.7	4.48	15.3	4.43	4.44	5.2	5.52	5.23	4.73	4.22	5.81	3.77	5.83	4.23	4.65	5.92	4.17	4.62	ND	5.1		
Lead	500	NE	16.3	41.4	65.3	NA	NA	NA	19.7	25.4	52.5	NA	NA	NA	23.2	27.5	17.6	41.3	19.9	31.2	19.5	18.6	14.7	27	34.8	42	30	44.4	36.3	23.3	45.5	44.9	17.9	13.8	10.6		
TPH (mg/Kg)	2,500	30,000	ND	152	195	87	105	1770	ND	93	75	103	83	332	118	140	38	71	ND	72	31	29	ND	72	64	117	41	73	47	79	100	50	38	77	ND		
VOCs (mg/Kg)																																					
Benzene	200	43	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.062	ND	0.047	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Ethylbenzene	10,000	620	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.118	ND	0.056	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Toluene	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.098	ND	0.072	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Xylenes	10,000	540	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.32	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		
PCBs (mg/Kg)																																					
Arochlor 1080	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Arochlor 1221	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Arochlor 1232	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1242	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1248	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.38	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1254	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arochlor 1260	NE	NE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
PAHs (mg/Kg)																																					
2-Methylnaphthalene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.389	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthylene	10,000	10,000	ND	0.434	ND	ND	0.872	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Anthracene	10,000	10,000	ND	0.808	0.64	ND	0.523	1.08	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.677	ND	0.44	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	10,000	ND	2.27	1.76	0.387	1.24	2.74	ND	1.64	1.58	0.589	1.64	1.75	ND	1.93	ND	0.893	ND	1.48	0.38	ND	ND	ND	1.1	3.08	0.453	1.04	0.876	1.16	2.11	0.828	0.51	1.45	ND	ND	
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.8	10,000	ND	2.1	2.22	0.472	1.47	3.23	ND	1.43	1.7	0.69	1.72	1.72	ND	1.76	ND	0.835	ND	1.29	0.436	ND	ND	ND	1.0	2.24	0.57	1.02	0.823	0.999	1.89	0.716	0.481	1.19	ND	ND	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	10,000	ND	2.23	2.67	0.475	1.69	4.46	ND	1.54	1.85	0.703	1.8	1.86	0.417	1.85	0.362	0.967	ND	1.4	0.51	ND	ND	ND	1.12	2.36	0.635	1.24	0.925	1.04	2.01	0.715	0.515	1.34	ND	ND	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	10,000	10,000	ND	1.13	0.587	ND	0.609	0.831	ND	0.86	1.07	ND	1	0.84	ND	1.1	ND	0.534	ND	0.729	0.365	ND	ND	ND	0.557	0.636	ND	0.388	ND	0.399	0.543	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	10,000	ND	0.934	0.961	ND	0.534	1.05	ND	0.646	0.803	ND	0.777	0.721	ND	0.654	ND	ND	ND	0.53	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.822	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.78	ND	ND	0.42	ND	ND	
Chrysene	780	10,000	ND	1.85	1.64	0.378	1.19	1.28	ND	1.57	1.6	0.589	1.62	1.6	ND	1.72	ND	0.755	ND	1.21	0.372	ND	ND	ND	0.898	2.42	0.416	0.895	0.777	0.947	1.66	0.668	0.491	1.36	ND	ND	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.8	10,000	ND	0.433	ND	ND	0.353	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.39	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Fluoranthene	10,000	10,000	ND	3.26	1.98	0.562	1.74	4.55	ND	2.02	2.17	0.884	2.12	2.41	ND	2.27	0.43	1.03	ND	1.61	0.605	ND	ND	ND	1.17	3.35	0.441	1.21	0.986	1.55	2.54	1.05	0.694	1.88	ND	ND	
Fluorene	10,000	10,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.682	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.8	10,000	ND	1.37	0.837	0.358	0.776	1.04	ND	1	1.27	0.556	1.22	1.02	ND	1.28	ND	0.618	ND	0.884	0.356	ND	ND	ND	0.707	0.893	0.455	0.512	0.455	0.543	0.829	0.642	ND	0.481	ND	ND	
Naphthalene	10,000	5,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.418	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Phenanthrene	10,000	10,000	ND	1.85	1.33	ND	1.18	2.12	ND	1.04	1.41	0.594	1.21	1.5	ND	1.01	ND	ND	ND	0.754	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.591	2.54	ND	0.532	0.483	0.784	1.35	0.434	ND	0.695	ND	ND	
Pyrene	10,000	10,000	ND	2.58	1.83	0.529	1.5	4.62	ND	2.24	2.18	0.875	2.21	2.38	ND	2.58	0.469	1.12	ND	1.7	0.532	ND	ND	0.382	1.35	4.02	0.476	1.28	1.1	1.6	2.15	1.08	0.762	2.11	ND	ND	

Notes: All concentrations are equivalent to parts per million (ppm).
 Concentrations shown as bold exceed the RAWP Surface Soil Remedial Objectives. Concentrations that are boxed exceed the RAWP Subsurface Soil Remedial Objectives.
 ND - Not detected above method reporting limit; NA - Not analyzed; NE - RIDEM criteria does not exist; BIC - By individual constituent.
 * Confirmatory sample location at the limits of excavation.
 ** These confirmatory sample points were excavated, refer to Figure 2.



Photographs



View of concrete pad looking southeast.



View of pipe trench excavation looking westerly.

Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.

Site Photographs
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island



View of southeast corner of SALNG excavation.



Backfill operations in SALNG Area looking westerly.

Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.

Site Photographs
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island



View of excavations in SALNG Area within the dike.



Backfill operations in SALNG Area within the dike.

Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.

Site Photographs
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island



Backfill operations and installation of recovery wells in SALNG Area within dike.



Surficial excavation in SALNG Area within the dike.

Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.

Site Photographs
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island



View of recent conditions of SALNG area looking to the south.



View of recent conditions of SALNG within the containment dike.

Vanasse Hangen Brustlin, Inc.

Site Photographs
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island

Appendix A – Limitations

New England Gas Company Providence, RI

- This report has been prepared for the sole and exclusive use of New England Gas Company (Client), and is subject to and issued in connection with the Agreement and the provisions thereof. Any use or reliance upon information provided in this report, without the specific written authorization of Client and VHB, shall be at the User's sole risk.
- In preparing this report, VHB has obtained and relied upon information from multiple sources to form certain conclusions regarding potential environmental issues at and in the vicinity of the subject property. Except as otherwise noted, no attempt has been made to verify the accuracy or completeness of such information.
- No attempt has been made to assess the compliance status of any past or present Owner or Operator of the Site with any federal, state, or local laws or regulations.
- The findings, observations, and conclusions presented in this report are limited by the scope of services outlined in our Agreement, which reflects schedule and budgetary constraints imposed by the Client for the current phase of environmental assessment. Furthermore, the assessment has been performed in accordance with generally accepted engineering practices. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.
- The assessment presented in this report is based solely upon information gathered to date. Should further environmental or other relevant information be developed at a later date, Client should bring the information to the attention of VHB as soon as possible. Based upon an evaluation, VHB may modify the report and its conclusions.



Appendix B – Piping Removal Plan

Protocol for purging pipelines suspected of containing flammable and/or volatile materials.

Introduction

The method employed for purging pipelines in preparation for demolition involves a systematic approach of:

1. Isolating the pipeline.
2. Exposing pipe ends sections for removal using hand excavation methods.
3. Cutting the pipe ends using high pressure water to cut steel sections. The high-pressure water has been shown to be effective in safely cutting pipe sections that are suspected of containing gasses or liquids.
4. Purging the pipe sections of all flammable materials and managing the purged materials, if required, and
5. Removing the pipe contents using conventional methods once the purging has been successfully demonstrated.

Objective

Protocol for purging pipelines up to 36" in diameter in preparation for demolition:

Applicability

Method described has been demonstrated on piping systems up to 36" diameter and applies to steel, PE, HDPE cast iron and ductile iron systems.

Prerequisites

1. The piping systems to be purged must be removed from service and isolated from pressure sources by valves, flanges or approved pipe plugs.
2. Expose pipe sections at locations where the demolition is proposed by hand excavation a 8-foot long section of the piping along the circumference of the pipe. Remove all soil within three feet of the circumference of the pipe.
3. Remove with non-sparking devices all insulating and cathodic protection coating in an 18-inch longitudinal section of the exposed piping
4. If the gas to be purged is estimated at greater than 1,000 cubic feet at standard temperature and pressure (STP), than a method for capturing the fugitive gasses must be provided prior to purging the pipeline.
5. If pipe section locations are not completely confirmed, contact the utility locator prior to conducting any excavation on site

Performance of Work

1. Cutting pipe sections exposed shall be accomplished by high pressure water-minimum pressure of 36,000 psi with aggregate. The water utilization is approximately three gallons per minute. It is estimated that to cut the 30 inch diameter cast iron pipe at 1" thick apron, 120 gallons will be generated per cut.
2. Set up blower in excavation around exposed pipe sections and exchange air at a minimum rate of 3 volumes a minute.

3. Using high pressure water or other approved cutting device remove an 5 foot section of piping in the exposed section in each excavation. A minimum of four cuts is required.
4. Plug the section of piping to be left in place with cement grout.
5. Insert a ventilating blower hose (intrinsically safe) into the pipe end and purge the pipe run. Continuously check the purge gas exiting the opposite end of the line for presence of explosive vapors or gas. Continue to purge until the LEL < 1% or until it is demonstrated that purging is unable to remove all volatile residuals in pipe line.
6. If residuals continue to degas and prompt LEL concerns, the piping must be flushed with a mixture of water and suitable surfactant - collect and manage wastewater. Re-purge after water flush and check for LEL levels.
7. Satisfactory purging will be accomplished when the LEL is $\leq 1\%$ or non-detectable.
8. At this point, the piping is acceptable for demolition using conventional methods, such as a gasoline powered cut-off saw, backhoe, cutting torch, etc.

■

Appendix C – Eastern Trench Sketches

Scale = 1" = 10'

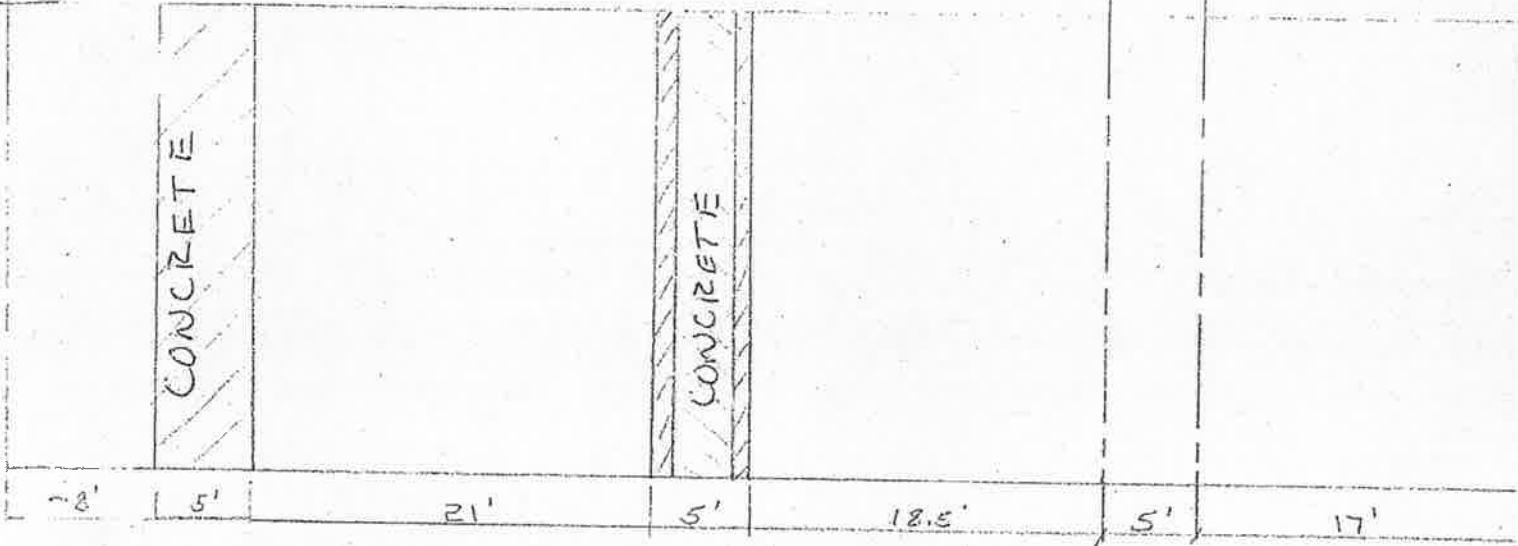
EASTERN TRENCH PLAN VIEW

--- = Pipe CL

Note: All distances are approximate.

8" CURB PIPE

12-14" Pipe (steel?)
30" Cast Iron Pipe



Horizontal Scale: 1" = 10'

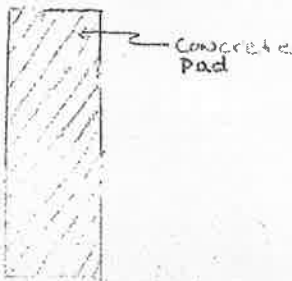
Vertical Scale: 1" = 5'

EASTERN TRENCH SECTION VIEW

+ = CL of Pipe

— = Top of Pipe

Original Ground Surface



+ = CL of Pipe

+ = CL of Pipe

No Piping Found beneath Concrete

Limit of Excavation

■

Appendix D – Cross Section of the Containment Dike Excavation

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES, INC.

272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101
Providence, Rhode Island 02903

(401) 421-0398

JOB P131-000 Providence Gas

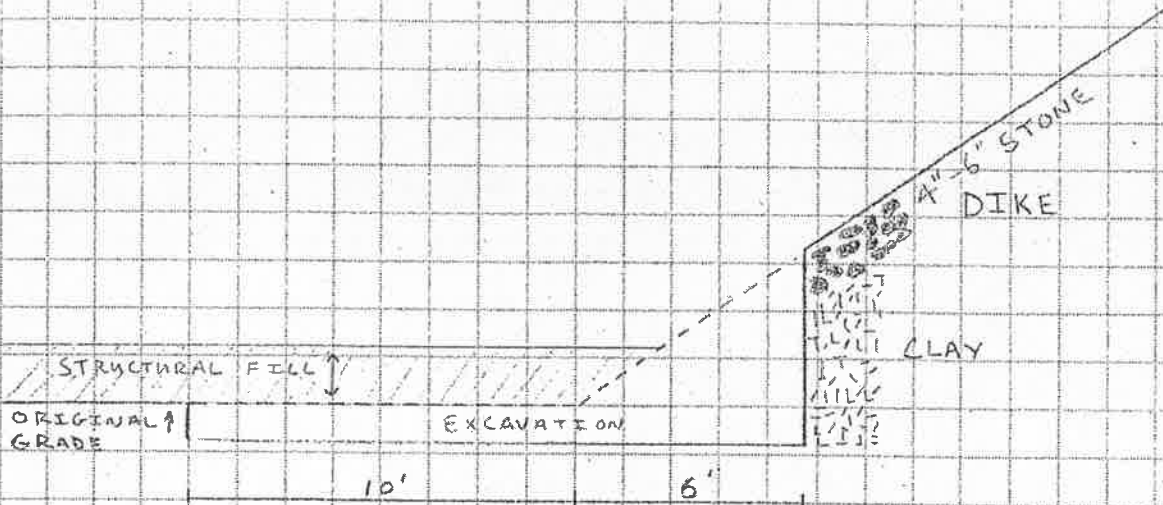
SHEET NO. 2 OF 2

CALCULATED BY E. E. L. DATE 23 August 88

CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

SCALE 1" = 5'

PROFILE OF EXCAVATION TO
1' BELOW ORIGINAL GRADE



PROFILE OF EXCAVATION TO
0' ELEVATION, ORIGINAL GRADE



ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES, INC.

272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101
Providence, Rhode Island 02903

(401) 421-0398

JOB P151.000 Providence GAS

SHEET NO. 1 OF 2

CALCULATED BY E. F. L. DATE 24 August 99

CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

SCALE 1" = 20'

EXCAVATION OF 10' NO DIG
ZONE UNDER FOOT FRONT OF
VAPORIZER. P.M. 17 WILSON ST
(ALSO CHECK GAS CO. 20 AUGUST 99)



EXCAVATION OF 20 AUGUST 99
TO 0' ELEVATION (ORIGINAL GRADE)



EXCAVATION OF 20 AUGUST 99
TO -1' ELEVATION (1' BELOW ORIGINAL GRADE)



SAMPLE LOCATION



W130

W
H
D



W129



W128



W127



W126

DIKE

10' NO-DIG ZONE

DIKE

■

Appendix E – Disposal Documentation

Provided in a Separate Document

■

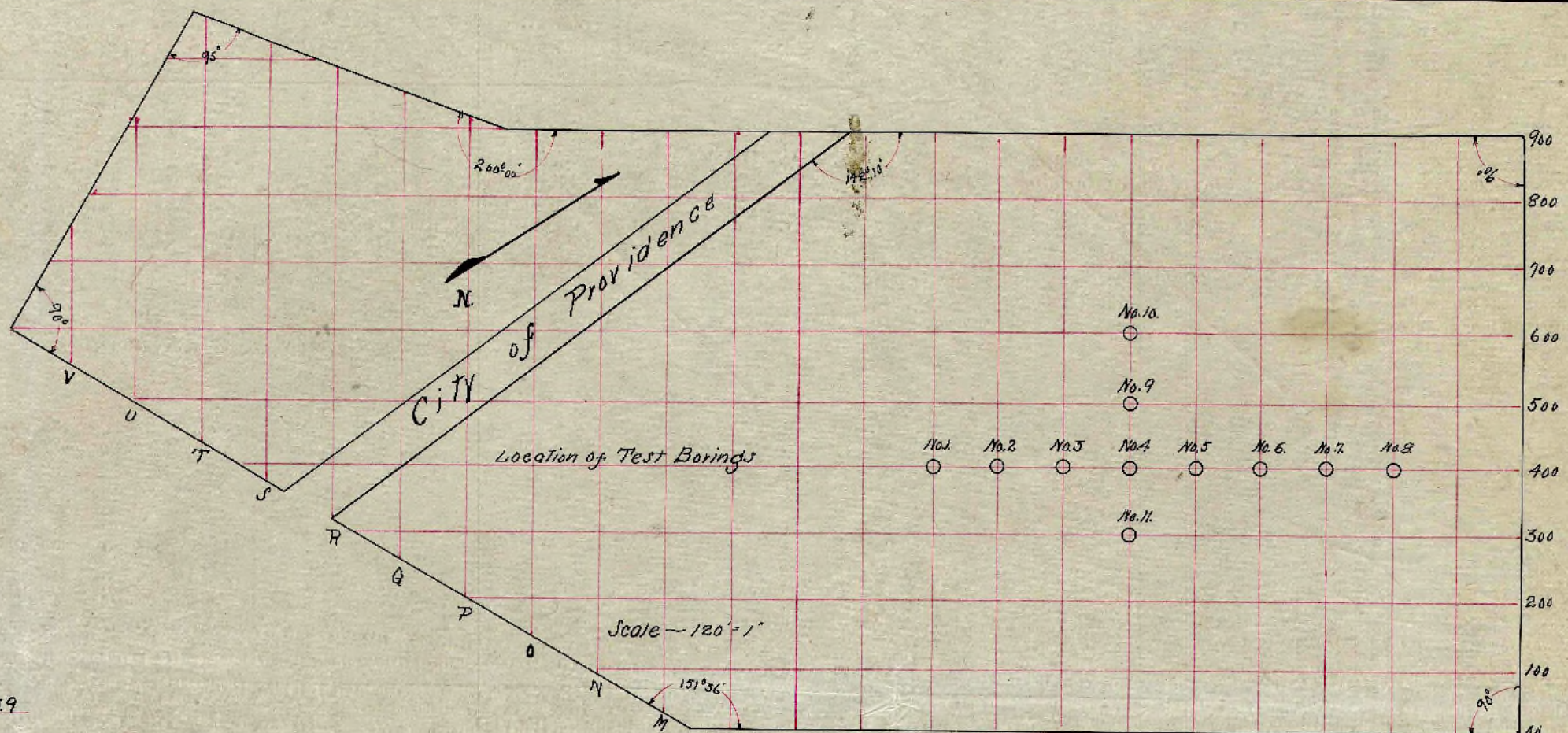
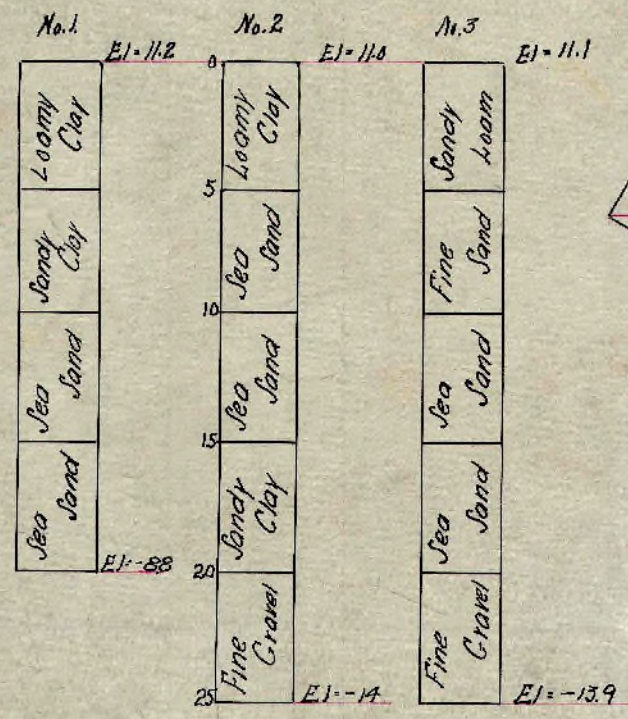
Appendix F – Laboratory Certificates of Analysis

Provided in a Separate Document



APPENDIX C

Boring and Test Pit Logs



Borings ~ 2" diameter

Scale ~ 40' = 1"

Providence Gas Company
Sassafras Point
Test Borings under Sassafras Point Plat
Scale ~ 40' = 1" June 5, 1912.

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

TO Haley & Aldrich, Inc. ADDRESS Cambridge, Mass.
 PROJECT NAME Gas Tank Installation LOCATION Providence, R.I.
 REPORT SENT TO above PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO " OUR JOB NO. 71-130

SHEET 1 OF 3
 DATE _____
 HOLE NO. 1
 LINE & STA. _____
 OFFSET _____
 SURF. ELEV. _____

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS		Rods - "AW" Type	CASING	SAMPLER	CORE BAR.	Date	Time
At <u>9.0'</u>	after <u>16</u> Hours					Size I.D. <u>NX</u>	<u>NX</u>
<u>8.5'</u>	after <u>1/2</u> Hours	Hammer Wt. <u>300#</u>	<u>300#</u>	<u>1 3/8"</u>	<u>3/5/71</u>	<u>_____</u>	
		Hammer Fall <u>24"</u>	<u>24"</u>	<u>30"</u>			

TOTAL HRS. _____
 BORING FOREMAN Peterson
 INSPECTOR Debbie Huff
 SOILS ENGR. _____

LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE		
				From 0-6	6-12	12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.
7		0'-1'6"	D	3	2	3	Dry loose	1.0'	Br. F-M SAND, bricks, cinders	1	18"	18"
6									Layer of fine SAND (FILL)			
19								4.0'				
20												
25							Wet loose					
25	5'-6'		D	3	4		V. dense		layer of black CINDERS	2	12"	12"
23	6'-6'2"		D**	60				7'6"	6'-6'2" CONCRETE	2A	2"	2"
13	6'6"-9'6"		D	3	3	8	Wet M. dense		Gray green fine to medium SAND, lit. silt & F-M gravel	3	36"	18"
17				8	8	5		9'6"				
9							Wet soft					
5	10'-11'6"		D	2	1	1			Gray ORGANIC SILT, some peat trace wood	4	18"	18"
8								13'				
10												
24							Wet medium dense					
28									Gray fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse gravel trace silt	5	18"	12"
10	15'-16'6"		D	13	13	9	"					
20												
28												
55												
50												
24	20'-21'6"		D	17	11	14	"			6	18"	12"
32												
50												
36												
28												
23	25'-26'6"		D	24	14	5	"		Yellow brown fine to coarse SAND, some silt, trace cobbles	7	18"	12"
23												
30												
30												
36							Wet very dense					
31	30'-31'6"		D	15	23	36		34'	at 30' some fine to coarse gravel	8	18"	12"
72												
98												
85												
48												
31	35'-36'6"		D	32	32	32	Wet very stiff		Pushing COBBLE	-	18"	0"
38												
75	36'6"-38'		D	25	13	17			Light gray brown SILT	9	18"	12"
77												
63												

GROUND SURFACE TO 95' USED NX CASING: THEN S/S to 97'

Sample Type
 D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed
 UP=Undisturbed Piston
 TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test
 UT=Undisturbed Thinwall

Proportions Used
 trace 0 to 10%
 little 10 to 20%
 some 20 to 35%
 and 35 to 50%

140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler
 Cohesionless Density Cohesive Consistency
 0-10 Loose 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard
 10-30 Med. Dense 4-8 M/Stiff
 30-50 Dense 8-15 Stiff
 50+ Very Dense 15-30 V. Stiff

SUMMARY:
 Earth Boring 97'
 Rock Coring
 Samples 22
 HOLE NO 1

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 2 OF 3
 DATE _____
 HOLE NO. 1
 LINE & STA. _____
 OFFSET _____
 SURF. ELEV. _____

TO Same as #1 ADDRESS Same as #1
 PROJECT NAME _____ LOCATION _____
 REPORT SENT TO _____ PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO _____ OUR JOB NO. _____

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS At <u>Same as #1</u> after _____ Hours _____ after _____ Hours	CASING <u>Same as #1</u> SAMPLER _____ CORE BAR. _____ Type _____ Size I.D. _____ Hammer Wt. _____ Hammer Fall _____	Date _____ Time _____ START <u>Same as #1</u> _____ a.m. COMPLETE _____ a.m. TOTAL HRS. _____ BORING FOREMAN _____ INSPECTOR _____ SOILS ENGR. _____
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LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE		
				From 0-6	To 6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.
55		40'-41'6"	D	12	9	10	Wet very stiff	44'	Light gray brown SILT	10	18"	12"
60												
100												
77												
35												
28		45'-47'	D	7	8	8	Wet medium dense		Brown fine to coarse SAND, trace silt & fine to medium gravel (running sand)	11	24"	12"
37				9								
39												
48												
65								50'				
52		50'-52'	D	60	40	38	Wet very dense		Brown fine to coarse SAND and gravel, trace silt (cobbles)	12	24"	6"
90				52								
76								53'				
100												
117												
72		55'-56'6"	D	20	22	23	Wet dense		Gray fine to coarse SAND, some silt & fine to coarse gravel (cobbles)	13	18"	18"
100												
100												
120												
95												
89		60'-62'	D	32	23	28	Wet very dense			14	24"	12"
109				23								
74												
83												
72												
73		65'-67'	D	21	16	15	Wet dense		Blue gray fine to medium SAND, little silt, trace fine to coarse gravel (cobbles)	15	24"	6"
73				19								
86												
130												
115												
60		70'-72'	D	15	20	28	Wet very dense			16	24"	6"
105				36								
130												
102												
80												
60		75'-76'6"	D	30	22	23	"			-	18"	0"
110		76'6"-77'6"	D	27	49		"	76'6"		17	12"	6"
172												
233												
90									Gray fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse gravel & silt (cobbles)			

GROUND SURFACE TO _____	USED _____	"CASING: THEN _____	SUMMARY: _____
Sample Type D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed UP=Undisturbed Piston TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	Proportions Used trace 0 to 10% little 10 to 20% some 20 to 35% and 35 to 50%	140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler Cohesionless Density 0-10 Loose 10-30 Med. Dense 30-50 Dense 50+ Very Dense	Cohesive Consistency 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard 4-8 M/Stiff 8-15 Stiff 15-30 V. Stiff
			Earth Boring _____ Rock Coring _____ Samples _____
			HOLE NO <u>1</u>

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 1 OF 2
 DATE _____
 HOLE NO. 3
 LINE & STA. _____
 OFFSET _____
 SURF. ELEV. _____

TO Haley & Aldrich, Inc. ADDRESS Cambridge, Mass.
 PROJECT NAME Gas Tank Installation LOCATION Providence, R.I.
 REPORT SENT TO above PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO " OUR JOB NO. 71-130

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS		Rods - "AW" Type _____ Size I.D. _____ Hammer Wt. _____ Hammer Fall _____	CASING _____	SAMPLER _____	CORE BAR _____	Date	Time	a.m. p.m.
At <u>9'</u> after <u>1/2</u> Hours	START <u>3/13/71</u>					_____	TOTAL HRS. _____ BORING FOREMAN <u>Peterson</u> INSPECTOR _____ SOILS ENGR. _____	
<u>15'</u> Casing	COMPLETE <u>3/15/71</u>	_____						
_____ after _____ Hours								

LOCATION OF BORING:

Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE		
			From 0-6	To 6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.
6	0'-1'6"	D	2	3	3	Dry loose	2'	Brown fine SAND (FILL)	1	18"	12"
10						Dry					
65						very dense		Black COAL, fine sand some silt	2	18"	12"
85	3'-4'6"	D	35	40	15	loose	6'		3	12"	6"
30						V. dense	6'	CONCRETE	3A	6"	6"
8	5'-6'	D	5	5							
120	6'-6'6"	D			100						
40											
25						Wet loose		Black fine to medium SAND trace coal FILL	4	18"	12"
20							12'				
3	10'-11'6"	D	6	5	3						
3											
6	12'-15'	D	1	per ft		Wet soft		Gray ORGANIC SILT, trace peat	5	36"	24"
6			2								
10			3				15'				
7	15'-16'6"	D	3	5	7	Wet medium dense		Gray fine to coarse SAND & organic silt	6	18"	12"
9											
10							18'				
12											
10						"		Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, little fine to coarse gravel, trace silt	7	18"	12"
16	20'-21'6"	D	3	6	10						
21											
31							23'				
41											
55						Wet very dense		Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse gravel, trace silt	8	18"	12"
30	25'-26'6"	D	29	21	31						
41											
50											
55						Wet medium dense					
65											
25	30'-32'	D	20	13	12				9	24"	18"
32			12								
45											
60											
45											
22	35'-37'	D	8	10	16	Wet dense			10	24"	18"
30			17								
40											
60											
56											

GROUND SURFACE TO 55' USED HW "CASING: THEN o.e. rod to 56'6"

Sample Type
 D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed
 UP=Undisturbed Piston
 TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test
 UT=Undisturbed Thinwall

Proportions Used
 trace 0 to 10%
 little 10 to 20%
 some 20 to 35%
 and 35 to 50%

140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler
 Cohesionless Density Cohesive Consistency
 0-10 Loose 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard
 10-30 Med. Dense 4-8 M/Stiff
 30-50 Dense 8-15 Stiff
 50+ Very Dense 15-30 V-Stiff

SUMMARY:
 Earth Boring 56'6"
 Rock Coring _____
 Samples 15

HOLE NO. 3

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 2 OF 2

DATE _____

HOLE NO. 3

LINE & STA. _____

OFFSET _____

SURF. ELEV. _____

TO Same as #1 ADDRESS Same as #1
 PROJECT NAME _____ LOCATION _____
 PORT SENT TO _____ PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO _____ OUR JOB NO. _____

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS
 At Same as #1 after _____ Hours
 _____ after _____ Hours

CASING _____ SAMPLER Same as #1 CORE BAR. _____
 Type _____
 Size I.D. _____
 Hammer Wt. _____ BIT _____
 Hammer Fall _____

Date Same as #1 Time _____
 START _____ a.m.
 COMPLETE _____ p.m.
 TOTAL HRS. _____
 BORING FOREMAN _____
 INSPECTOR _____
 SOILS ENGR. _____

LOCATION OF BORING:

Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE		
			From 0-6	To 6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.
35	40'-42'	D	9	10	10	Wet medium dense	Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse gravel, trace silt	11	24"	18"	
47			11								
47											
52											
55											
25	45'-47'	D	25	17	18	"	53'	12	24"	4"	
55			17								
46											
60											
65											
36	50'-51'6"	D	10	19	18	Wet dense	56.5'	13	18"	12"	
57											
55											
78											
90											
	55'-56'6"	D**	21	27	20	Dry very dense	Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium gravel & silt TILL	14	18"	12"	
Bottom of boring 56.5'											
D** denotes used 300# wt. on open end A rod sampler											

GROUND SURFACE TO _____ USED _____ "CASING: THEN _____

Sample Type D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed UP=Undisturbed Piston TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	Proportions Used trace 0 to 10% little 10 to 20% some 20 to 35% and 35 to 50%	140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler Cohesionless Density 0-10 Loose 10-30 Med. Dense 30-50 Dense 50+ Very Dense	Cohesive Consistency 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard 4-8 M/Stiff 8-15 Stiff 15-30 V-Stiff	SUMMARY: Earth Boring _____ Rock Coring _____ Samples _____
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HOLE NO. 3

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

TO Haley & Aldrich, Inc. ADDRESS Cambridge, Mass.
 PROJECT NAME Gas Tank Installation LOCATION Providence, R.I.
 PORT SENT TO above PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO " OUR JOB NO. 71-130

SHEET 1 OF 2
 DATE _____
 HOLE NO. 4
 LINE & STA. _____
 OFFSET _____
 SURF. ELEV. _____

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS <u>9'</u> after <u>16</u> Hours <u>40'</u> casing after _____ Hours	Rods - "AW" Type _____ Size I.D. <u>BX</u> Hammer Wt. <u>300#</u> Hammer Fall <u>24"</u>	CASING _____ SAMPLER <u>S/S</u> <u>1 3/8"</u> <u>140#</u> <u>30"</u>	CORE BAR. _____ BIT _____	Date _____ Time _____ START <u>3/10/71</u> a.m. COMPLETE <u>3/11/71</u> p.m. TOTAL HRS. _____ BORING FOREMAN <u>Peterson</u> INSPECTOR <u>Debbie Huff</u> SOILS ENGR. _____
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LOCATION OF BORING:

DEP.	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE		
				From 0-6	To 6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.
5		0'-2'	D	3	5	5	Dry medium dense	3'	Gray brown fine to medium SAND, little silt & fine to medium gravel	1	18"	12"
5				5								
4												
3												
2							Wet loose		Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, trace fine to medium gravel & silt	2	24"	6"
1		5'-7'	D	1	-	1		7'				
1		7'-8'	D	7	35		Wet dense		Gray-blue fine to coarse SAND, some F-C gravel Lit. Silt	3	12"	12"
19								9'				
300		9'-10'	D					10'	Wood & concrete	4	12"	-
14		10'-12'	D	13	9	7	Wet medium dense		Gray fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse gravel trace silt (oil odor noted)	5	24"	12"
23				9								
20												
25							Wet dense					
29												
15		15'-16'6"	D	15	16	17	Wet dense		layers of dense gravel & cobbles	6	18"	12"
30												
34												
24												
27							Wet very dense					
15		20'-21'6"	D	19	20	34		24'		7	18"	6"
30												
28												
35												
20							Wet very stiff		Brown SILT (varved), little fine sand in layers	8	24"	18"
16		25'-26'6"	D	13	10	12						
17				10								
25												
42												
60												
5		30'-32'	D	12	14	18	"			9	24"	-
6				10								
7												
9												
9												
7		35'-36'6"	D	6	12	14	"		Blue gray SILT	10	18"	18"
8								37'6"				
17							Wet V.dense	39'6'	Gray blue TILL - fine to coarse sand & silt	11	18"	4"
31		38'-39'6"	D	36	42	30			See following page			
40												
32												

GROUND SURFACE TO 50' USED BX "CASING: THEN S/S to 52'

Sample Type D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed UP=Undisturbed Piston TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	Proportions Used trace 0 to 10% little 10 to 20% some 20 to 35% and 35 to 50%	140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler Cohesionless Density 0-10 Loose 10-30 Med. Dense 30-50 Dense 50+ Very Dense	Cohesive Consistency 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard 4-8 M/Stiff 8-15 Stiff 15-30 V-Stiff
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SUMMARY:
 Earth Boring 52'
 Rock Coring _____
 Samples 17
HOLE NO. 4

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 1 OF 2
 DATE _____
 HOLE NO. 5
 LINE & STA. _____
 OFFSET _____
 SURF. ELEV. _____

TO Haley & Aldrich, Inc. ADDRESS Cambridge, Mass.
 PROJECT NAME Gas Tank Installation LOCATION Providence, R.I.
 REPORT SENT TO above PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO " OUR JOB NO. 71-130

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS		Rods- "AW"	CASING	SAMPLER	CORE BAR.	Date	Time
At <u>9'0"</u>	after _____ Hours	Type _____	_____	<u>S/S</u>	_____	START <u>3/11/71</u>	_____ a.m.
_____	after _____ Hours	Size I.D. <u>BX</u>	_____	<u>1 3/8"</u>	_____	COMPLETE <u>3/11/71</u>	_____ a.m.
		Hammer Wt. <u>300#</u>	_____	<u>140#</u>	BIT	TOTAL HRS. _____	
		Hammer Fall <u>24"</u>	_____	<u>30"</u>	_____	BORING FOREMAN <u>Peterson</u>	
						INSPECTOR <u>Debbie Huff</u>	
						SOILS ENGR. _____	

LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From-To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE		
				From 0-6	To 6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.
5		0'-1'	D	4	13		Wet M.dense	1'	Gray F-M SAND & gravel FILL	1	12"	8"
10		1'-1'6"	D			23	Dry	1'6"	Black COAL FILL	1A	6"	6"
21		1'6"-2'	D			24	M.dense		Yellow brown fine to medium SAND, trace fine to coarse gravel & silt FILL	1B	6"	6"
20							"					
20							"					
9		5'-7'	D	12	12	12	"	7.5'		2	24"	22"
15				12			"					
18							"					
15							"	9'	Brown fine SAND & gravel FILL			
13							Wet medium dense					
3		10'-12'	D	6	6	6	Wet medium dense	12'	Brown fine to medium SAND, trace fine gravel & silt	3	24"	12"
8				5								
8												
9												
10												
4		15'-17'	D	4	3	4	Wet loose	19'	Brown fine SAND, little silt, trace coarse sand	4	24"	12"
6				4								
9												
9												
14												
5		20'-21'6"	D	5	8	9	Wet M.dense	21'6"	Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, lit. F-M gravel, T/silt	5	18"	14"
7		21'6"-22'	D	8						5A	6"	3"
19												
36												
55							Wet medium dense		Brown fine to coarse SAND some fine to coarse gravel trace silt & cobbles			
17		25'-27'	D	13	9	9	Wet medium dense			6	24"	12"
16				9								
20												
58												
42												
17		30'-32'	D	17	20	23	Wet dense			7	24"	18"
40				25								
75												
50												
54												
31		35'-37'	D	20	22	18	"			8	24"	18"
41				30				37'				
110												
230												
100									Brown SILT W/layers of fine to coarse sand, trace fine gravel			

GROUND SURFACE TO 50' USED BX "CASING: THEN S/S to 52'

Sample Type
 D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed
 UP=Undisturbed Piston
 TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test
 UT=Undisturbed Thinwall

Proportions Used
 trace 0 to 10%
 little 10 to 20%
 some 20 to 35%
 and 35 to 50%

140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler
 Cohesionless Density
 0-10 Loose
 10-30 Med. Dense
 30-50 Dense
 50+ Very Dense
 Cohesive Consistency
 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard
 4-8 M/Stiff
 8-15 Stiff
 15-30 V. Stiff

SUMMARY:
 Earth Boring 52'
 Rock Coring _____
 Samples 15
 HOLE NO. 5

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 1 OF 2
 DATE _____
 HOLE NO. 8
 LINE & STA. _____
 OFFSET _____
 SURF. ELEV. _____

TO Haley & Aldrich, Inc. ADDRESS Cambridge, Mass.
 PROJECT NAME Gas Tank Installation LOCATION Providence, R.I.
 REPORT SENT TO above PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO " OUR JOB NO. 71-130

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS		Rods-"AW" Type	CASING Size I.D.	SAMPLER Hammer Wt.	CORE BAR. BIT	Date		Time
At	after					START	COMPLETE	
9'6"	after 1/2 Hours		HW	300#		3/22/71	3/23/71	a.m. p.m.
60' Casing								
8'6"	after 1/2 Hours							
No Casing			24"	30"				
						TOTAL HRS.	BORING FOREMAN <u>Peterson</u>	
						INSPECTOR _____	SOILS ENGR. _____	

LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From- To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE		
				From 0-6	6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.
5		0'-1'6"	D	3	3	3	Dry loose		Black ashes, coal, bricks concrete, sand & gravel (fill)	1	18"	12"
3												
2												
1												
2												
1		5'-6'6"	D	3	2	1	"	7'		2	18"	6"
-												
-												
1		10'-11'6"	D	3	3	4	Wet loose		Gray brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse gravel, little silt (oil odor)	3	18"	12"
6												
13												
21												
25							Wet medium dense					
6		15'-16'6"	D	7	4	9				4	18"	12"
6												
29												
30												
15												
1		20'-22'	D	13	9	8	"		Running up casing 18"	5	24"	6"
15												
14												
14												
1		25'-27'	D	10	20	10	"			6	24"	6"
16												
20												
30												
27												
6		30'-32'	D	10	7	7	"			7	24"	18"
17												
25								33'				
36												
44							Wet very stiff		Gray brown SILT, some fine to coarse sand, trace fine gravel	-	24"	0"
8		35'-37'	D	16	12	10	"			8	24"	10"
6												
16		37'-39'	D	9	10	14	"					
26												
39												

GROUND SURFACE TO 60' USED HW "CASING: THEN S/S to 62'

Sample Type D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed UP=Undisturbed Piston TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	Proportions Used trace 0 to 10% little 10 to 20% some 20 to 35% and 35 to 50%	140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler Cohesionless Density 0-10 Loose 10-30 Med. Dense 30-50 Dense 50+ Very Dense	Cohesive Consistency 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard 4-8 M/Stiff 8-15 Stiff 15-30 V-Stiff
SUMMARY: Earth Boring <u>62'</u> Rock Coring _____ Samples <u>14</u>			HOLE NO. <u>8</u>

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 2 OF 2
 DATE _____
 HOLE NO. 8
 LINE & STA. _____
 OFFSET _____
 SURF. ELEV. _____

TO Same as #1 ADDRESS Same as #1
 PROJECT NAME _____ LOCATION _____
 REPORT SENT TO _____ PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO _____ OUR JOB NO. _____

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS	CASING	SAMPLER	CORE BAR.	Date	Time
				START	_____
<u>Same as #1</u> after _____ Hours	Type	<u>Same as #1</u>	_____	COMPLETE	_____
_____ after _____ Hours	Size I.D.	_____	_____	TOTAL HRS.	_____
	Hammer Wt.	_____	_____	BORING FOREMAN	_____
	Hammer Fall	_____	_____	INSPECTOR	_____
			BIT	SOILS ENGR.	_____

LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From- To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE		
				From 0-6	To 6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.
13		40'-42'	D	18	19	12	Wet dense		Yellow brown SILT & fine to coarse sand, trace gravel	9	24"	12"
16				22								
36												
30												
23							Wet medium dense		Running sand 42" layers of silty sand	-	24"	0"
7		45'-47'	D	5	7	12	Wet					
10				14			very dense					
12		47'-49'	D	9	per ft.					10	24"	24"
15		(5' spoon)		21				49'				
14		49'-50'	D	65			Wet dense		Brown F-M silty SAND & fine to crs. gravel (Shale Frags)	11	12"	12"
20		50'-52'	D	19	21	9	Wet M.dense	50'		12	24"	12"
21				9								
23												
37												
32							Wet very dense		Brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse gravel trace silt			
12		55'-57'	D	19	21	35				13	24"	18"
37				35								
47												
48												
48												
		60'-62'	D	31	26	39	"	62'		14	24"	10"
				19								
									Bottom of boring 62'			

GROUND SURFACE TO _____	USED _____	"CASING: _____	THEN: _____
Sample Type	Proportions Used	140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler	SUMMARY:
D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed	Trace 0 to 10%	Cohesionless Density	Earth Boring _____
UP=Undisturbed Piston	little 10 to 20%	0-10 Loose	Rock Coring _____
TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test	some 20 to 35%	10-30 Med. Dense	Samples _____
UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	and 35 to 50%	30-50 Dense	
		50+ Very Dense	
		0-4 Soft 30+ Hard	
		4-8 M/Stiff	
		8-15 Stiff	
		15-30 V-Stiff	
			HOLE NO. <u>8</u>

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 1 OF 2
 DATE _____
 HOLE NO. 9
 LINE & STA. _____
 OFFSET _____
 SURF. ELEV. _____

TO Haley & Aldrich, Inc. ADDRESS Cambridge, Mass.
 PROJECT NAME Gas Tank Installation LOCATION Providence, R.I.
 PORT SENT TO above PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO " OUR JOB NO. 71-130

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS			CASING	SAMPLER	CORE BAR.	Date	Time
At <u>8'0"</u>	after <u>16</u> Hours	Rods - <u>"AW"</u>		<u>S/S</u>		START <u>3/24/71</u>	<u>_____</u> a.m.
<u>50'</u> casing		Type _____	<u>HW</u>	<u>1 3/8"</u>		COMPLETE <u>3/25/71</u>	<u>_____</u> p.m.
	after _____ Hours	Size I.D. _____	<u>300#</u>	<u>140#</u>		TOTAL HRS. _____	
		Hammer Wt. _____	<u>24"</u>	<u>30"</u>	<u>BIT</u>	BORING FOREMAN <u>E. Peterson</u>	
		Hammer Fall _____				INSPECTOR <u>Debbie Huff</u>	
						SOILS ENGR. _____	

LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE		
				From 0-6	6-12	12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.
	<u>2</u>	<u>0'-1'</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>9</u>		<u>Dry</u>	<u>1'</u>	<u>Brown F-M SAND & cinders</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>12"</u>	<u>12"</u>
	<u>7</u>	<u>1'-2'</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>medium dense</u>		<u>Yellow brown fine to coarse SAND, some fine to coarse gravel, trace silt</u>	<u>1A</u>	<u>12"</u>	<u>12"</u>
	<u>27</u>											
	<u>26</u>											
	<u>15</u>											
	<u>18</u>	<u>5'-7'</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>"</u>			<u>2</u>	<u>24"</u>	<u>24"</u>
	<u>26</u>			<u>12</u>								
	<u>32</u>											
	<u>46</u>											
	<u>50</u>						<u>Wet medium dense</u>					
	<u>20</u>	<u>10'-12'</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>13</u>				<u>3</u>	<u>24"</u>	<u>18"</u>
	<u>25</u>			<u>12</u>								
	<u>21</u>											
	<u>18</u>							<u>14'</u>				
	<u>14</u>						<u>Wet loose</u>		<u>Yellow brown fine to medium SAND, some silt, trace fine gravel (fibers).</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>24"</u>	<u>18"</u>
	<u>11</u>	<u>15'-17'</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>						
	<u>13</u>			<u>3</u>								
	<u>17</u>											
	<u>21</u>											
	<u>20</u>							<u>20'</u>				
	<u>12</u>	<u>20'-22'</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>Yellow brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>24"</u>	<u>18"</u>
	<u>14</u>			<u>4</u>								
	<u>17</u>											
	<u>20</u>							<u>24'</u>				
	<u>22</u>						<u>Wet medium dense</u>		<u>Yellow-brown fine to coarse SAND, little fine to coarse gravel, trace silt & cobbles</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>24"</u>	<u>18"</u>
	<u>19</u>	<u>25'-27'</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>15</u>						
	<u>62</u>			<u>12</u>								
	<u>48</u>											
	<u>50</u>											
	<u>55</u>						<u>Wet dense</u>					
	<u>20</u>	<u>30'-32'</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>25</u>				<u>7</u>	<u>24"</u>	<u>18"</u>
	<u>95</u>			<u>23</u>								
	<u>53</u>											
	<u>33</u>							<u>34'</u>				
	<u>27</u>						<u>Wet medium dense</u>		<u>Yellow-brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt & mica</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>24"</u>	<u>18"</u>
	<u>13</u>	<u>35'-37'</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>6</u>						
	<u>20</u>			<u>8</u>								
	<u>33</u>											
	<u>30</u>											
	<u>25</u>											

GROUND SURFACE TO 50' USED HW "CASING: THEN S/S to 52'

Sample Type D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed UP=Undisturbed Piston TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	Proportions Used trace 0 to 10% little 10 to 20% some 20 to 35% and 35 to 50%	140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler Cohesionless Density 0-10 Loose 10-30 Med. Dense 30-50 Dense 50+ Very Dense	Cohesive Consistency 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard 4-8 M/Stiff 8-15 Stiff 15-30 V-Stiff	SUMMARY: Earth Boring <u>52'</u> Rock Coring _____ Samples <u>12</u>
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HOLE NO 9

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 1 of 3

DATE _____

HOLE NO. B-29

LINE & STA. _____

OFFSET _____

SURF. ELEV. 11.00

TO Providence Gas Co.-Maloy & Aldrich ADDRESS Cambridge, Mass.
 PROJECT NAME Tank Site LOCATION Providence, R.I.
 REPORT SENT TO above PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO " OUR JOB NO. 71-297

GROUND-WATER OBSERVATIONS		Casing Lois-"AW" Type _____ Size I.D. <u>1 3/8"</u> Hammer Wt. <u>300#</u> Hammer Fall <u>24"</u>	SAMPLER <u>S/S</u> <u>1 3/8"</u> <u>100#</u> <u>32"</u>	CORE BAR _____	Date _____ Time _____	START <u>7/16/71</u> a.m.
At <u>13'4"</u> after <u>1/2</u> Hours	COMPLETE <u>7/15/71</u> p.m.					
At _____ after _____ Hours	TOTAL HRS. _____	BORING FOREMAN <u>D. Harold</u>	INSPECTOR _____	SOILS ENGR. _____		

LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE			
				From 0-6	6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.	
10	2	0'-2'	D	2	7	27	Dry	13'7"	Gray-brown fine SAND, some fine to medium gravel FILL	1	24'	24'	
	13			10			very dense						
	12												
	15												
	14												
	12	5'-7'	D	17	11	5	Dry loose				2	20'	24'
	9			3									
	17												
	5												
	6												
20	3						Wet medium dense						
	3												
	5	12'-13'	D	13				15'8"	Cored CONCRETE - FILL	3	12'	11'	
	1						Wet very stiff						
	6	15'-16'	D	10	13	10			Brown SILT, some fine sand	4	24'	24'	
	14			12									
	13												
	12	20'-22'	D	15	13	9	Wet medium dense			5	24'	24'	
	19			11									
	16												
30	8	25'-27'	D	7	5	9	"			6	24'	24'	
	15			10									
	23												
	24												
	22	30'-32'	D	11	22	22	Wet dense			7	24'	24'	
	23			21									
	25												
	26												
	17	35'-37'	D	11	13	15	"	34'6"	Gray medium to coarse SAND, trace fine gravel & silt	8	25'	21'	
	21			14									
40	33												
	33												

GROUND SURFACE TO 04' USED DNF "CASING: THEN S/S to 07'

Sample Type	Proportions Used	140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler	SUMMARY:
D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed	trace 0 to 10%	Cohesionless Density	Earth Boring <u>07'</u>
UP=Undisturbed Piston	little 10 to 20%	0-10 Loose	Rock Coring _____
TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test	some 20 to 35%	10-30 Med. Dense	Samples <u>10</u>
UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	and 35 to 50%	30-50 Dense	
		50+ Very Dense	HOLE NO. <u>B-29</u>
		0-4 Soft 30+ Hard	
		4-8 M/Stiff	
		8-15 Stiff	
		15-30 V-Stiff	

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 2 OF 3

DATE _____

HOLE NO. B-29

LINE & STA. _____

OFFSET _____

SURF. ELEV. _____

TO From ea #1
 PROJECT NAME _____
 REPORT SENT TO _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO _____

ADDRESS Same as #1
 LOCATION _____
 PROJ. NO. _____
 OUR JOB NO. _____

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS At <u>Same as #1</u> after _____ Hours At _____ after _____ Hours	CASING _____ SAMPLER <u>Same as #1</u> CORE BAR _____ Type _____ Size I.D. _____ Hammer Wt. _____ Hammer Fall _____	Date _____ Time _____ START <u>Same as #1</u> g/m COMPLETE _____ p/m TOTAL HRS. _____ BORING FOREMAN _____ INSPECTOR _____ SOILS ENGR. _____
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LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE													
				From 0-6	6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec.											
50	15	43'-42'	D	15	25	37	Moist very dense	42'	Gray medium SAND, trace fine gravel & silt (running)	9	24'	24'											
	26			35																			
	50																						
	70																						
	103																						
	29	45'-47'	D	22	37	33							"	53'6"	Gray fine to coarse SAND & gravel, little silt	10	24'	24'					
	47			37																			
	50																						
	60																						
	72																						
27	50'-52'	D	17	24	33	"	53'6"	Gray fine to coarse running SAND, trace silt	11	24'	24'												
45			32																				
53																							
65																							
80	55'-57'	D	7	19	34							"							53'6"	Gray medium running SAND, trace silt	12	24'	24'
42			19																				
67																							
80																							
87																							
60	60'-62'	D	9	24	34								"	53'6"	Gray medium running SAND, trace silt	13	24'	24'					
64			33																				
65																							
66																							
75	65'-67'	D	6	13	27	"	53'6"	Gray medium running SAND, trace silt	14	24'	24'												
60			35																				
83																							
87																							
70	70'-72'	D	2	20	49							"							53'6"	Gray medium running SAND, trace silt	15	24'	24'
84			43																				
85																							
88																							
50	73'-77'	D	3	15	33								"	53'6"	Gray medium running SAND, trace silt	16	24'	24'					
71			37																				
80																							
85																							
81																							

GROUND SURFACE TO _____ Sample Type D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed UP=Undisturbed Piston TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	USED _____ Proportions Used trace 0 to 10% little 10 to 20% some 20 to 35% and 35 to 50%	"CASING: THEN _____ 140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler Cohesionless Density 0-10 Loose 10-30 Med. Dense 30-50 Dense 50+ Very Dense	SUMMARY: Earth Boring _____ Rock Coring _____ Samples _____
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HOLE NO. B-29

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 3 OF 3

DATE _____

HOLE NO. B-29

LINE & STA. _____

OFFSET _____

SURF. ELEV. _____

TO same as #1

ADDRESS same as #1

PROJECT NAME _____

LOCATION _____

REPORT SENT TO _____

PROJ. NO. _____

SAMPLES SENT TO _____

OUR JOB NO. _____

	Date _____ Time _____
START _____	Date <u>same as #1</u> Time _____
COMPLETE _____	o.m. _____
TOTAL HRS. _____	p.m. _____
BORING FOREMAN _____	
INSPECTOR _____	
SOILS ENGR. _____	

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS	CASING	SAMPLER	CORE BAR	
At <u>same as #1</u> after _____ Hours	Type _____	<u>same as #1</u>	_____	
At _____ after _____ Hours	Size I.D. _____	_____	_____	
	Hammer Wt. _____	_____	BIT _____	
	Hammer Fall _____	_____	_____	

LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE			
				From 0-6	To 6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen	Rec	
90	02	11'-12'	D	6	21	34	Moist very dense		Gray fine to medium SAND Note: sand running up casing 10' at 90'	17	24"	24	
	03												
	04												
	05												
	06												
	07												
	08												
	09												
	10												
	11												
100	12	15'-17'	D	11	15	27	"	Bottom of boring 97'	18	24"	24		
	13												
	14												
	15												
	16												
	17												
	18												
	19												
	20												
	21												

GROUND SURFACE TO _____	USED _____	"CASING: THEN _____	
Sample Type D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed UP=Undisturbed Piston TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	Proportions Used trace 0 to 10% little 10 to 20% some 20 to 35% and 35 to 50%	140 lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler Cohesionless Density 0-10 Loose 10-30 Med. Dense 30-50 Dense 50+ Very Dense	Cohesive Consistency 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard 4-8 M/Stiff 8-15 Stiff 15-30 V-Stiff
			SUMMARY: Earth Boring _____ Rock Coring _____ Samples _____
			HOLE NO. <u>B-29</u>

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 1 OF 2
 DATE _____
 HOLE NO. B-30
 LINE & STA. _____
 OFFSET _____
 SURF. ELEV. 11.50

To Providence Gas Co., -Haley & Aldrich ADDRESS Cambridge, Mass.
 PROJECT NAME Tank Site LOCATION Providence, R.I.
 REPORT SENT TO above PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO " OUR JOB NO. 71-297

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS	CASING	SAMPLER	CORE BAR	Date	Time
At <u>11'10"</u> after <u>20</u> min.	Rods - " <u>AH</u> "	S/S	_____	START <u>7/16/71</u>	a.m.
At _____ after _____ Hours	Type _____	1 3/8"	_____	COMPLETE <u>7/20/71</u>	p.m.
	Size I. D. <u>2 1/2"</u>	140#	_____	TOTAL HRS. _____	
	Hammer Wt. <u>300#</u>	30"	_____	BORING FOREMAN <u>C. Lenling</u>	
	Hammer Fall <u>24"</u>	_____	_____	INSPECTOR _____	
				SOILS ENGR. _____	

LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE					
				From	To	To				No.	Per.	Rec.			
				0-6	6-12	12-18									
10	3	0'-2'	D	2	7	12	Moist medium dense	5'	6" Brown fine SAND to black fine SAND, little silt, trace coarse gravel FILL	1	24"	15'			
	10			15											
	16														
	26														
	37														
	17	5'-7'	D	16	15	14	"			10'	Gray-brown fine to coarse SAND, trace silt & coarse to fine gravel, trace cement	2	24"	12'	
	25			16											
	27														
	24														
	20														
11	10'-12'	D	9	13	10	wet medium dense	15'	Gray-brown fine to coarse SAND, little silt, little fine to medium gravel	3			24"	14'		
8			12												
26															
31															
33															
15	15'-17'	D	18	24	22	Wet hard			15'	Brown SILT, little fine sand	4	24"	12'		
24			24												
29															
22															
20															
19	20'-22'	D	12	18	23	Wet very dense	15'	Brown SILT (varved) & fine sand layers			5	24"	12'		
25			26												
33															
42															
47															
23	25'-27'	D	20	26	31	"			15'	Brown SILT (varved) & fine sand layers	6	24"	13'		
34			37												
42															
50															
60															
32	30'-32'	D	10	21	20	"	15'	Brown SILT (varved) & fine sand layers			7	24"	8'		
47			32												
73															
85															
96															
38	35'-37'	D	12	32	36	"			15'	Brown SILT (varved) & fine sand layers	8	24"	12'		
63			39												
94															
127															
40	108														

GROUND SURFACE TO 50' USED 2 1/2" CASING: THEN S/S to 59'

Sample Type
 D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed
 UP=Undisturbed Piston
 TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test
 UT=Undisturbed Thinwall

Proportions Used
 trace 0 to 10%
 little 10 to 20%
 some 20 to 35%
 and 35 to 50%

140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler
 Cohesionless Density Cohesive Consistency
 0-10 Loose 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard
 10-30 Med. Dense 4-8 M/Stiff
 30-50 Dense 8-15 Stiff
 50+ Very Dense 15-30 V. Stiff

SUMMARY:
 Earth Boring 59'
 Rock Coring _____
 Samples 13
 HOLE NO. B-30

American Drilling & Boring Co., Inc.

100 WATER STREET EAST PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SHEET 2 OF 3

DATE _____

HOLE NO. B-31

LINE & STA. _____

OFFSET _____

SURE. ELEV. 11.5'

TO _____ ADDRESS _____
 PROJECT NAME 8000 03-01 LOCATION 8000 03-01
 REPORT SENT TO _____ PROJ. NO. _____
 SAMPLES SENT TO _____ OUR JOB NO. _____

GROUND WATER OBSERVATIONS At <u>8000 03-01</u> after _____ Hours Type _____ Size I.D. _____ Hammer Wt. _____ Hammer Fall _____	CASING _____ SAMPLER <u>Same as #1</u> CORE BAR _____ BIT _____	Date _____ Time _____ START <u>8000 03-01</u> _____ a.m. COMPLETE _____ p.m. TOTAL HRS. _____ BORING FOREMAN _____ INSPECTOR _____ SOILS ENGR. _____
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LOCATION OF BORING:

DEPTH	Casing Blows per foot	Sample Depths From - To	Type of Sample	Blows per 6" on Sampler			Moisture Density or Consist.	Strata Change Elev.	SOIL IDENTIFICATION Remarks include color, gradation, Type of soil etc. Rock-color, type, condition, hardness, Drilling time, seams and etc.	SAMPLE			
				From 0-6	6-12	To 12-18				No.	Pen.	Rec.	
50	19	40'-41'5"	D	9	25	33	Wet dense	40'0"	Brown fine to medium SAND, trace of silt	8	24	1	
	21			16									
	23												
	25												
	27												
	29	45'-47'	D	5	23	21	"		45'0"	Brown fine to coarse SAND, some silt, little fine gravel	9	25	1
	31			1									
	33												
	35												
	37												
39													
41													
43													
45													
47	50'-52'	D	1	34	35	Wet very dense	50'0"	Brown fine to medium SAND some silt, & fine to medium gravel, cemented		10	26	1	
49			3										
51													
53													
55													
57	55'-57'	D	2	28	21	Wet dense		55'0"		11	27	1	
59			2										
61													
63													
65													
67													
69													
71													
73													
75													
60	57	60'-62'	D	7	32	32	Wet very dense	60'0"	Brown fine to medium SAND, coarse fine to medium gravel	12	28	1	
	59			3									
	61												
	63												
	65												
	67												
	69												
	71												
	73												
	75												
70	62	65'-67'	D	3	34	44	"	70'0"	Brown fine to coarse running SAND	13	29	1	
	64			3									
	66												
	68												
	70												
	72												
	74												
	76												
	78												
	80												
80	65	68'-72'	D	12	29	27	"	80'0"	Gray fine to coarse running SAND	14	30	1	
	67			1									
	69												
	71												
	73												
	75												
	77												
	79												
	81												
	83	75'-77'	D	2	38	35	"		85'0"	Gray fine to coarse SAND, silt, fine gravel, and decomposed shale, FILL	15	31	1
85			2										
87													
89													
91													
93													
95													
97													
99													
101													

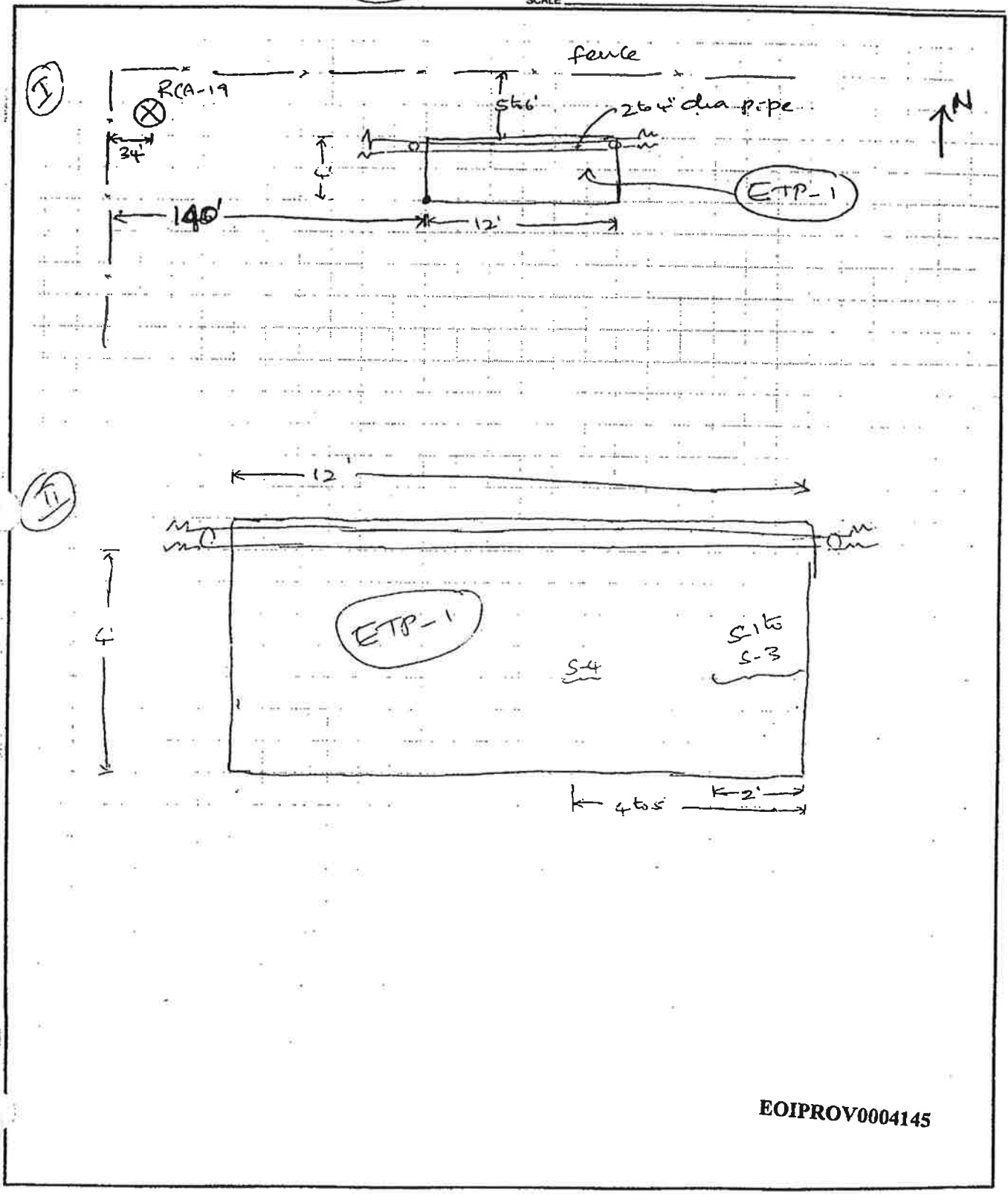
GROUND SURFACE TO _____ Sample Type _____ D=Dry C=Cored W=Washed UP=Undisturbed Piston TP=Test Pit A=Auger V=Vane Test UT=Undisturbed Thinwall	USED _____ "CASING: THEN _____ Proportions Used trace 0 to 10% little 10 to 20% some 20 to 35% and 35 to 50%	140lb Wt. x 30" fall on 2" O.D. Sampler Cohesionless Density Cohesive Consistency 0-10 Loose 0-4 Soft 30+ Hard 10-30 Med. Dense 4-8 M/Stiff 30-50 Dense 8-15 Stiff 50+ Very Dense 15-30 V-Stiff	SUMMARY: Earth Boring _____ Rock Coring _____ Samples _____
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HOLE NO. B-31

RESOURCE CONTROL ASSOCIATES, INC.
Environmental Assm., Engineering & Remediation
474 Broadway
PAWTUCKET, RHODE ISLAND 02860
(401) 728-6860

ETP-1

JOB A2000 ETP-1
SHEET NO. 2 OF 2
CALCULATED BY _____ DATE _____
CHECKED BY _____ DATE 2/13/96
SCALE _____

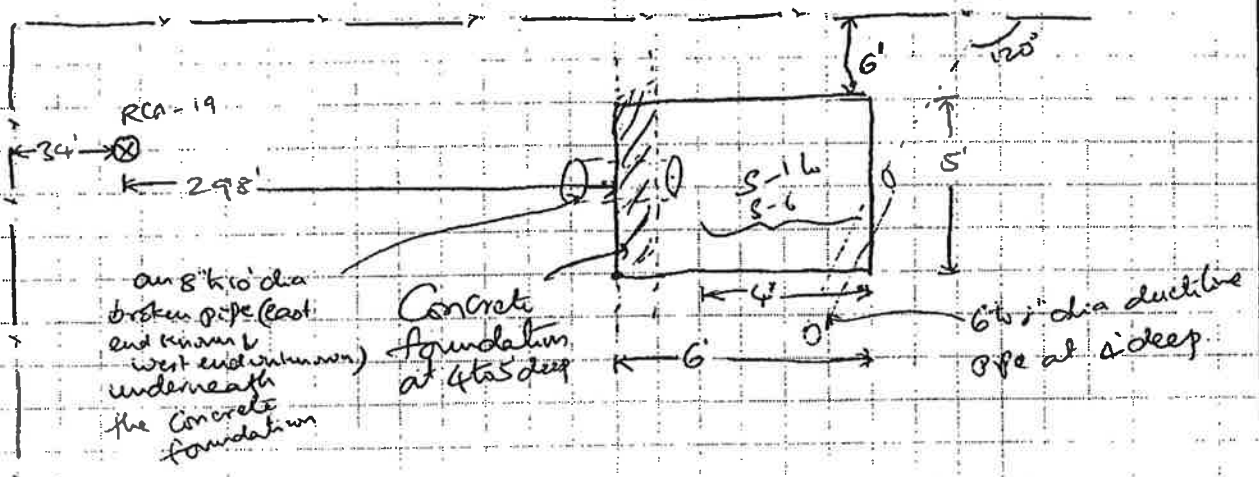


EOIPROV0004145

RESOURCE CONTROL ASSOCIATES, INC.
Environmental Assm., Engineering & Remediation
474 Broadway
PAWTUCKET, RHODE ISLAND 02860
(401) 728-6860

ETP-2

JOB A 2000
SHEET NO. 2 OF 2
CALCULATED BY _____ DATE 2/13/96
CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____
SCALE _____



EOIPROV0004147



RESOURCE CONTROLS TEST PIT LOG

RESOURCE CONTROL ASSOCIATES, INC.

Project: Providence Gas Company		Location: 642 Allens Avenue, Providence, Rhode Island		Test Pit No. ETP-4	
Test pit dimensions: 5.5' x 10' x 8' (D)		Face of Test Pit logged: Composite		Date excavated: 2/14/96	
Depth to water: Not encountered		Excavated by: JP (Zecco, Inc.)		Project No.: A2000	
Surface elevation: 10.51'		Surface conditions: frost		Sheet No.: 1 of 2	
Logged by: SC					
DEPTH (feet)	Sample No.	Description	Elevation (feet)	PID Readings (ppm)	
	@	excavation is started along the south edge of the exposed concrete foundation (probably south edge of the Retort House [#10]) inside the dike			
0-2	S-1	(at 2' deep) cobbles, brick, and some rebar, coarse SAND (fill)		13.9	
2-3		damp, black/tan, coarse to med. SAND, rebar protruding from the foundation edge, bricks and stones			
3-4		damp, black, med. to fine SAND, bricks and stones			
6-7	S-2	damp (like paste), black, homogenous fine SAND and silt, smells like coal tar		19.6	
7-8	S-3	damp (like paste), black, homogenous fine SAND and silt, smells like coal tar		14.7	
	@	at 6' deep, found a small pipe of less than 6' dia., dripping liquid. However could not figure out what type of liquid and the test pit caved in.			
	@	at 8' deep found a concrete floor/base and groundwater was not encountered.			
	Note:	During this test pit excavation, it is heavily snowing.			
	@	The concrete foundation is more than 8' deep.			
				Summary	
				Depth: 8'	
				No of Samples: 3 soil samples	
				Test Pit No. ETP-4	

EOIPROV0004150

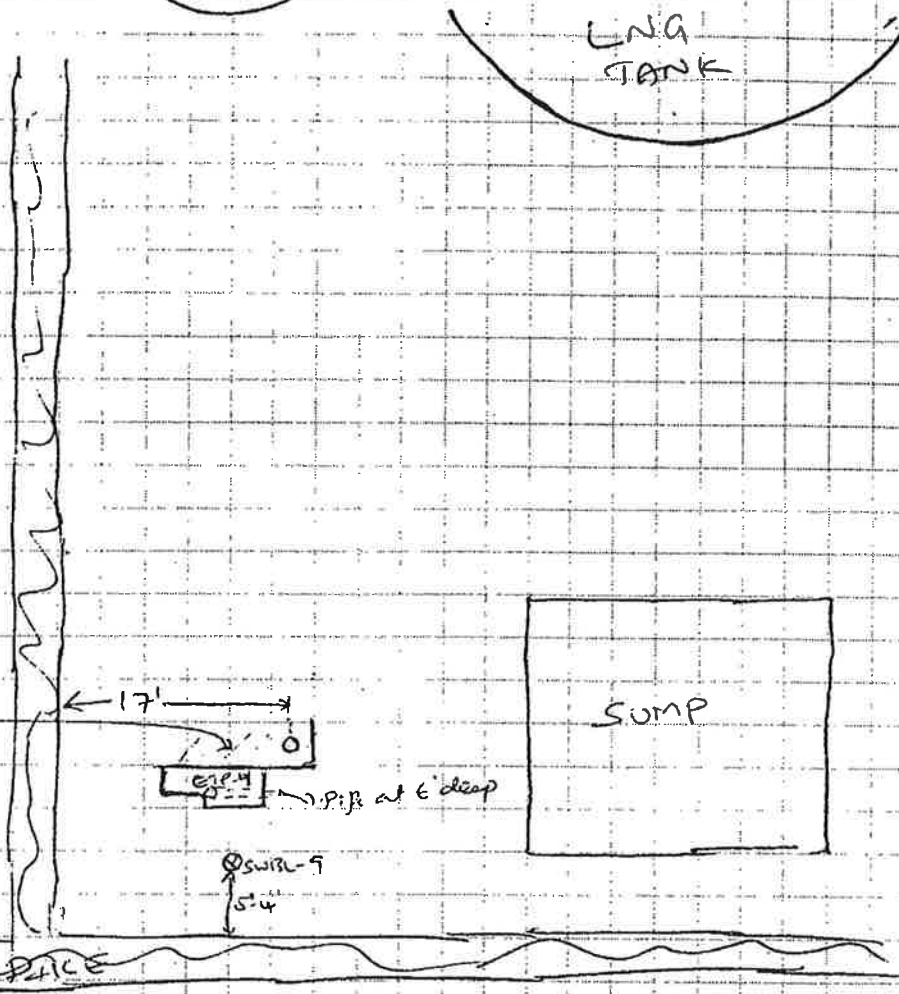
RESOURCE CONTROLS
 Environmental Assm., Engineering & Remediation
 474 Broadway
 PAWTUCKET, RHODE ISLAND 02860
 (401) 728-6860

JOB: A200
 SHEET NO: 2 OF 2
 CALCULATED BY: _____ DATE: 2/14/91
 CHECKED BY: _____ DATE: _____
 SCALE: _____

ETP-4

(I)

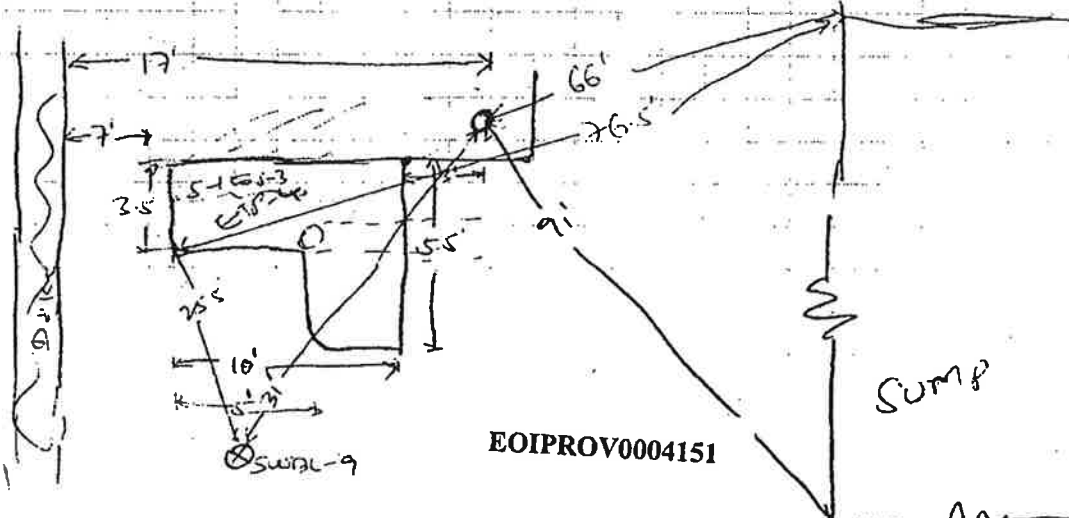
exposed
concrete
foundation



SWR-9
5.4

RICE

(II)



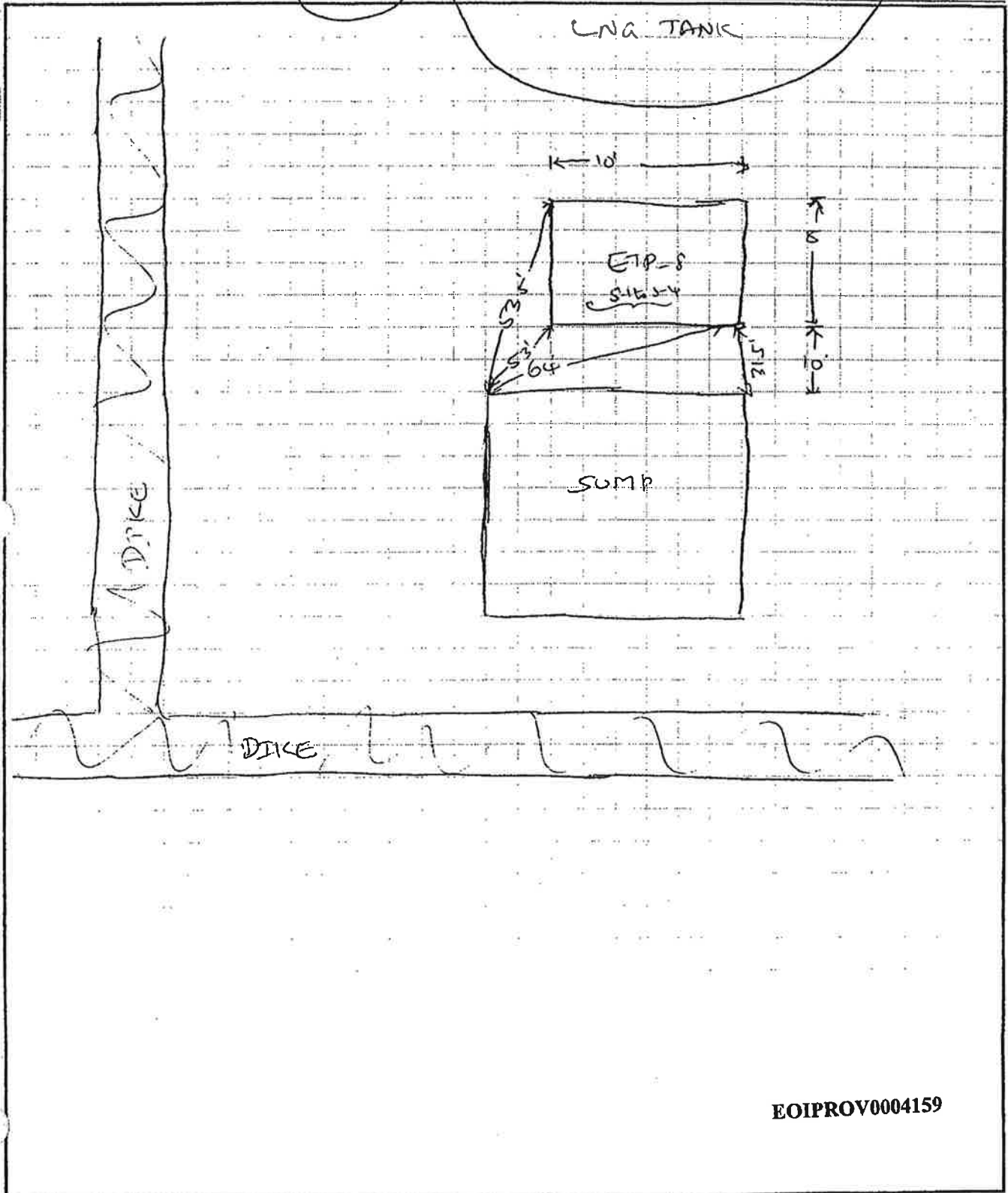
EOIPROV0004151

SUMP

RESOURCE CONTROLS
Environmental Assm., Engineering & Remediation
474 Broadway
PAWTUCKET, RHODE ISLAND 02860
(401) 728-6860

ETP-8

JOB _____
SHEET NO. 2 OF 2
CALCULATED BY _____ DATE 2/15/96
CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____
SCALE _____



EOIPROV0004159

Site: Fields Point, Providence, RI

Client: Algonquin LNG, Inc.

Coordinates: N 327.65 W 397.92

Groundwater Depth:

Contractor: American Drilling

Logged by: A.C. Smith

Date Start - Finish: 11/06/95 - 11/06/95

Ground Elevation: 10.251 ft

Total Depth Drilled: 62 ft

Rig Type: CME-75

Depth to Bedrock:

Driller: R. Leger

Casing Used: None

Methods:

Drilling Soil: 4.25" hollow-stem augers

Sampling Soil: Standard split-spoon sampler driven using a CME automatic SPT hammer

Drilling Rock: None

Comments: Groundwater depth as noted during sampling.

Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Sample		Blows or Recovery RQD	SPT N Value	USC Symbol	Sample Description
		Type	No.				
10.3	0						
	5						
	10	S	4	3-3-6-7 (11.0")	9	GP-GM	S-4: Sandy gravel, subrounded, fine, 30-40% coarse to fine sand, 5-15% slightly plastic fines, loose, gray-brown, strong hydrocarbon odor.
	15	S	5	12-14-7-8 (5.0")	21	GP-GM	S-5: Similar to S-4, except medium dense.
	20	S	6	2-2-7-9 (12.0")	9	GP-GM	S-6: Similar to S-4.
	25	S	7	7-8-13-20 (12.0")	21	GP-GM	S-7: Similar to S-4, except medium dense.
	30	S	8	8-7-9-11 (16.0")	16	GM ML-GP	S-8A (Top 2"): Similar to S-4. S-8B (Bot. 14"): Silt, nonplastic, 15-25% fine sand, medium dense, brown; one slightly plastic layer 2" thick.
-10	35	S	9	6-5-6-8 (16.0")	11	SP-SM ML	S-9A (Top 10"): Sand, medium to fine, 5-10% nonplastic fines, medium dense, brown. S-9B (Bot. 6"): Silt, nonplastic, 15-25% fine sand, medium dense, brown.

Legend/Notes

- Datum is NGVD 1929.
- ▽ indicates groundwater level.
- █ indicates location of samples.
- Blows = number of blows required to drive 2" O.D. sample spoon 6" or distance shown using 140 pound hammer falling 30".
- () = inches of sample recovery.
- Recovery = % rock core recovery.
- RQD = Rock Quality Designation.
- SPT N = Standard Penetration Test resistance to driving, blows/ft.
- USC = Unified Soil Classification system.
- * indicates use of 300 pound hammer.

Sample Type:

S = Standard split-spoon

Approved
DRB

Date
04/05/96

Site: Fields Point, Providence, RI

Logged by: A.C. Smith

Elev (ft)	depth (ft)	Sample		Blows or Recovery RQD	SPT N V a l u e	USC Symbol	Sample Description
		Type	No.				
-15	25	S	10	5-7-7-7 (16.0')	14	ML	S-10: Silt, nonplastic, 15-25% fine sand, medium dense, brown.
-20	30	S	11	5-6-6-9 (18.0')	12	ML	S-11: Similar to S-10.
-25	35	S	12	20-16-14-12 (11.0')	30	SP-SM	S-12A (Top 1"): Similar to S-10. S-12B (Bot. 15"): Gravelly sand, widely graded, 15-25% fine gravel, 5-15% nonplastic fines, medium dense, gray.
-30	40	S	13	7-10-13-19 (11.0')	23	SP	S-13: Sand, medium to fine, <10% nonplastic fines, medium dense, gray.
-35	45	S	14	19-14-23-25 (14.0')	37	SM SW-SM	S-14A (Top 10"): Silty sand, fine, 10-20% nonplastic fines, dense, brown. S-14B (Bot. 4"): Gravelly sand, widely graded, 35-45% fine gravel, 5-15% nonplastic fines, dense, gray. Note: Very gravelly while augering from 47 to 50 feet.
-40	50	S	15	28-32-36-42 (20.0')	68	SW	S-15: Gravelly sand, widely graded, 35-45% fine gravel, <10% nonplastic fines, very dense, gray.
-45	55	S	16	37-38-44-45 (17.0')	82	SW	S-16: Similar to S-15.
-50	60	S	17	28-17-14-22	31	SW	S-17: Similar to S-15.





BOTTOM OF BORING AT 62 FEET

Note: See Sheet 1 for Boring Summary and Legend Information

Approved
DRB

Date
04/05/96

NOT MENTIONED
IN THE SITE

RESOURCE CONTROLS					TEST BORING LOG																
PROJECT: Providence Gas Company PROJECT NO.: A2000 LOCATION: 642 Aliens Avenue, Providence, R.I. DRILLING CO.: American Drilling, Inc. DRILLED BY: Jim Campbell INSPECTED BY: Daniel Lanier					BORING NO. RCA-7 PAGE 1 OF 1 DATE STARTED: 9/9/94 DATE FINISHED: 9/9/94 SURFACE ELEVATION:																
GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS																					
<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 20%;">DEPTH</th> <th>STABILIZATION TIME</th> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </table>					DEPTH	STABILIZATION TIME			<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">CASING</th> <th>SAMPLER</th> </tr> <tr> <td>TYPE:</td> <td>Split Spoon</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SIZE I.D.:</td> <td>1-3/8"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HAMMER WT.:</td> <td>140 lbs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HAMMER FALL:</td> <td>30 in.</td> </tr> </table>			CASING	SAMPLER	TYPE:	Split Spoon	SIZE I.D.:	1-3/8"	HAMMER WT.:	140 lbs.	HAMMER FALL:	30 in.
DEPTH	STABILIZATION TIME																				
CASING	SAMPLER																				
TYPE:	Split Spoon																				
SIZE I.D.:	1-3/8"																				
HAMMER WT.:	140 lbs.																				
HAMMER FALL:	30 in.																				
DEPTH (FT.)	SAMPLING DEPTH (FT.) FROM - TO	SAMPLE DATA			WELL DATA	STRATA CHANGE (FT.)	LITHOLOGY (DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS) GRAVEL	FIELD TEST DATA PID - 10.2 eV (ppm)													
		ID	PERCENT RECOV.	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES																	
5'	2	S-1		GRAB			damp, brown, coarse to medium SAND, little fine sand (fil)	60.9													
	4-6	SS-1	65%	6-7-7-10																	
10'	6-8	SS2	50%	16-24-38-26		13.5	damp, olive-brown, medium to fine SAND, trace coarse sand SAME, trace gravel	92.4 58.3													
	8-10	SS-3	10%	4-5-3-8																	
15'	10-12	SS-4	40%	3-1-2-3		17.5	SAME, with fine brick, petroleum odor saturated, olive, coarse to medium SAND, some silt, oily olive silt, trace clay	369 359 60.1													
	12-14	SS-5	70%	5-3-2-2																	
20'	14-16	SS-6	90%	2-1-2-3			saturated, olive, fine SAND, and SILT, trace coarse sand brown, medium SAND, petroleum odor	23.2 318													
	16-18	SS-7	100%	3-5-5-7																	
25'							Bottom of exploration at 18'														
30'																					
GENERAL REMARKS: 10" 0.020"-slot EFG screen 8-1/2" borehole HSA/ boring #2 silica sand pack 2'-10" standpipe																					

EOIPROV0003862

LNG



RESOURCE CONTROL ASSOCIATES, INC.

DRILLING LOG

PROJECT: Providence Gas
 PROJECT NO.: A2000
 LOCATION: 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, RI
 DRILLING CO.: American Drilling
 DRILLED BY: Rick Leger
 INSPECTED BY: Brian Koch

BORING NO. RCA-29/SWBL-9
 PAGE 1 OF 2
 DATE STARTED: 2/13/96
 DATE FINISHED: 2/13/96
 SURFACE ELEVATION: Unknown
 SWBL-9 (BORING) DRILLED 11/6/95
 WITHIN 10' DISTANCE

GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS

DEPTH	STABILIZATION TIME

TYPE: CASING SAMPLER
 SIZE I.D.: HSA 1-1/4"
 HAMMER WT.: 3-3/4" Split Spoon
 HAMMER FALL: 140 lbs.
 30 in.

DEPTH (FT.)	SAMPLING DEPTH (FT.) FROM - TO	SAMPLE DATA			WELL DATA	STRATA CHANGE (FT.)	LITHOLOGY (DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS)	FIELD TEST DATA PID - 10.2 eV (ppm)
		ID	PERCENT RECOV.	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES				
5'	5'-7'	SS-1		32-31-12-14		Dry, dark brown, fine SAND	33.0	
10'	10'-12'	SS-2		10-12-14-12		Wet, olive, med.-course SAND and gravel, trace silt	90.0	
15'	12'-14'	SS-5	20%	12-14-7-8		SAME	47.7	
	14'-16'	SS-6	40%	2-2-7-9		Wet, dark olive, GRAVEL and COARSE SAND, trace silt, petroleum	92.5	
20'	16'-18'	SS-7	50%	13-20-8-7		Wet, dark olive, coarse to medium SAND, little gravel	26.7	
	18'-20'	SS-8	70%	8-7-9-11		Wet, olive SILT	13.1	
	20'-22'	SS-9	75%	6-5-6-8		Wet, olive, fine SAND, little medium sand Wet, olive fine SAND and SILT	14.5	
25'	25'-27'	SS-10	65%	5-7-7-7		Wet, olive fine SAND and SILT	10.9	
30'	30'-32'	SS-11	80%	5-6-6-9		Wet, olive SILT, little fine sand medium sand lens @ 31' (1.5")	11.9	
35'	35'-37'	SS-12	70%	20-16-14-12		Wet, olive-grey/black, coarse to medium SAND some fine sand and silt (til-like)	11.8	
40'								

GENERAL REMARKS:

Note:
 Cuttings at approx. 4' appeared moist and had petrol odor. Took spoon at 5'-7'

Stratigraphy from 12' to 62' obtained from adjacent boring SWBL-9 (SS-5 to SS-17)

EOIPROV0003890



**RESOURCE
CONTROL
ASSOCIATES, INC.**

DRILLING LOG

PROJECT: Providence Gas
 PROJECT NO.: A2000
 LOCATION: 642 Allen Avenue
 Providence, RI
 DRILLING CO.: American Drilling
 DRILLED BY: Rick Leger
 INSPECTED BY: Brian Koch

BORING NO. RCA-29/SWBL-9
 PAGE 2 OF 2
 DATE STARTED: 2/13/96
 DATE FINISHED: 2/13/96
 SURFACE ELEVATION: Unknown
 SWBL-9 (BORING) DRILLED 11/6/95
 WITHIN 10' DISTANCE

GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS

DEPTH	STABILIZATION TIME

TYPE: CASING SAMPLER
 SIZE I.D.: HSA Split Spoon
 HAMMER WT.: 3-3/4" 1-1/4"
 HAMMER FALL: 140 lbs.
 30 in.

DEPTH (FT.)	SAMPLING DEPTH (FT.) FROM - TO	SAMPLE DATA			WELL DATA	STRATA CHANGE (FT.)	LITHOLOGY (DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS)	FIELD TEST DATA PID - 10.2 eV (ppm)
		ID	PERCENT RECOV.	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES				
45'	40'-42'	SS-13	35%	7-10-13-19	46.5	Wet, olive-gray, med. SAND, trace silt	13.4	
	45'-47'	SS-14	65%	19-14-23-25		Wet, olive, medium to fine SAND, trace coarse sand GRAVEL	11.5	
50'	50'-52'	SS-15	80%	28-32-36-42		Wet, olive-grey, coarse to medium SAND, some gravel, fine sand silt (silt-like)	15.9	
	55'-57'	SS-16	80%	37-38-44-45		SAME	36.7	
60'	60'-62'	SS-17	80%	28-17-14-22		Wet, olive, medium to fine SAND, little coarse sand, gravel	21.3	
						Bottom of exploration at 62' grouted to surface		
70'						Well Construction: 2" diameter SCH 80 High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) 0.010" Slot Screen		
						Screen - 12'-2' Top of sand - 1.5' Top of Bentonite seal - 0.5'		
75'								
80'								

GENERAL REMARKS:

Note:
 Cuttings at approx. 4' appeared moist and had petrol odor. Took spoon at 5'-7'

Stratigraphy from 12' to 62' obtained from adjacent boring SWBL-9 (SS-5 to SS-17)

EOIPROV0003891

NOT MENTIONED
IN HBSIR



DRILLING LOG

PROJECT: Providence Gas
 PROJECT NO.: A2000
 LOCATION: 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, RI
 DRILLING CO.: American Drilling
 DRILLED BY: Rick Leger
 INSPECTED BY: Brian Koch

BORING NO. RCA-31
 PAGE 1 OF 1
 DATE STARTED: 2/23/96
 DATE FINISHED: 2/23/96
 SURFACE ELEVATION: Unknown

GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS

DEPTH	STABILIZATION TIME
10'	

TYPE: HSA
 SIZE I.D.: 3-3/4"
 HAMMER WT.: 140 lbs.
 HAMMER FALL: 30 in.

DEPTH (FT.)	SAMPLING DEPTH (FT.) FROM - TO	SAMPLE DATA			WELL DATA	STRATA CHANGE (FT.)	LITHOLOGY (DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS)	FIELD TEST DATA PID - 10.2 cv (ppm)
		ID	PERCENT RECOV.	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES				
5'	0-2'	SS-1	50%	33-12-18-24		Dry, brown-olive fine SAND, little gravel, trace silt Dry, olive, drk. brown gravel and fine-med. SAND, trace silt 4'-5' - Dry, black fine SAND, some gravel, trace silt 5'-6' - Dry, olive fine SAND, some gravel, trace silt Dry, olive fine SAND and gravel Moist olive fine SAND, trace gravel Wet, olive SILT and fine sand Wet, olive fine-coarse SAND, some gravel Wet, olive fine-coarse SAND, little gravel, trace silt Bottom of exploration at 16' Well Construction: 2" diameter SCH 80 High Density Polyethylene (HDP) 0.010" Slot Screen Screen - 15'-5" Sand - 4" Bentonite - 2" Sand - 1" Concrete to grade	1.7	
	2-4'	SS-2	20%	12-12-18-4			2.0	
	4-6'	SS-3	45%	4-3-4-4			2.4	
10'	6-8'	SS-4	8%	5-6-2-2			2.2	
	8-10'	SS-5	60%	5-4-8-13			2.6	
	10-12'	SS-6	12%	8-10-9-6			2.8	
15'	12-14'	SS-7	10%	1-2-2-2			2.6	
	14-16'	SS-8	15%	4-4-6-3			3.4	
20'								
25'								
30'								
35'								
40'								

GENERAL REMARKS:

EOIPROV0003893

LN6



DRILLING LOG

PROJECT: Providence Gas
 PROJECT NO.: A2000
 LOCATION: 642 Alless Avenue
 Providence, RI
 DRILLING CO.: American Drilling
 DRILLED BY: Rick Leger
 INSPECTED BY: Brian Koch

BORING NO. RCA-33
 PAGE 1 OF 1
 DATE STARTED: 2/23/96
 DATE FINISHED: 2/23/96
 SURFACE ELEVATION: Unknown

GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS

DEPTH	STABILIZATION TIME
4.5'	

TYPE: CASING HSA
 SIZE I.D.: 3-3/4"
 SAMPLER Split Spoon
 1-1/4"
 HAMMER WT.: 140 lbs.
 HAMMER FALL: 30 in.

DEPTH (FT.)	SAMPLING DEPTH (FT.) FROM - TO	SAMPLE DATA			WELL DATA	STRATA CHANGE (FT.)	LITHOLOGY (DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS)	FIELD TEST DATA PD - 10.2 eV (ppm)
		ID	PERCENT RECOV.	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES				
5'	0'-2'	SS-1	50%	5-5-13-15		6	Dry, brown coarse GRAVEL and fine-coarse sand	16.6
	2'-4'	SS-2	50%	12-13-19-23			Dry, drk gray-olive coarse GRAVEL and fine-coarse sand	48.7
	4'-6'	SS-3	80%	9-13-23-28			Moist, olive-gray fine-med. SAND, coarse gravel	61.4
10'	6'-8'	SS-4	70%	18-19-33-38		11	Moist olive GRAVEL, little silt, fine-med. sand (stiff till)	40.0
	8'-10'	SS-5	85%	4-14-16-14			Same as SS-4	50.0
	10'-12'	SS-6	95%	16-19-43-100			Moist, gray-olive fine-med. SAND and gravel, trace silt (hard till)	42.5
15'	14'-16'	SS-7	80%	3-4-5-6			Wet, black, med.-coarse SAND, little gravel, petrol odor	54.8
	16'-18'	SS-8	100%	74-15-4-2			Wet, gray, fine-coarse SAND, little gravel, petrol odor	21.8
20'						Bottom of exploration at 18'		
25'						Well Construction: 2" diameter SCH 80 High Density Polyethylene (HDP) 0.010" Slot Screen Screen - 15.5'-3.5' Sand - 2.5' Bentonite - 1.5' 2.5' Standpipe Snickup		
30'								
35'								
40'								

GENERAL REMARKS:

EOIPROV0003895

CEMENT



RESOURCE CONTROL ASSOCIATES, INC.

DRILLING LOG

PROJECT: Providence Gas
 PROJECT NO.: A2000
 LOCATION: 642 Allens Avenue Providence, RI
 DRILLING CO.: American Drilling
 DRILLED BY: Chris Stamos
 INSPECTED BY: Brian Koch

BORING NO. RCA-37
 PAGE 1 OF 1
 DATE STARTED: 5/2/96
 DATE FINISHED: 5/2/96
 SURFACE ELEVATION: Unknown

GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS

DEPTH	STABILIZATION TIME
11'	



TYPE: HSA
 SIZE I.D.: 3-3/4"
 HAMMER WT.: 140 lbs.
 HAMMER FALL: 30 in.

DEPTH (FT.)	SAMPLING DEPTH (FT.) FROM - TO	SAMPLE DATA			WELL DATA	STRATA CHANGE (FT.)	LITHOLOGY (DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS)	FIELD TEST DATA PID - 10.2 eV (ppm)
		ID	PERCENT RECOV.	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES				
5'	4'-6'	SS-1	85%	4-6-6-5		Dry, brown, fine SAND, trace silt and gravel	3.4	
10'	6'-8'	SS-2	100%	8-10-14-12		Moist, brown, fine SAND, some silt, trace gravel	3.0	
	8'-10'	SS-3	2%	3-3-4-5		Wet, brown, same as SS-3	2.8	
	10'-12'	SS-4	75%	3-5-5-4		Wet, brown, fine SAND, some silt, trace gravel	2.1	
15'	12'-14'	SS-5	60%	8-12-14-21		Wet, brown, fine SAND and silt	2.7	
	14'-16'	SS-6	85%	2-2-2-2		Wet, black, medium-coarse SAND, some gravel	3.1	
					Wet, black, fine -coarse SAND	3.0		
					Wet, black, organic SILT, trace clay	3.7		
20'						Bottom of exploration at 17'		
25'						Well Construction: 2" diameter SCH 80 High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) 0.020" Slot Screen Screen - 17-7' # 1 Sand Pack - 17-5' Bentonite - 5-3' # 1 Sand Pack - 3'-0.5' Concrete to grade		
30'								
35'								
40'								

GENERAL REMARKS:

EOIPROV0003899

LN 6

DRILLING LOG																	
 RESOURCE CONTROL ASSOCIATES, INC.	<p>PROJECT: Providence Gas PROJECT NO.: A2000 LOCATION: 642 Alless Avenue Providence, RI DRILLING CO.: American Drilling DRILLED BY: Chris Stamos INSPECTED BY: Daniel M. Lanier</p>	<p>BORING NO. RCA-38 PAGE 1 OF 1 DATE STARTED: 5/2/96 DATE FINISHED: 5/2/96 SURFACE ELEVATION: Unknown</p>															
GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS		<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <th>DEPTH</th> <th>STABILIZATION TIME</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">6'</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	DEPTH	STABILIZATION TIME	6'												
DEPTH	STABILIZATION TIME																
6'																	
		<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <th>TYPE:</th> <th>CASING</th> <th>SAMPLER</th> </tr> <tr> <td>SIZE I.D.:</td> <td>HSA</td> <td>Split Spoon</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HAMMER WT.:</td> <td>3-3/4"</td> <td>1-1/4"</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HAMMER FALL:</td> <td></td> <td>140 lbs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>30 in.</td> </tr> </table>	TYPE:	CASING	SAMPLER	SIZE I.D.:	HSA	Split Spoon	HAMMER WT.:	3-3/4"	1-1/4"	HAMMER FALL:		140 lbs.			30 in.
TYPE:	CASING	SAMPLER															
SIZE I.D.:	HSA	Split Spoon															
HAMMER WT.:	3-3/4"	1-1/4"															
HAMMER FALL:		140 lbs.															
		30 in.															
DEPTH (FT.)	SAMPLING DEPTH (FT.) FROM - TO	SAMPLE DATA			WELL DATA	STRATA CHANGE (FT.)	LITHOLOGY (DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS)	FIELD TEST DATA PID - 10.2 eV (ppm)									
		ID	PERCENT RECOV.	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES			GRAVEL										
5'	4'-6'	SS-1	50%	11-11-18-17		11' 11'	(SANDY FILL)										
	6'-8'	SS-2	95%	24-20-15-16			Damp, gray, coarse-medium, SAND, little gravel (fill)	132.0									
10'	8'-10'	SS-3	85%	11-11-13-12			Moist, same as SS-1	67.5									
	10'-12'	SS-4	75%	8-6-9-10			Moist, dark olive, medium, SAND, some coarse sand, little gravel	132.0									
15'							Saturated, olive, medium, SAND, little coarse sand	50.3									
20'							Bottom of exploration at 14.5'										
25'							Well Construction: 2" diameter SCH 80 High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) 0.020" Slot Screen										
30'							Screen - 14.5'-4.5' # 1 Sand Pack - 14.5'-3.5' Bentonite - 3.5'-2.5' # 1 Sand Pack - 1'-0.5' HDPE riser - 4.5'-2.5' Concrete to grade										
35'																	
40'																	
GENERAL REMARKS:																	

EOIPROV0003900

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company 642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI	Boring No.: A13
ESS Job No: P151-002	Date: 3/3/00
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.	Within 100' of Water: Yes
Well Diameter: N/A	Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Drilling Method: Geoprobe	Boring Depth: 10.0'
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler	Depth to Water: 9.0'
	Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	22/24	1130	0.0	(2-20") F/M brown sand with LI gravel and LI small/large black cinders with TR cinder ash; dry; light odor of petroleum odor (0-24") F/M gray stained sand with LI gravel; dry; light petroleum odor.
B	2-4	45/48		0.0	(27-51") F/M brown/gray stained sand; dry; heavy odor unknown origin. (51-60") F/dense black cinder ash with SO small/large black cinders; dry; no odor. (60-72") F/M brown sand and silt with LI gravel; dry; no odor.
C	4-6			7.6	
D	6-8	40/48		0.0	
E	8-10		1150	27.2	(80-84") F brown/gray sand and cinder ash with TR gravel; dry; no odor. (84-102") F/M brown sand and gravel; dry; no odor. (102-120") F black/gray stained silt with SO gravel and SO F sand; saturated with water at 108"; heavy petroleum odor.
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LJ) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company 642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI	Boring No.: A14
ESS Job No: P151-002	Date: 2/3/00
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.	Within 100' of Water: Yes
Well Diameter: N/A	Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVI
Drilling Method: Geoprobe	Boring Depth: 10.0'
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler	Depth to Water: 9.0'
	Logged By: Jason Wiggin

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1115	0.0	(0-12") F/M brown sand with SO gravel and TR organic M/C sand at 3-5", TR silt. (12-24") F brown sand with SO silt and TR gravel and TR coal and ash throughout interval; dry except wet from 14-17".
B	2-4	46/48		0.0	(26-30") F reddish brown sand and silt; dry. (30-34") F/M gray sand with LI gravel and TR silt; dry. (34-38") F light tan, silty sand with black staining; dry. (38-45") F dark gray/brown sand and silt, black stained; dry; coal ash at 43-45". (45-55") yellow/green sandy silt, black staining; dry. (55-72") F green/gray sand and silt; dry. Petroleum odor.
C	4-6		1125	0.0	
D	6-8	34/48		1.7	(86-88") F green/gray coal ash; dry. (88-105") F yellow/brown silty sand; (105-120") F black stained sand and silt with LI gravel, mostly at 117-120", petroleum odor, sheen observed. Wet at 108"
E	8-10			4.7	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A15
Date: 2/3/00
Within 100' of Water: Yes
Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 6.0'
Depth to Water: 5.5'
Logged By: Jason Wiggin

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1150	9.5	(0-24") F/C brown sand, LI gravel, TR gray/green ash/dust at 6 and 17", TR coal ash/coal at 8" and 22".
B	2-4	48/48	1210	14.9	(24-50") F/M brown sand, TR gravel, TR silt; petroleum odor; dry. (50-72") F gray/brown silty sand; wet at 68".
C	4-6			17.6	
D	6-8				
E	8-10				
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A16

Date: 2/3/00

Within 100' of Water: Yes

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVI

Boring Depth: 10.0'

Depth to Water: 9.5'

Logged By: Jason Wiggin

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1350	6.8	(0-24") F/M brown sand with LI gravel and LI silt and TR coal ash throughout sample; damp.
B	2-4	40/48		0.0	(27-72") F/M brown sand with LI F/C gravel and LI silt with TR coal ash, TR yellow ash and sand at 44".
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	45/48	1400	0.0	
E	8-10			0.0	(80-91") F/M brown sand with TR silt and TR coal ash; damp. (91-101") F/C yellow/brown sand with TR silt and TR gravel. (101-105") F/C green/gray sand and TR silt. (105-120") F black coal ash with SO gravel. Wet at 114".
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR)	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.
LITTLE (LI)	M = MEDIUM		G = 144-168 in.
SOME (SO)	C = COARSE		H = 168-192 in.
AND	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		I = 192-216 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		J = 216-240 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		K = 240-264 in.
			L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A17

Date: 2/3/00

Within 100' of Water: Yes

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 6.0'

Depth to Water: 5.7'

Logged By: Jason Wiggin

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1415	4.0	(0-13") F/M brown sand with LI gravel and TR silt; TR powder (white) at 7"; dry. (13-24") F/C gray dark black sand with SO coal ash and TR silt; dry.
B	2-4	37/48	1425	0.0	(35-46") F black sand and coal ash with TR silt; moist. (46-72") F/M brown sand with TR gravel and TR silt, TR coal ash, and black staining throughout. Wet at 66".
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8				
E	8-10				
	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A18
Date: 2/3/00
Within 100' of Water: Yes
Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVI
Boring Depth: 10.0'
Depth to Water: 7.0'
Logged By: Jason Wiggan

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1450	0.0	(0-24") F/C brown sand with SO F gravel, LI coal and coal ash, TR silt; dry.
B	2-4	43/48		0.0	(29-62") F brown sand, LI F/C gravel, TR silt, TR coal ash; damp. (62-72") F brown sand and silt; moist. (80-84") F brown sand and silt; moist. (84-103") F gray/brown sand, TR silt, TR F/C gravel, black staining and slight petroleum odor; wet. (103-110") F/C brown sand with TR F gravel; wet. (110-120") F brown sand, LI silt, wet.
C	4-6		1500	0.0	
D	6-8	48/48		0.0	
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:
Refusal of stone at 14'

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
		F = FINE	(+1.5-4.0') PVC Solid Riser (4.0-9.0') PVC Screen One inch sump at 9.0'	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
AND	35-50%	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A19

Date: 2/4/00

Within 100' of Water: Yes

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 10.0'

Depth to Water: 7.5'

Logged By: Darryl Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1330	0.0	(0-6") F/C brown sand and gravel; dry; no odor. (6-24") F/M brown sand and gravel with SO M shiny black cinders; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	46/48		0.0	(26-34") F/M black/dark brown sand and gravel with TR cinder ash; dry; no odor. (34-41") F/M black/orange stained sand with SO M orange/black cinders; dry; no odor. (41-72") F brown sand with TR gravel; dry; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	48/48	1345	0.0	
E	8-10			0.0	(72-84") F brown sand with TR gravel and black cinder ash; dry; no odor. (84-120") F brown sand with TR silt; saturated with water at 90"; dry; no odor.
	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED

TRACE (TR) 0-10%
LITTLE (L) 10-20%
SOME (SO) 20-35%
AND 35-50%

ABBREVIATIONS

F = FINE
M = MEDIUM
C = COARSE
F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM
F/C = FINE TO COARSE
M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE

Well Construction

N/A

DEPTH INTERVALS

A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
E = 96-120 in. K = 240-264 in.
F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A24
Date: 2/9/00
Within 100' of Water: Yes
Instrument: Thermo Environment
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVI
Boring Depth: 10.0'
Depth to Water: 7.5'
Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	0915	0.0	(0-14") F/M brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (14-18") pulverized stone/concrete. (18-24") F/M brown sand and gravel; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	43/48		0.0	(29-36") black/orange/yellow, cinder ash with SO small/M dull black cinders; dry; no odor. (36-72") F light brown sand with TR gravel; dry; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	44/48	0940	0.0	(76-92") F brown sand with TR gravel; damp; no odor. (92-120") F brown sand with SO silt; saturated with water at 91"; no odor;
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company	Boring No.: A29
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI	Date: 2/9/00
ESS Job No: P151-002	Within 100' of Water: No
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.	Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Well Diameter: N/A	Boring Depth: 10.0'
Drilling Method: Geoprobe	Depth to Water: 9.0'
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler	Logged By: Jason Wiggin

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	0850	0.0	(0-24") F/M light brown sand, SO gravel, TR white ash, TR silt; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	44/48		0.0	(28-34") F/M brown/gray sand, TR silt; damp. (34-72") F/M brown/light brown sand, LI gravel, LI F/M black coal/ash/cinders, TR silt; dry; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	43/48	0900	0.0	(77-85") F brown/gray sand, TR silt; damp. (85-112") F light brown sand, TR silt; damp. (112-120") F/M light brown sand, TR silt; wet; no odor;
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		G = 144-168 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		H = 168-192 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		I = 192-216 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		J = 216-240 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		K = 240-264 in.
			L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A30

Date: 2/9/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 10.0'

Depth to Water: 9.5'

Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	0845	0.0	(0-11") crush stone with SO F/M brown sand and SO gravel; dry; no odor. (11-24") F/M sand and gravel with SO black cinder ash and black cinders in interval; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	40/48		0.0	(32-34") F/C brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (34-48") F black stained orange/brown sand with SO cinder ash and SO small shiny cinders; dry; no odor. (48-72") F brown/light brown sand with TR gravel; dry; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	28/48		0.0	
E	8-10		0900	0.0	(92-98") F/M brown sand with SO loose black cinder ash; dry; no odor. (98-109") F brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (109-112") pulverized stone; wet. (112-120") F sand and silt with TR gravel; saturated with water; no odor.
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A32

Date: 2/9/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVI

Boring Depth: 10.0'

Depth to Water: 9.8'

Logged By: Jason Wiggin

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	0950	0.0	(0-5") F/M dark gray sand, TR silt, damp, red staining. (5-11") F/C tan/light brown sand, TR silt, orange (O2) apparent at 7"; dry; black staining at 13-16" and at approximately 24". (11-24") F/C brown sand, LI F/M gravel, TR silt, TR coal ash at 13"; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	46/48		0.0	(26-40") F/M brown sand, LI F gravel; LI black ash/coal, staining, TR silt; no odor; TR light gray dust/ash; dry. (40-60") light brown/gray sand and F gravel or broken concrete, LI gray ash; dry. (60-72") F/M brown sand, LI C gravel, TR silt; dry; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	45/48		0.0	
E	8-10		1000	0.0	(75-81") F brown sand, LI silt, black staining, TR black coal/ash. (81-92") light gray, broken concrete with dark specks. (92-100") F/C light brown/gray sand, LI broken concrete, TR silt, TR black ash/coal bits. (100-110") light gray broken concrete with dark specks. (110-120") F/M brown sand, SO black stained sand with ash/coal; wet; no odor; water table at 117".
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A39

Date: 2/17/00

Within 100' of Water:

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth:

Depth to Water:

Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2				Refusal. No samples recovered.
B	2-4				
C	4-6				
D	6-8				
E	8-10				
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	(+1.0-3.0') PVC Solid Riser (3.0-8.0') PVC Screen One inch sump at 8.0'	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE	F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.	

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A43
Date: 2/17/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVI
Boring Depth: 10.0'
Depth to Water: 8.0'
Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1420	0.0	(0-6") pulverized stone/gravel/wet topsoil. (6-24") F/M dark brown/brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	31/48		0.0	(41-56") F/M dark brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (56-72") F/M brown sand and gravel; dry; no odor.
C	4-6		1440	0.0	
D	6-8	48/48		0.0	(105-120") F/M sand and silt with LI gravel; wet; no odor.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A44
Date: 2/17/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 14.0'
Depth to Water: 12.0'
Logged By: Nicole Murry

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1330	0.0	(0-4") M/C brown sand. (4-8") black cinder ash with black cinder ash stone. (8-24") poorly sorted F/C brown sand with M/large gray gravel, coal bits, cinder ash and brick throughout the interval.
B	2-4	36/48		0.0	(36-40") poorly sorted F/C brown sand with M/large gray gravel, coal bits, cinder ash and brick throughout. (40-41") stone with orange M sand. (41-48") poorly sorted dark brown sand with black cinder ash and small/M gravel. (48-56") very C orange/brown sand. (56-72") poorly sorted orange/brown sand with small/M gravel, cinder ash; (56-62") gravel sand at 66-68.
C	4-6		1350	0.0	
D	6-8	36/48		0.0	(84-120") very C brown/orange sand, loose LI stone at 116".
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12	38/48		0.0	
G	12-14	38/48		0.0	(130-168") poorly sorted, very C orange/brown sand; saturated at 144".

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A49

Date: 2/17/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 14.0'

Depth to Water: 13.5'

Logged By: Nicole Murry

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1250	0.0	(0-24") poorly sorted F/M brown sand mixed with small/large rounded gravel, black cinder ash, cinder ash stone, brick, glass throughout.
B	2-4	30/48		0.0	(44-70") poorly sorted M/C brown sand mixed with small/large rounded gravel, large cinders, coal bits throughout 56-70". (70-72") large white stone/concrete bits.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	28/48		0.0	
E	8-10			0.0	(92-96") M brown sand with M gravel. (96-110") poorly sorted M/C brown sand with small/large gravel. (110-120") concrete, concrete powder mixed with stone, gray gravel and SO M brown sand.
F	10-12	36/48		0.0	
G	12-14	36/48	1305	0.0	(132-150") poorly sorted brown/gray M/C sand mixed with M/large gravel, SO coal, SO cinder. (150-164") loose C stone 164-168" poorly sorted brown/red sand with M/large gravel; saturated at 164"

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company 642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI	Boring No.: A50
ESS Job No: P151-002	Date: 2/23/00
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.	Within 100' of Water: No
Well Diameter: N/A	Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Drilling Method: Geoprobe	Boring Depth: 14.0'
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler	Depth to Water: 12.0'
	Logged By: Nicole Murry

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1435	0.0	(0-5") M brown sand with small/M rounded gravel. (5-7") brown sand with F black cinder ash. (7-20") very F brown silty sand. (20-24") brown sand with black cinder ash; stone at 24".
B	2-4	12/48		0.0	(60-64") M/C brown sand, large stone at 62". (64-66") white large gravel. (66-72") M/C brown sand with small/large rounded gravel.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	24/48		0.0	(96-100") M/C brown sand with small/M C gravel. (100-102") light green sand with M brown sand. (102-110") poorly sorted M/C light brown sand with small/M rounded stone, coal bits. (110-112") C large stone. (112-120") poorly sorted M/C light brown sand with small/M rounded stone, coal bits, 102-110 coal bits.
E	8-10		1445	0.0	
F	10-12	40/48		0.0	(128-146") poorly sorted brown sand with small/large rounded gravel; wet at 144".
G	12-14	40/48		0.0	

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (L) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A51

Date: 2/23/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 10.0'

Depth to Water: 9.0'

Logged By: Nicole Murry

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1505	0.0	(0-10") M dark brown sand, large cinder ash, stone at 3", large gray gravel throughout. (10-24") F light brown silty sand.
B	2-4	24/48		0.0	(48-60") F light brown silty sand, (60-72") dense brown silty sand, large gravel 66-72".
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	30/48	1515	0.0	
E	8-10			0.0	(90-120") F/M brown sand with small/M rounded stone throughout, SO black cinder ash at 106"; wet at 108".
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		G = 144-168 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		B = 24-48 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		H = 168-192 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		C = 48-72 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		I = 192-216 in.
			D = 72-96 in.
			J = 216-240 in.
			E = 96-120 in..
			K = 240-264 in.
			F = 120-144 in.
			L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A57

Date: 2/23/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environment
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 14.0'

Depth to Water: 11.0'

Logged By: Nicole Murry

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1350	0.0	(0-20") M brown silty sand with small/M rounded stones throughout. (20-24") C gray sand, concrete bits and concrete powder.
B	2-4	36/48		0.0	(36-38") concrete and concrete powder. (38-42") M brown sand with SO black cinder ash and M/large rounded gravel. (42-50") large gray gravel with F dense black cinder ash. (50-56") concrete and concrete powder. (56-72") poorly sorted M/large gravel, brown sand, SO black cinder 56-60".
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	36/48		0.0	(96-102") M brown sand wit SO black cinder. (102-120") poorly sorted M/C brown sand with M/large gravel at 104", 106", and 110", black specks (LI), 102-110" M/large gravel.
E	8-10		1410	0.0	
F	10-12	48/48		0.0	(120-130") M/C brown sand with SO M gravel, saturated at 130". (130-144") very F light brown silty sand. (144-168") M/C brown sand.
G	12-14	48/48		0.0	

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A58
Date: 2/29/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 6.0'
Depth to Water: 5.0'
Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	0845	0.0	(0-4") wet topsoil with SO F/M brown sand and SO gravel. (4-24") F/M brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor; a LI oxidation at 22-24".
B	2-4	48/48		0.0	(24-60") F/M brown sand with SO gravel and SO red staining (30-48"); dry; no odor. (60-72") F/M brown sand with SO gravel and SO red staining; wet; no odor.
C	4-6		0915	0.0	
D	6-8				
E	8-10				
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LJ)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A59
Date: 2/29/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 10.0'
Depth to Water: 4.8'
Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	0930	0.0	(0-6") F/M dark brown sand and topsoil with SO gravel; wet TR surface rain; no odor. (6-24") F/M brown/red stained sand with SO gravel concrete red stained from (20-24"); dry; no odor.
B	2-4	48/48		0.0	(24-42") F/M red stained sand and gravel; dry; no odor. (42-44") F/M brown sand and pulverized stone; damp; no odor. (44-72") F/M brown sand and gravel; wet; no odor.
C	4-6		0950	0.0	
D	6-8	48/48		0.0	(72-76") F/M brown sand with TR gravel; damp; no odor. (76-120") F/M brown/gray/dark brown sand with TR silt; saturated; no odor.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A60
Date: 2/29/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 10.0'
Depth to Water: 5.5'
Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1000	0.0	(0-5") F/M brown topsoil with SO gravel; wet from surficial water; no odor. (5-19") F brown sand with SO silt and So gravel; dry; no odor. (19-24") F brown/red stained sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	38/48		0.0	(34-57") F brown/red stained sand with TR gravel; dry; no odor. (57-62") F brown/red/black stained sand with TR gravel; damp; no odor. (62-72") F/M brown sand and TR silt; saturated with water; no odor.
C	4-6		1015	0.0	
D	6-8	28/48		0.0	(92-120") F/M gray stained brown sand with SO silt and SO gravel; wet; petroleum odor.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LJ) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A61
Date: 2/29/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 6.0'
Depth to Water: 5.0'
Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1030	0.0	(0-4") F/M brown sand and gravel; damp; no odor. (4-18") F brown sand with TR gravel and LI silt; dry; no odor. (18-24") F/M red stained sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	40/48		0.0	(32-44") F/M red/brown stained sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (44-51") F/M brown/gray sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (51-58") F/M brown sand with LI red stained sand, SO gravel; damp; no odor. (58-61") pulverized stone. (61-72") F/M brown/gray sand with SO gravel; saturated with water; no odor.
C	4-6		1050	0.0	
D	6-8				
E	8-10				
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company 642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI ESS Job No: P151-002	Boring No.: A63 Date: 2/29/00 Within 100' of Water: No
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.	Instrument: Thermo Environmen. Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVR
Well Diameter: N/A	Boring Depth: 10.0'
Drilling Method: Geoprobe	Depth to Water: 4.0'
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler	Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1115	0.0	(0-19") F/M brown/dark brown sand with SO gravel and SO TR small black cinders; dry; no odor. (19-24") F/ loose black cinder ash with SO small/M black cinders.
B	2-4	35/48	1130	0.0	(37-49") F/ loose black cinder ash with pulverized stone at 42-44" with LI gravel and SO coal chips; dry; no odor. (49-60") F gray/brown sand with SO silt and TR gravel; saturated with water; no odor. (60-63") F/M brown/gray sand with TR silt; saturated with water with SO lime green staining; no odor. (63-72") pulverized stone/concrete; saturated with water; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	34/48		0.0	
E	8-10			0.0	(86-90") F/M gray stained sand and black cinder ash; saturated with water; light sweet odor. (90-120") F/M gray/black stained sand with LI gravel, saturated with water/some sheen observed; heavy odor.
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10% LITTLE (LI) 10-20% SOME (SO) 20-35% AND 35-50%	F = FINE M = MEDIUM C = COARSE F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM F/C = FINE TO COARSE M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in. B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in. C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in. D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in. E = 96-120 in. K = 240-264 in. F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A64
Date: 2/29/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 6.0'
Depth to Water: 4.8'
Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1330	0.0	(0-18") F/M brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (18-24") F/M dark brown sand with SO black cinder ash and SO M/large black cinders with LI gravel; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	36/48		0.0	(36-55") F/M brown sand with SO gravel and SO black cinder ash and SO small/M black cinders; dry; no odor. (55-72") F/M gray stained sand and silt with SO gravel; saturated with water; heavy petroleum odor.
C	4-6		1345	0.0	
D	6-8				
E	8-10				
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A65

Date: 2/29/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environment
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 6.0'

Depth to Water: 4.0'

Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1300	0.0	(0-17") F/M brown sand with SO gravel and SO small/large black cinders; dry; no odor. (17-20") concrete/pulverized stone (gray-weathered/soft). (20-24") F/M brown sand with LI gravel and LI small black cinders; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	38/48		0.0	(34-42") F/M brown/dark brown sand with LI gravel; damp; no odor. (42-55") F/M brown/dark brown sand with SO silt and SO gravel, SO red staining; saturated at 48". (55-60") F/C brown/dark brown/red stained sand with SO gravel; saturated; no odor with LI clay and SO dark cinder ash. (60-72") F/M gray stained sand and gravel; saturated with water; heavy petroleum odor.
C	4-6		1320	0.0	
D	6-8				
E	8-10				
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: A66
Date: 2/29/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 10.0'
Depth to Water: 5.0'
Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1200	0.0	(0-1") topsoil/gravel. (1-6") F/light red/light brown sand with LI gravel; dry; no odor. (6-24") F/M brown/light brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	36/48		0.0	(36-47") F/M brown sand with SO gravel; damp; no odor. (47-51") F/M brown sand and gravel with TR red staining (oxidation); damp; no odor. (51-53") F/M tan sand with SO gravel; damp; no odor. (53-56") F/dark brown sand with SO gravel; damp; no odor. (56-72") F/M brown sand with TR gravel; wet; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	46/48	1218	0.0	(74-86") F/M brown/black/light brown sand with SO gravel; wet; no odor. (86-92") F/dark brown/ stained sand with SO silt and TR gravel and TR red staining at 91"; wet; no odor. (92-110") M/large black cinders with SO gray stained sand silt and SO gravel and SO black cinder ash; saturated with water; no odor. (119-120") F/M gray/light blue/gray sand with SO gravel and LI black cinders; saturated with water; petroleum odor.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: C65

Date: 2/11/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 10.0'

Depth to Water: 8.0'

Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1105	0.0	(0-10") F/M brown sand and gravel; wet from melting snow; no odor. (10-14") F light brown sand with LI gravel and TR black cinders; dry; no odor. (22-24") F/M black cinder ash and small/large black cinders; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	47/48	1120	0.0	(25-30") black cinder ash and F brown/dark brown sand with TR gravel; TR black cinders; dry; no odor. (30-36") F/M black cinder ash with SO gravel and SO black small/large cinders; dry; no odor. (36-42") F/M black/light purple/brown sand with SO gravel and SO dull black M/large cinders; dry; no odor. (42-50") black cinders and cinder ash with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (50-72") F brown sand with TR gravel; damp; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	33/48		0.0	(87-92") F/M brown sand and black cinder ash; dry; no odor. (92-97") F/M brown sand with TR cinder ash; dry; no odor. (97-115") F brown sand and silt; saturated; no odor. (115-120") F/C brown sand; wet; no odor.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in.	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company 642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI	Boring No.: C66
ESS Job No: P151-002	Date: 2/11/00
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.	Within 100' of Water: No
Well Diameter: N/A	Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Drilling Method: Geoprobe	Boring Depth: 6.0'
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler	Depth to Water: 5.5'
	Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1315	0.0	(0-8") F/M brown sand and gravel; dry; no odor. (8-14") F yellow sand with TR gravel; dry; no odor. (14-18") F light brown sand; dry; no odor. (18-24") F/M dark brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	48/48		0.0	(24-26") F light brown sand; dry; no odor. (26-30") F black/dark brown sand with SO small black cinders; dry; no odor. (30-36") F/M brown sand and gravel; dry; no odor. (36-50") F brown sand with TR gravel; dry; no odor. (50-72") F/M brown sand with SO gravel; TR silt; saturated at 66"; no odor.
C	4-6		1330	0.0	
D	6-8				
E	8-10				
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		G = 144-168 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		B = 24-48 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		H = 168-192 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		C = 48-72 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		I = 192-216 in.
			D = 72-96 in.
			J = 216-240 in.
			E = 96-120 in.
			K = 240-264 in.
			F = 120-144 in.
			L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: C67
Date: 2/11/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 10.0'
Depth to Water: 7.5'
Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	18/24	1345	0.0	(6-10") topsoil/brown sand and gravel. (10-14") F/M brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (14-20") F/M dark brown sand with TR silt and SO gravel; dry; no odor. (20-24") F loose black cinder ash with LI small black cinders; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	44/48		0.0	(28-36") F/M dark brown sand and gravel with SO black cinders and SO gravel; dry; no odor. (36-38") F brown/tan sand; damp; no odor. (38-72") F brown sand with TR silt; damp; no odor.
C	4-6		1355	0.0	
D	6-8	35/48		0.0	(85-89") F brown sand with TR gravel; dry; no odor. (89-93") F black stained sand; wet; no odor. (93-96") F light brown sand; wet; no odor. (96-101") F/C brown sand and gravel; wet; no odor. (101-120") F brown sand with LI silt and SO gravel; saturated with water at 91"; no odor.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.
Well Diameter: N/A
Drilling Method: Geoprobe
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: C68
Date: 2/17/00
Within 100' of Water: No
Instrument: Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Boring Depth: 10.0'
Depth to Water: 6.5'
Logged By: Nicole Murry

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	0910	0.0	(0-8") F/M light brown sand mixed with SO M gravel. (8-11") F black cinder ash with cinder ash stone and orange wood fibers. (11-13") white gravel; concrete. (13-24") very F black cinder ash mixed with coal bits and small/M gravel.
B	2-4	38/48		0.0	(36-56") M light brown sand with small/M white jagged gravel. (56-72") very F to F light brown sand; moist.
C	4-6		0924	0.0	
D	6-8	38/48		0.0	(82-90") very F to F light brown sand; moist. (90-120") very F saturated, dense, light brown silty sand.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: C69

Date: 2/11/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environmer.
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 10.0'

Depth to Water: 7.0'

Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1450	0.0	(0-5") brown topsoil; wet; no odor. (5-8") F/M brown sand and SO gravel; dry; no odor. (8-17") dense cinder ash with SO small/large black cinders; dry; no odor. (17-24") F tan/brown sand with SO red staining; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	48/48	1505	0.0	(24-36") F brown/black stained sand with TR small black cinders; dry; no odor. (36-51") F brown sand with LI gravel; dry; no odor. (51-72") F/M brown sand; dry; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	41/48		0.0	(79-83") F brown sand with TR gravel; dry; no odor. (83-87") F black stained sand and gravel; wet; no odor. (87-120") F/M brown sand with TR gravel; saturated with water; no odor.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED		ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS	
TRACE (TR)	0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.	G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI)	10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in.	H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO)	20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in.	I = 192-216 in.
AND	35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in.	J = 216-240 in.
		F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in..	K = 240-264 in.
		M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in.	L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: C70

Date: 2/11/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 10.0'

Depth to Water: 8.0'

Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1425	0.0	(0-6") F/M dark brown sand and gravel; wet from snow; no odor. (6-13") F/M brown sand and gravel; dry; no odor. (13-24") loose black cinder ash with SO M/large black cinders; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	43/48		0.0	(29-58") F/M brown/dark brown/black/yellow stained sand with SO cinder ash and SO black cinders; dry; no odor. (56-60") black cinders and cinder ash; dry; no odor. (60-65") pulverized stone. (65-72") F brown sand with LI gravel; dry; no odor.
C	4-6		1440	0.0	
D	6-8	32/48		0.0	
E	8-10			0.0	(82-87") F/M brown sand and gravel; dry; no odor. (87-95") F brown sand with LI gravel; damp; no odor. (96-120") F/C brown sand with LI gravel; saturated with water; no odor.
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		G = 144-168 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		B = 24-48 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		H = 168-192 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		I = 192-216 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		J = 216-240 in.
			K = 240-264 in.
			L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



272 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company 642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI	Boring No.: C71
ESS Job No: P151-002	Date: 2/11/00
Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.	Within 100' of Water: No
Well Diameter: N/A	Instrument: Thermo Environmen Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM
Drilling Method: Geoprobe	Boring Depth: 10.0'
Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler	Depth to Water: 4.0'
	Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1220	0.0	(0-4") F/M brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (4-8") F/M light brown sand with SO gravel; dry; no odor. (8-15") loose black cinder ash with SO small/M black cinders; dry; no odor. (15-24") F/M brown sand and black cinder ash; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	46/48	1230	0.0	(26-39") F/M brown sand and black F stained sand with SO gravel and SO M/large black cinders; dry; no odor. (39-43") black cinder ash and shiny/dull M/large black cinders; damp; no odor. (43-46") F brown sand and gravel (pulverized stone) damp; no odor. (46-70") F brown sand with TR silt and LI small black cinders; wet; no odor. (70-72") F/C brown sand with TR gravel; saturated with water; no odor.
C	4-6			0.0	
D	6-8	39/48		0.0	(81-83") F dark brown sand; damp; no odor. (83-89") F/M black stained/dark brown sand with SO small black cinders; damp; no odor. (89-120") F/C light brown sand; wet; no odor.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

TEST BORING LOG



2 West Exchange Street, Suite 101

Providence, Rhode Island 02903
(401) 421-0398 Fax (401) 421-5731

Site: Providence Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue, Providence, RI
ESS Job No: P151-002

Driller.: Environmental Drilling, Inc.

Well Diameter: N/A

Drilling Method: Geoprobe

Sample Method: 4' Acetate Sampler

Boring No.: C72

Date: 2/11/00

Within 100' of Water: No

Instrument: Thermo Environmental
Instruments, Inc., Model 580B OVM

Boring Depth: 10.0'

Depth to Water: 7.5'

Logged By: Daryll Issa

Depth (intervals)	Sample Depth (feet)	Recovery/ Penetration (in.)	Sample Time	PID (ppm)	Materials Description (size, grade, color, moisture)
A	0-2	24/24	1135	0.0	(0-16") F/M brown sand and gravel with LI gray/green stained sand; dry ; no odor. (16-24") F light brown sand with LI gravel; dry; no odor.
B	2-4	48/48	1200	0.0	(24-28") dense black cinder ash with SO small/M dull black cinders and SO dark brown sand; dry; no odor. (28-32") dense black cinder ash and dark brown sand with SO small/M dull black cinders; dry; no odor. (32-36") black cinders and black cinder ash with LI gravel and LI brown sand; dry; no odor. (36-42") F/M brown sand and black cinder ash with TR cinders; dry; no odor. (42-49") F/M brown sand and black cinders; dry; no odor. (49-72") F/M brown sand and gravel; damp; no odor.
C	4-6				
D	6-8	32/48		0.0	(88-91") F brown sand with TR gravel; dry; no odor. (91-100") dense black cinder ash with SO small/M black cinders and SO gravel; wet; no odor. (100-120") F/C light brown sand; wet; no odor.
E	8-10			0.0	
F	10-12				
G	12-14				

Comments:

PROPORTIONS USED	ABBREVIATIONS	Well Construction	DEPTH INTERVALS
TRACE (TR) 0-10%	F = FINE	N/A	A = 0-24 in. G = 144-168 in.
LITTLE (LI) 10-20%	M = MEDIUM		B = 24-48 in. H = 168-192 in.
SOME (SO) 20-35%	C = COARSE		C = 48-72 in. I = 192-216 in.
AND 35-50%	F/M = FINE TO MEDIUM		D = 72-96 in. J = 216-240 in.
	F/C = FINE TO COARSE		E = 96-120 in. K = 240-264 in.
	M/C = MEDIUM TO COARSE		F = 120-144 in. L = 264-288 in.

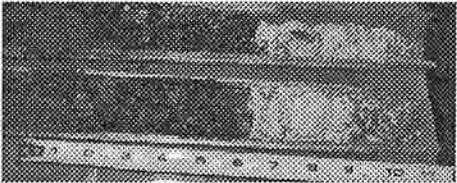
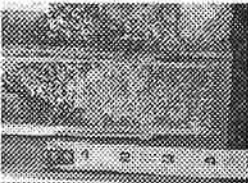
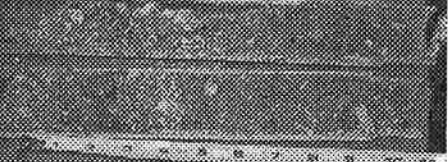
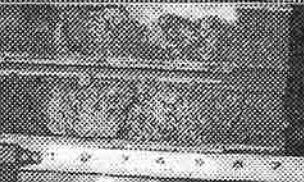

Soil Boring Report

PROJECT
New England Gas Company
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island

Report of Boring No. VHB-13
 Well ID: VHB-13
 Job Number: 71274 Sheet 1 of 1

Drilling Company: Subsurface Drilling and Remediation Boring Location: Cement plant, by cement silos
 Driller: Jim Goldthwaite / Josh Downing Elevation: NA Datum: NA
 Inspector: Keith Sullivan / Adam Rosenblatt Start Date: 1/16/2002 End Date: 1/16/2002

The borings were drilled by hollow-stem auger. Unless otherwise noted, the soil samples were collected using a 2' split-spoon driven with a 140-lb. hammer falling 30".

Depth (ft)	PID Reading	Sample No.	Pen/Rec	Blows/6'	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Boring Photo
0 - 2	ND	S1	NA	NA	Post hole digger to 3', look for water line. 3' to 4' - dark brown, sand, silt and gravel, moist no sheen or odors. 4' to 5' Gray to black, dense rotten rock and coal slag, dry, no sheen or odors.	
2 - 4	ND	S2	NA	NA	Post hole digger to 3', look for water line. 3' to 4' - dark brown, sand, silt and gravel, moist no sheen or odors. 4' to 5' Gray to black, dense rotten rock and coal slag, dry, no sheen or odors.	
4 - 6	ND	S3	24 / 11	2 - 6 9 - 13	Gray, medium dense ROCK FRAGMENTS, some silt, dry, no sheen or odor.	
6 - 8	ND	S4	24 / 4	10 - 10 10 - 13	Brown to gray, medium dense, SAND, some silt, little gravel, trace coal slag, dry, no sheen or odors.	
8 - 10	ND	S5	24 / 11	8 - 6 4 - 7	Brown to gray, loose, SAND and silt, little gravel, trace coal slag, wet at 12', no sheen or odors.	
10 - 12	ND	S6	24 / 7	7 - 6 11 - 10	Brown to gray, medium dense, SILT, some sand, trace gravel, wet, no sheen or odors.	
12 - 14	ND	S7	24 / 10	11 - 8 12 - 16	Brown to gray, medium dense, SILT, some sand, trace gravel, wet, no sheen or odors.	

Bottom of exploration 14' below grade.

GRANULAR SOILS BLOWS/FT DENSITY		COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT DENSITY		PROPORTIONS	Notes
0 - 4	V. Loose	<2	V. Soft	Trace 0 - 10%	1) Soil stratification lines represent a graphical depiction of changes in soil type and grain size. Actual changes may be gradual. 2) Bedrock was not encountered. 3) Water levels may fluctuate due to ocean tides, season, and precipitation rates. 4) All soil samples were screened in the field for VOCs using a ThermoEnvironmental Instruments model 580B 10.eV photoionization detector (PID).
4 - 10	Loose	2 - 4	Soft	Little 10 - 20%	
10 - 30	M. Dense	4 - 8	M. Stiff	Some 20 - 35%	
30 - 50	Dense	8 - 15	Stiff	And 35 - 50%	
>50	V. Dense	15 - 30	V. Stiff		
		>30	Hard		

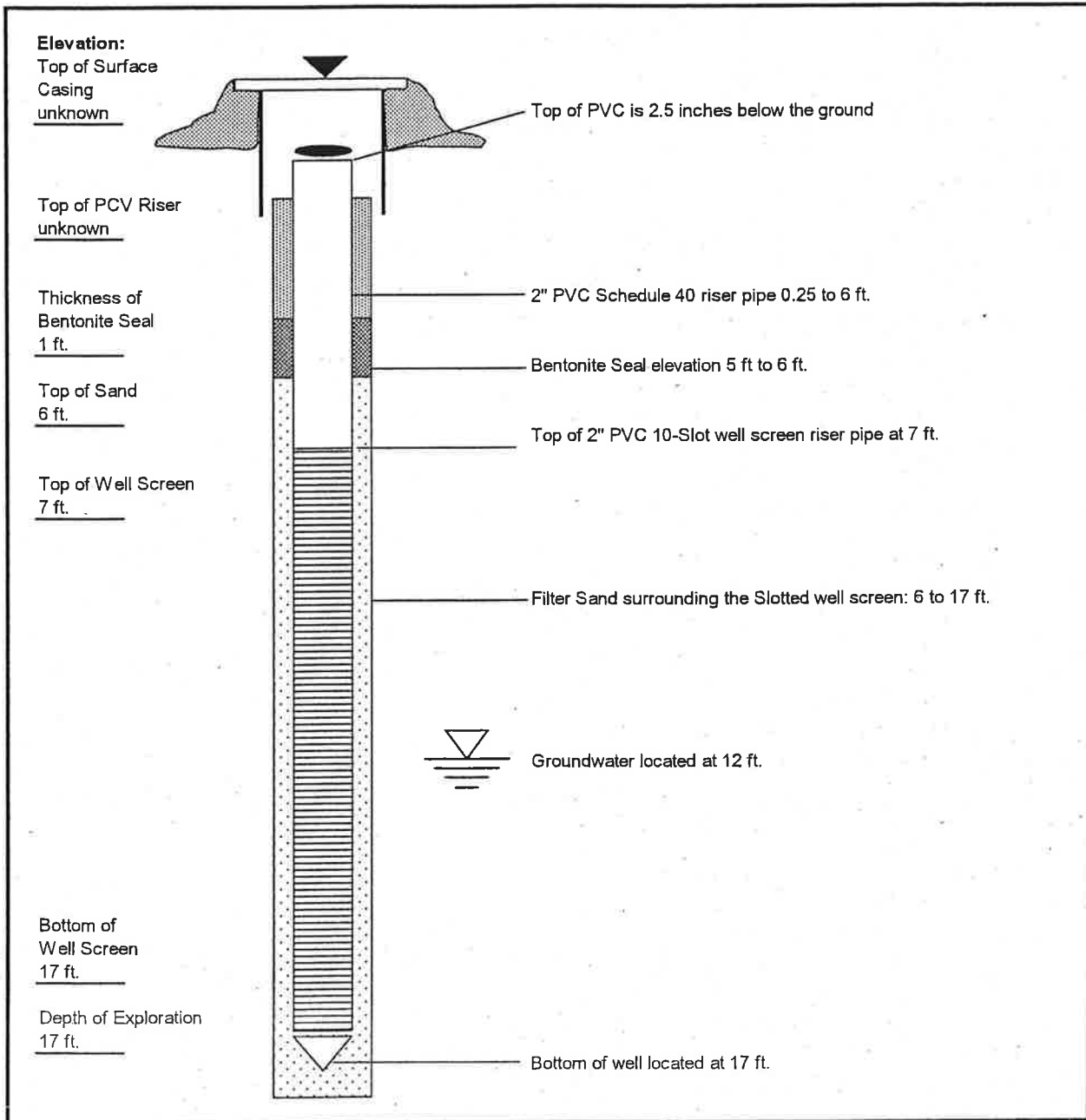
Cement

VHB Monitoring Well Diagram

Project Name: New England Gas
Location: 642 Allens Ave
Providence, RI

Project No. 71274
Contractor: Subsurface Drilling
Scientist: K. Sullivan / A. Rosenblatt

Date: 16-Jan-02
Well No. VHB-13
GW Depth: Approx. 6 Feet



DRING CO. <u>New Hampshire Boring</u> CREMAN <u>Charlie O'Donnel</u> GZA ENG. <u>Joanne Kissinger</u>	BORING LOCATION <u>See Exploration Location Plan</u> GROUND SURFACE ELEV. <u>11 ft</u> DATUM <u>MLLW</u> DATE START <u>05/04/05</u> DATE END <u>05/05/05</u>
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AMPLER: UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, SAMPLER CONSISTS OF 2" SPLIT SPOON DRIVEN USING A 140 lb. HAMMER FALLING 30 IN

CASING: UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, CASING DRIVEN USING A 300 lb HAMMER FALLING 24 IN.

CASING SIZE: 5" / 4" / 3" OTHER:

DEPTH	CASING BLOWS	SAMPLE				SAMPLE DESCRIPTION BURMISTER CLASSIFICATION	R K	STRATUM DESCRIPTION
		NO	PEN./REC	DEPTH (FT)	BLOWS/6"			
	P	S-1	12/6"	0-1	7-120/6"	Very Dense, light brown, fine to medium SAND, trace Silt	1	±1' FILL
	5							
	WOC	C-1	24/8	2-4	9 min/ft	CORED THROUGH CONCRETE	2	±3' CONCRETE
	WOC				1 min/ft			
	2	S-2	24/4	4-6	1-1	Very loose, light brown, fine to medium SAND, trace Silt	3	
	4				1-2			
	5	S-3	24/5	6-8	2-1	Very loose, gray (oil-type stain), fine to medium SAND, trace	4	FILL
	4				1-2	Silt		
	14	S-4	24/1	8-10	8-6	Loose, gray (oil-type stain), fine GRAVEL, some fine to medium	5	
	17				1-2	Sand, trace Silt		
10	11	S-5	24/5	10-12	11-4	Loose, gray (oil-type stain), fine to medium SAND, little Silt,	6	
	27				3-5	trace Wood Chips		
	17	S-6	24/12	12-14	10-9	Medium dense, gray (oil-type stain), fine to medium SAND, little	7	
	19				17-10	fine Gravel, little Silt		
15	11	S-7	24/8	14-16	2-1	Medium dense, gray, fine to coarse SAND, little Silt	8	
	21				9-16			
	35	S-8	24/10	16-18	15-32	Dense, gray, fine to coarse SAND, little Silt, trace fine Gravel	9	
	29				12-8			
	15	S-9	24/8	18-20	8-8	Medium dense, gray, fine to coarse SAND, little Silt, trace	10	
0	16				6-3	fine Gravel, trace Organics in tip of Spoon		±20'
	12	S-10A	24/13	20-22	2-3	S-10A: (Top 8"): Loose, grayish-brown, fine to medium SAND,	11	SAND
	12	S-10B			3-7	trace Organics, trace Silt		±21.5' (TRACE ORGANICS)
	13	S-11	24/12	22-24	7-5	S-10B: (Bottom 5"): Loose, grayish-brown, fine to medium SAND,	12	
	15				7-5	trace Silt		
25	23	S-12	24/9	24-26	6-6	S-11: Medium dense, grayish-brown, fine to medium SAND,	13	SAND
	43				7-7	trace Silt		
	36					S-12: Medium dense, brown, fine to coarse SAND, trace		
	35					fine Gravel, trace Silt		
	43							
0	46	S-13	24/12	29-31	14-12	Medium dense, brown, fine to coarse SAND, little fine Gravel,		
	40				12-12	little Silt		
	52							
	65							
	46							±34.2'
	39							

GRANULAR SOILS BLOWS/FT DENSITY	COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT DENSITY	REMARKS:
0-4 VERY LOOSE	<2 VERY SOFT	
4-10 LOOSE	2-4 SOFT	2. Obstruction encountered possible concrete foundation or boulder. Sample S-1 collected then casing installed to ±17' and washed out. Rollerbit to ±2' then core C-1. Cored 2-4', broke through obstruction at ±3'.
0-30 MEDIUM DENSE	4-8 M. STIFF	3. Rollerbit to 4', installed casing to 4'. Collect samples S-2 and S-3. Installed casing to 8' and washed out.
0-50 DENSE	8-15 STIFF	4. Petro odor sample S-3. 7. Petro odor (S-5) installed casing to 12' & wash-out.
>50 VERY DENSE	15-30 V. STIFF	5. Spoon bouncing, possible piece of wood. Oil type odor S-4. 8. Petro odor (S-6) installed casing to 14' & wash-out.
	>30 HARD	6. Casing installed to 10' and washed out. 9. Installed casing to 18' & wash-out.

NOTES: 1) STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY BETWEEN SOIL TYPES, TRANSITIONS MAY BE GRADUAL.
 2) WATER LEVEL READINGS HAVE BEEN MADE AT TIMES AND UNDER CONDITIONS STATED, FLUCTUATIONS OF GROUNDWATER MAY OCCUR DUE TO OTHER FACTORS THAN THOSE PRESENT AT THE TIME MEASUREMENTS WERE MADE

GZA GEOENVIRONMENTAL INC. 40 BROADWAY, PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND GEOTECH/GEOHYDROLOGICAL CONSULTANTS	PROJECT	REPORT OF BORING NO.
	Keyspan LNG Facility Providence, Rhode Island	SHEET 2 of 3
		FILE NO. 32784.01
		CHKD BY AH

DEPTH	CASING BLOWS	SAMPLE				SAMPLE DESCRIPTION BURMISTER CLASSIFICATION	R K	STRATUM DESCRIPTION
		NO	PEN./REC	DEPTH (FT)	BLOWS/6"			
35	39	S-14	24/7	34-36	14-14	(Top 2"): Dense, gray, fine to coarse SAND, little Silt	14	SAND
	33				18-14	(Bottom 5"): Dense, brown, fine to medium SAND,		
	51					some Silt, trace fine Gravel		
	60							
	47							
40	48	S-15	24/12	39-41	20-23	Very dense, grayish-brown, fine to coarse (-) SAND, some Silt	15	SAND
	87				36-22			
	69							
	62							
	62							
45	35	S-16	24/12	44-46	12-8	(Top 6"): Medium dense, grayish-brown, fine to coarse (-) SAND,	16	SAND
	44				10-12	some Silt		
	31					(Bottom 6"): Medium dense, grayish-brown, fine to medium SAND,		
	79					trace Silt		
	58							
50		S-17	24/7	49-51	8-8	Medium dense, grayish-brown, fine to medium SAND, trace	17	SAND
					19-18	Silt (1" Layer of gray, fine to medium Sand, some Silt)		
	S							
	S							
55	S	S-18	24/12	54-56	42-21	Very dense, grayish-brown, fine to coarse SAND, some Silt,	18	SAND
	S				40-30	trace fine Gravel (2" Layer of grayish-brown, fine to medium		
	S					Sand, trace Silt)		
	S							
	S							
60	S	S-19	24/10	59-61	19-15	(Top 4"): Medium dense, grayish-brown, fine to coarse SAND,	19	SAND
	S				9-13	little Silt, trace fine Gravel		
	S					(Bottom 6"): Medium dense, grayish-brown, fine to medium SAND,		
	S					trace Silt		
	S							
65	S	S-20	24/12	64-66	22-18	Dense, brownish-gray, fine to medium SAND, little fine Gravel,	20	SAND
	S				13-19	little Silt		
	S							
	S							
	S							
70	S	S-21	24/12	69-71	34-35	Very dense, brownish-gray, fine to medium SAND, trace Silt	21	SAND
	S				57-42	(1" Layers of fine to coarse (-) Sand, little fine Gravel, little		
	S					Silt)		
	S							
	S							
75	S							

GRANULAR SOILS BLOWS/FT DENSITY		COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT DENSITY		REMARKS:
0-4	VERY LOOSE	<2	VERY SOFT	10. Took sample S-9, installed casing to 20' & wash-out.
4-10	LOOSE	2-4	SOFT	11. Took sample S-11, installed casing to 24'.
0-30	MEDIUM DENSE	4-8	M. STIFF	12. Washed to 24', collected Sample S-12 (Bag Sample)
0-50	DENSE	8-15	STIFF	13. Installed casing to 29' & washed out, collected sample S-13 (Bag Sample)
>50	VERY DENSE	15-30	V. STIFF	14. Installed casing to 34' & washed out, collected sample S-14 (No Bag Sample)
		>30	HARD	15. Installed casing to 39' & wash-out. Collected sample S-15 (Bag Sample)
				16. Installed casing to 44' & washed out. Collected sample S-16 (No Bag Sample)

NOTES: 1) STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY BETWEEN SOIL TYPES, TRANSITIONS MAY BE GRADUAL.
2) WATER LEVEL READINGS HAVE BEEN MADE AT TIMES AND UNDER CONDITIONS STATED, FLUCTUATIONS OF GROUNDWATER MAY OCCUR DUE TO OTHER FACTORS THAN THOSE PRESENT AT THE TIME MEASUREMENTS WERE MADE

GZA GEOENVIRONMENTAL INC. 40 BROADWAY, PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND GEOTECH/GEOHYDROLOGICAL CONSULTANTS	PROJECT	REPORT OF BORING NO.	GZ-212
	Keyspan LNG Facility	SHEET	3 of 3
	Providence, Rhode Island	FILE NO.	32784.01
		CHKD BY	AH

DEPTH	CASING BLOWS	SAMPLE				SAMPLE DESCRIPTION BURMISTER CLASSIFICATION	R K	STRATUM DESCRIPTION
		NO	PEN./REC	DEPTH (FT)	BLOWS/6"			
75	S	S-22	24/8	74-76	27-28	Very dense, dark gray, fine to coarse SAND, little Silt, trace fine Gravel	23	
	S				33-27			
	S							
	S							
	S							
80	S	S-23	24/12	79-81	37-51	Very dense, dark gray, fine to coarse SAND< some fine Gravel, little Silt	24	
	S				38-40			
	S							
	S							
	S							
85	S	S-24	24/7	84-86	30-31	Very dense, dark gray, fine to coarse SAND, some fine Gravel, little Silt	25	
	S				28-24			
	S							
	S							
	S							
90	S	S-25	24/4	89-91	39-27	Very dense, dark gray, fine to coarse SAND, some fine Gravel, little Silt	26	
	S				31-42			
	S							
	S							
	S							
95	S	S-26	24/6	94-96	22-24	Very dense, brownish-gray, fine to medium SAND, trace fine Gravel, trace Silt	27	SAND
	S				35-27			
	S							
	S							
	S							
100	S	S-27	24/8	99-101	31-43	Very dense, gray, fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, little fine Gravel.	28	GLACIAL TILL
	S				44-37			
End of Exploration at ±101'								
105						17. Casing installed to 49' & washed out. Collect sample S-17 (No Bag Sample)		
						18. Open hole with mud to S-3 (Bag Sample) due to sands. Gravel encountered, 3" casing spun to 54', Collect Sample S-18 (Bag Sample)		
						19. Rollerbit to 59', possible cobbles encountered, spin casing to 59' & washed out. Collect Sample S-19 (No Bag Sample).		
						20. Rollerbit ahead to 64', spin casing to 64' & washed out. Rig shaking and grinding, possible cobbles encountered. Collected Sample S-20. (Bag Sample)		
						21. Rollerbit ahead to 69'. Spin casing to 69'.		
115						22. Washed out & collected sample S-214 (Bag Sample).		

GRANULAR SOILS BLOWS/FT DENSITY		COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT DENSITY		REMARKS:
0-4	VERY LOOSE	<2	VERY SOFT	
4-10	LOOSE	2-4	SOFT	24. Rollerbit ahead to 79', installed casing to 79' and washed out. Collected sample S-23, rollerbit grinding and rig shaking.
0-30	MEDIUM DENSE	4-8	M. STIFF	25. Rollerbit ahead to 84'. Rollerbit grinding, rig shaking, installed casing to 84' of wash-out. Collected sample S-24 2' blow-out into casing when spoon pulled out
0-50	DENSE	8-15	STIFF	26. Rollerbit ahead to 89'. Installed casing to 89' & washed out. Collected sample S-25 (No Bag Sample).
>50	VERY DENSE	15-30	V. STIFF	27. Rollerbit ahead to 94', installed casing to 94' & washed out. Collected sample S-26 (No Bag Sample).
		>30	HARD	28. Rollerbit ahead to 99'. Rollerbit grinding. Installed casing to 99' & washed out. Collected sample S-27 (Bag Sample).

NOTES: 1) STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY BETWEEN SOIL TYPES, TRANSITIONS MAY BE GRADUAL.
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RECORD OF BOREHOLE B-210 (PL-4)

PROJECT: CHI LNG Bund Highwall
 PROJECT NUMBER: 154-6055
 DRILLED DEPTH: 101.0 ft
 LOCATION: Southeast Tank Area

DRILL METHOD: 4 inch Drive and Wash
 HAMMER TYPE: Auto
 DATE STARTED: 2/17/16
 DATE COMPLETED: 2/19/16

COORDS: N: 260,915.04 E: 357,394.32
 GS ELEVATION: 7.9 ft
 WEATHER: Partly Cloudy
 TEMPERATURE: 24-48 deg F

SHEET 1 of 5
 INCLINATION: 90
 DEPTH W.L.: 8.8 ft
 ELEVATION W.L.: -0.9 ft
 DATE W.L.: 2/19/2016
 TIME W.L.: 1130

SOIL PROFILE				SAMPLE INFORMATION										
DEPTH ft	ELEVATION ft	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE DEPTH	NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS per 6 in	N	REC ATT	Sample Description			
0.0		0.0 - 19.0ft Brown to black, fine to coarse SAND, some gravel to fine to coarse sandy GRAVEL, some to little silt, (FILL).	SM		0.0	S1	SS	2-12-16-15	28	1.3 2.0	Brown, damp, medium dense, fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, little silt, (SM). PID = 0.0 ppm			
5														
5.0								4.0	S2	SS	12-8-9-10	17	1.2 2.0	Black, wet, medium dense, fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, some silt, (SM). PID = 6.2 ppm
10								9.0	S3	SS	10-15-17-25	32	1.3 2.0	Black, wet, dense, fine to coarse sandy GRAVEL, little silt, (GM). Strong hydrocarbon odor. PID = 31.6 ppm
15.0								14.0	S4	SS	18-38-16-17	54	1.5 2.0	Dark gray, wet, very dense, fine to coarse sandy GRAVEL, some silt, (GM). Strong hydrocarbon odor. PID = 41.3 ppm
20.0		19.0 - 49.6ft Brown, sandy GRAVEL, some to trace silt, (Outwash).	GM		19.0	S5	SS	7-11-15-16	26	1.1 2.0	Dark gray, wet, medium dense, silty fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, (SM). Strong hydrocarbon odor. PID = 16.2 ppm			
25.0								24.0	S6	SS	10-10-7-8	17	0.0 2.0	NO RECOVERY.

Log continued on next page

Fill (made ground)
 USCS Silty Gravel
 USCS Silt (ML)
 USCS Silty Sand (SM)

D+W: Drive and Wash SH: Shelby Tube SSA: Solid Stem Auger AUG: Auger Cuttings PP: Pocket Penetrometer TV: Torvane

DRILLING COMPANY: Geologic Earth Exploration Inc.
 DRILLER: C. O'Donnel
 DRILL RIG: CME - 45

LOGGED BY: CEM
 CHECKED BY: JDL
 DATE: 3/3/16



003A MANCHESTER NH GEOTECHNICAL SOILRX CHI LNG BUND HIGHWALL.GPJ GOLDRER NH 2011.GDT 5/10/16

RECORD OF BOREHOLE B-210 (PL-4)

PROJECT: CHI LNG Bund Highwall
 PROJECT NUMBER: 154-6055
 DRILLED DEPTH: 101.0 ft
 LOCATION: Southeast Tank Area

DRILL METHOD: 4 inch Drive and Wash
 HAMMER TYPE: Auto
 DATE STARTED: 2/17/16
 DATE COMPLETED: 2/19/16

COORDS: N: 260,915.04 E: 357,394.32
 GS ELEVATION: 7.9 ft
 WEATHER: Partly Cloudy
 TEMPERATURE: 24-48 deg F

SHEET 2 of 5
 INCLINATION: 90
 DEPTH W.L.: 8.8 ft
 ELEVATION W.L.: -0.9 ft
 DATE W.L.: 2/19/2016
 TIME W.L.: 1130

SOIL PROFILE				SAMPLE INFORMATION								
DEPTH ft	ELEVATION ft	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE DEPTH	NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS per 6 in	N	REC ATT	Sample Description	
25.0				GM		S6	SS	10-10-7-8	17	$\frac{0.0}{2.0}$	25.0 ft: Driller notes gravels while washing out the casing	
					29.0	S7	SS	7-5-10-10	15	$\frac{0.4}{2.0}$	Grayish brown, wet, medium dense, fine to coarse sandy GRAVEL, some silt, (GM). Strong hydrocarbon odor. PID = 33.3 ppm	
					34.0	S8	SS	17-19-15-17	34	$\frac{0.7}{2.0}$	Brown, wet, dense, fine to coarse sandy GRAVEL, some silt, (GM). Strong hydrocarbon odor. PID = 25.8 ppm	
					39.0	S9	SS	15-15-20-17	35	$\frac{1.4}{2.0}$	Brown, wet, dense, GRAVEL, some fine to coarse sand, trace silt, (GW-GM). PID = 3.2 ppm	
					44.0	S10	SS	19-15-17-16	32	$\frac{1.2}{2.0}$	Brown, wet, dense, fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, some silt, (SM). PID = 0.2 ppm	
					49.0	S11	SS	21-13-12-11	25	$\frac{1.0}{2.0}$	Top 7": Brown, wet, medium dense, fine to coarse sandy GRAVEL, little silt, (GM). Bottom 5": Brown, moist, very stiff, SILT, little fine sand, (ML). PID = 0.3	
50.0			ML									

Log continued on next page

Fill (made ground)
 USCS Silty Gravel
 USCS Silt (ML)
 USCS Silty Sand (SM)

D+W: Drive and Wash SH: Shelby Tube SSA: Solid Stem Auger AUG: Auger Cuttings PP: Pocket Penetrometer TV: Torvane

DRILLING COMPANY: Geologic Earth Exploration Inc.
 DRILLER: C. O'Donnel
 DRILL RIG: CME - 45

LOGGED BY: CEM
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 DATE: 3/3/16



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RECORD OF BOREHOLE B-210 (PL-4)

PROJECT: CHI LNG Bund Highwall
 PROJECT NUMBER: 154-6055
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SHEET 3 of 5
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 DEPTH W.L.: 8.8 ft
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 TIME W.L.: 1130

SOIL PROFILE				SAMPLE INFORMATION									
DEPTH ft	ELEVATION ft	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE DEPTH	NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS per 6 in	N	REC ATT	Sample Description		
50.0		49.6 - 74.0ft Gray, SILT, trace fine sand, trace clay, (Outwash).	ML			S11	SS	21-13-12-11	25	1.0 2.0	ppm		
	-45												
55.0								S12	SS	13-13-15-13	28	0.4 2.0	Gray, wet, very stiff, SILT, trace gravel, trace fine sand, trace clay, (ML). Tv = 300 psf. PID = 0.0 ppm
	-50												
60.0								S13	SS	10-10-10-13	20	1.3 2.0	Gray, wet, very stiff, SILT, trace fine sand, (ML). Tv = 500 psf. PID = 0.0 ppm
	-55												
65.0								S14	SS	13-11-13-15	24	1.1 2.0	Grayish brown, wet, very stiff, SILT, trace fine sand, trace clay, (ML). Pp = 3,000 psf. PID = 0.0 ppm
	-60												
70.0					S15	SS	8-9-11-9	20	1.1 2.0	Gray, wet, very stiff, SILT, some clay, trace fine sand, (CL-ML). Pp = 2,500 psf. PID = 0.0 ppm			
	-65												
75.0			SM		74.0	S16	SS	14-14-13-13	27	1.3 2.0	Grayish brown, wet, medium dense, fine sandy SILT, (ML). PID = 0.0 ppm		

Log continued on next page

Fill (made ground)
 USCS Silty Gravel
 USCS Silt (ML)
 USCS Silty Sand (SM)

D+W: Drive and Wash SH: Shelby Tube SSA: Solid Stem Auger AUG: Auger Cuttings PP: Pocket Penetrometer TV: Torvane

DRILLING COMPANY: Geologic Earth Exploration Inc.
 DRILLER: C. O'Donnel
 DRILL RIG: CME - 45

LOGGED BY: CEM
 CHECKED BY: JDL
 DATE: 3/3/16



003A MANCHESTER NH GEOTECHNICAL SOILRX CHI LNG BUND HIGHWALL.GPJ GOLDRER NH 2011.GDT 5/10/16

RECORD OF BOREHOLE B-210 (PL-4)


SHEET 5 of 5

PROJECT: CHI LNG Bund Highwall
 PROJECT NUMBER: 154-6055
 DRILLED DEPTH: 101.0 ft
 LOCATION: Southeast Tank Area

DRILL METHOD: 4 inch Drive and Wash
 HAMMER TYPE: Auto
 DATE STARTED: 2/17/16
 DATE COMPLETED: 2/19/16

COORDS: N: 260,915.04 E: 357,394.32
 GS ELEVATION: 7.9 ft
 WEATHER: Partly Cloudy
 TEMPERATURE: 24-48 deg F

INCLINATION: 90
 DEPTH W.L.: 8.8 ft
 ELEVATION W.L.: -0.9 ft
 DATE W.L.: 2/19/2016
 TIME W.L.: 1130

SOIL PROFILE					SAMPLE INFORMATION						
DEPTH ft	ELEVATION ft	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE DEPTH	NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS per 6 in	N	REC ATT	Sample Description
100.0			SM			S21	SS	9-7-8-10	15	$\frac{0.8}{2.0}$	

Boring completed at 101.0 ft

Notes:

1. Borehole backfilled with cuttings to ground surface.
2. Seismograph geophone was anchored to the LNG Tank foundation 42' away from the borehole. No vibrations detected.
3. 4" casing to 40' bgs - 3" casing to 95' bgs - open hole below

003A MANCHESTER NH GEOTECHNICAL SOILRX CHI LNG BUND HIGHWALL.GPJ GOLDR NH 2011.GDT 5/10/16

 Fill (made ground)
  USCS Silty Gravel
  USCS Silt (ML)
  USCS Silty Sand (SM)

D+W: Drive and Wash SH: Shelby Tube SSA: Solid Stem Auger AUG: Auger Cuttings PP: Pocket Penetrometer TV: Torvane

DRILLING COMPANY: Geologic Earth Exploration Inc.
 DRILLER: C. O'Donnel
 DRILL RIG: CME - 45

LOGGED BY: CEM
 CHECKED BY: JDL
 DATE: 3/3/16



RECORD OF BOREHOLE B-211 (CHI-6)

PROJECT: CHI LNG Bund Highwall
 PROJECT NUMBER: 154-6055
 DRILLED DEPTH: 51.0 ft
 LOCATION: Next to Cement Plant

DRILL METHOD: 4 inch Drive and Wash
 HAMMER TYPE: Auto
 DATE STARTED: 2/24/16
 DATE COMPLETED: 2/24/16

COORDS: N: 260,581.01 E: 357,470.96
 GS ELEVATION: 12.9 ft
 WEATHER: Rain
 TEMPERATURE: 46 deg F

SHEET 1 of 3
 INCLINATION: 90
 DEPTH W.L.: 11.1 ft
 ELEVATION W.L.: 1.8 ft
 DATE W.L.: 2/24/2016
 TIME W.L.: 1300

SOIL PROFILE				SAMPLE INFORMATION										
DEPTH ft	ELEVATION ft	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE DEPTH	NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS per 6 in	N	REC ATT	Sample Description			
0.0		0.0 - 19.0ft Grayish brown to brown, fine to coarse SAND, some to trace gravel, some to little silt, (FILL).	SM		0.0	S1	SS	6-10-11-6	21	0.7 2.0	Grayish brown, moist to wet, medium dense, fine to coarse SAND, little gravel, some silt, (SM). PID = 0.7 ppm			
10					4.0	S2	SS	6-7-2-1	9	0.5 2.0	Grayish brown, wet to saturated, loose, fine to coarse sandy GRAVEL, little silt, trace brick fragments, (GM). PID = 0.0 ppm 5.0 ft: Some difficulty advancing casing to 5' bgs			
5.0					9.0	S3	SS	50/5"	R	0.4 2.0	Brown and dark gray with trace oxidized spotting, saturated from 0" - 4.5", dry from 4.5" - 5", very dense, silty fine to coarse SAND, trace gravel, (SM). From 3.5" - 4.5": wood. From 4.5" - 5": concrete. PID = 0.0 ppm 9.4-11.0 ft: Concrete			
5													12.0 ft: Drill rig chatter to 14' bgs	
10.0								14.0	S4	SS	12-11-19-30	30	1.1 2.0	Top 5.5": Grayish brown, wet, medium dense, fine to coarse SAND, little silt, (SP). Most likely wash. Bottom 7.5": Reddish brown, wet, medium dense, fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, (SP). From 5.5" - 8": weathered/fractured gravel. PID = 17.3 ppm (rig exhaust)
15.0														
		19.0 - 51.0ft Brown to gray, fine to coarse SAND, some to trace silt, trace gravel, (Outwash).	SM		19.0	S5	SS	9-10-11-11	21	1.5 2.0	Brown, wet to saturated, medium dense, fine to coarse SAND, (SP). PID = 0.0 ppm			
20.0					24.0	S6	SS	22-20-21-20	41	0.8 2.0	Brown, wet, dense, fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, some silt, trace clay, (SM). Some of the gravel is greenish-yellow in color. Some clayey till-like bonding around the gravel. PID = 0.0 ppm			
25.0														

Log continued on next page

Fill (made ground) USCS Silty Sand (SM)

D+W: Drive and Wash SH: Shelby Tube SSA: Solid Stem Auger AUG: Auger Cuttings PP: Pocket Penetrometer TV: Torvane

DRILLING COMPANY: Geologic Earth Exploration Inc.
 DRILLER: C. O'Donnel
 DRILL RIG: CME - 45

LOGGED BY: CJS
 CHECKED BY: JDL
 DATE: 3/3/16



003A MANCHESTER NH GEOTECHNICAL SOILRX CHI LNG BUND HIGHWALL.GPJ GOLDRER NH 2011.GDT 5/10/16

RECORD OF BOREHOLE B-211 (CHI-6)

SHEET 2 of 3

PROJECT: CHI LNG Bund Highwall
 PROJECT NUMBER: 154-6055
 DRILLED DEPTH: 51.0 ft
 LOCATION: Next to Cement Plant

DRILL METHOD: 4 inch Drive and Wash
 HAMMER TYPE: Auto
 DATE STARTED: 2/24/16
 DATE COMPLETED: 2/24/16

COORDS: N: 260,581.01 E: 357,470.96
 GS ELEVATION: 12.9 ft
 WEATHER: Rain
 TEMPERATURE: 46 deg F

INCLINATION: 90
 DEPTH W.L.: 11.1 ft
 ELEVATION W.L.: 1.8 ft
 DATE W.L.: 2/24/2016
 TIME W.L.: 1300

SOIL PROFILE				SAMPLE INFORMATION							
DEPTH ft	ELEVATION ft	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE DEPTH	NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS per 6 in	N	REC ATT	Sample Description
25.0				SM		S6	SS	22-20-21-20	41	0.8 2.0	
	-15										
29.0						S7	SS	16-20-24-20	44	0.8 2.0	Brown, wet to saturated, dense, fine to coarse SAND, trace gravel, little silt, trace clay, (SM). Some clayey till-like bonding around gravel with some orange and red oxidation coloring in this bond zone. PID = 0.0 ppm
30.0											
	-20										
34.0					S8	SS	11-11-16-18	27	1.6 2.0	Brown, wet to saturated, medium dense, fine to coarse SAND, grading to fine sand at 11", (SP). PID = 0.0 ppm	
35.0											
	-25										
39.0					S9	SS	15-20-23-28	43	1.7 2.0	Gray, wet, dense, fine to medium sandy SILT, (ML). Medium sand is in brown bands. At 5.5" and 17.5": oxidized bands. PID = 0.0 ppm	
40.0											
	-30										
44.0					S10	SS	18-30-35-37	65	1.0 2.0	Gray, wet, dense, fine to medium sandy SILT, (ML). Oxidized banding throughout. PID = 0.0 ppm	
45.0											
	-35										
49.0					S11	SS	28-31-32-35	63	2.0 2.0	Brown, wet, very dense, fine to medium SAND, little silt, trace gravel, (SM). PID = 0.0 ppm	
50.0											

Log continued on next page

Fill (made ground)

 USCS Silty Sand (SM)

D+W: Drive and Wash SH: Shelby Tube SSA: Solid Stem Auger AUG: Auger Cuttings PP: Pocket Penetrometer TV: Torvane

DRILLING COMPANY: Geologic Earth Exploration Inc.
 DRILLER: C. O'Donnel
 DRILL RIG: CME - 45

LOGGED BY: CJS
 CHECKED BY: JDL
 DATE: 3/3/16



003A MANCHESTER NH GEOTECHNICAL SOILRX CHI LNG BUND HIGHWALL.GPJ GOLDRER NH 2011.GDT 5/10/16

RECORD OF BOREHOLE B-211 (CHI-6)


SHEET 3 of 3

PROJECT: CHI LNG Bund Highwall
 PROJECT NUMBER: 154-6055
 DRILLED DEPTH: 51.0 ft
 LOCATION: Next to Cement Plant

DRILL METHOD: 4 inch Drive and Wash
 HAMMER TYPE: Auto
 DATE STARTED: 2/24/16
 DATE COMPLETED: 2/24/16

COORDS: N: 260,581.01 E: 357,470.96
 GS ELEVATION: 12.9 ft
 WEATHER: Rain
 TEMPERATURE: 46 deg F

INCLINATION: 90
 DEPTH W.L.: 11.1 ft
 ELEVATION W.L.: 1.8 ft
 DATE W.L.: 2/24/2016
 TIME W.L.: 1300

SOIL PROFILE					SAMPLE INFORMATION						
DEPTH ft	ELEVATION ft	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	USCS	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE DEPTH	NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS per 6 in	N	REC ATT	Sample Description
50.0			SM			S11	SS	28-31-32-35	63	<u>2.0</u> 2.0	

Boring completed at 51.0 ft

Notes:

1. Borehole backfilled with cuttings to ground surface.
2. 4" casing to 9' bgs - 3" casing to 24' bgs - open hole below

003A MANCHESTER NH GEOTECHNICAL SOILRX CHI LNG BUND HIGHWALL.GPJ GOLDER NH 2011.GDT 5/10/16

 Fill (made ground)
  USCS Silty Sand (SM)

D+W: Drive and Wash SH: Shelby Tube SSA: Solid Stem Auger AUG: Auger Cuttings PP: Pocket Penetrometer TV: Torvane

DRILLING COMPANY: Geologic Earth Exploration Inc.
 DRILLER: C. O'Donnel
 DRILL RIG: CME - 45

LOGGED BY: CJS
 CHECKED BY: JDL
 DATE: 3/3/16





APPENDIX D

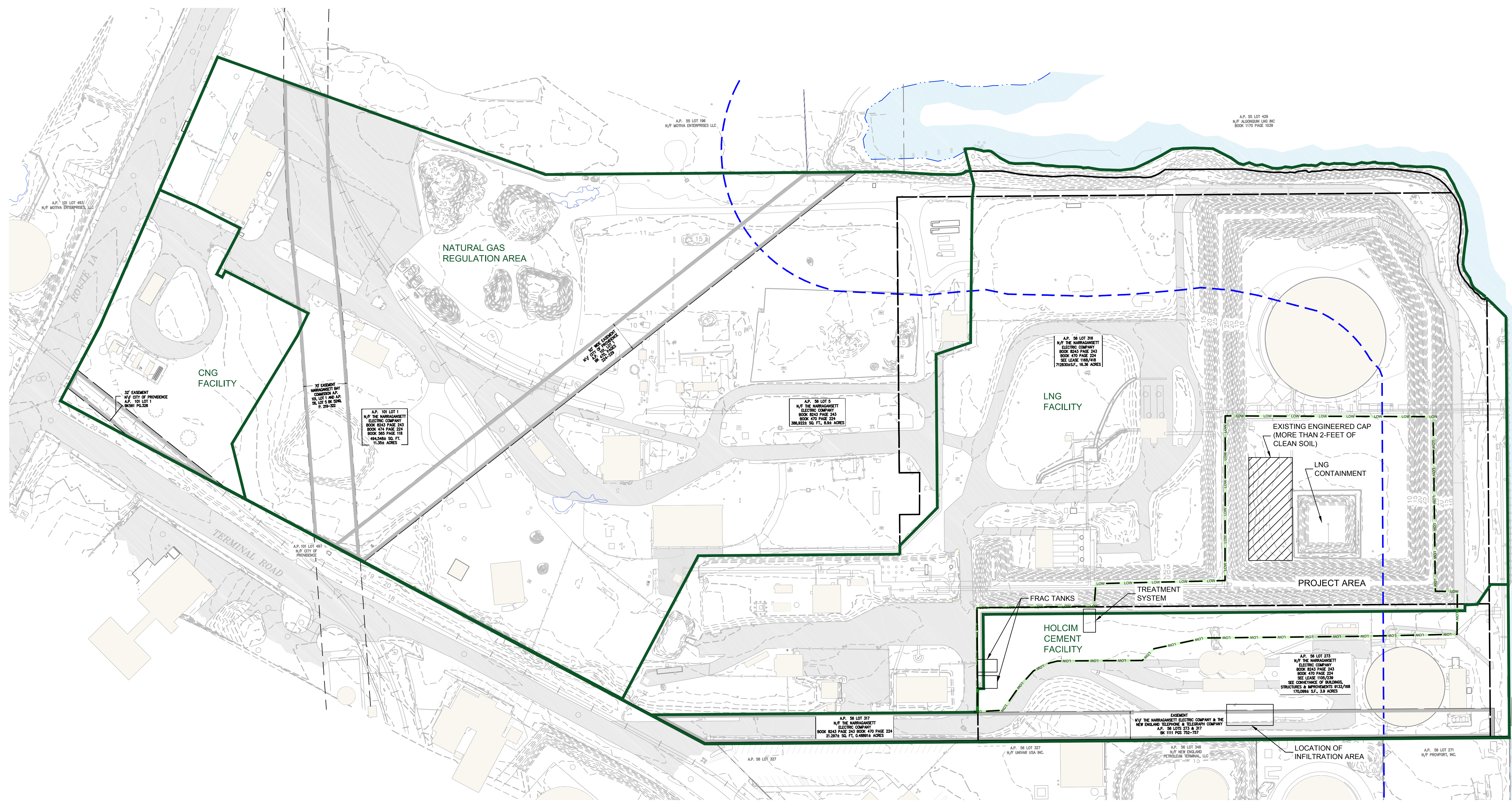
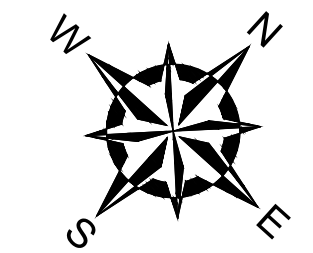
Dewatering and Groundwater

Management Information



APPENDIX D

Figures



GENERAL NOTES:

- 1) BASE MAP DEVELOPED FROM THE FOLLOWING:
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILE "ACAD-7257PL.DWG" PROVIDED BY YANASSE HANGEN BRUSTLIN (VHB) ENTITLED "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN," PROJECT TITLE "NATIONAL GRID LNG TERMINAL ROAD LNG FACILITY" DATED MARCH 10, 2014, ORIGINAL SCALE 1" = 50', DRAWING NO. SV-1 THROUGH SV-3 AND AERIAL MAPPING BY WSP TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE DATED JANUARY 15, 2014 PREPARED FOR NATIONAL GRID LAND SURVEYING DEPARTMENT, WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS AND CAD FILE NO. 09303023.052-1.DWG. PLANS PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID.
 - DESCRIPTIONS PROVIDED IN THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE DEED BOOK (BK) 470 PAGES 224 - 229, BK 561 PAGES 326 - 328, BK 1111 PAGES 752 - 756 AND BK 5249 PAGES 219 - 322.
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILE 14-152_SU1_REV2.DWG, TITLED "TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY PLAN, PORTION OF A.P. 56 LOT 5" DATED OCTOBER 27, 2014 AND PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID.
 - ELECTRONIC CAD FILE 5153_COO.DWG, TITLED "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN" PREPARED BY PROCESS PIPELINE SERVICES, DATED DECEMBER 16, 2014 AND PROVIDED BY NATIONAL GRID.
- 2) HORIZONTAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAD 1983 FROM BASE MAPPING PROVIDED BY VHB.
- 3) VERTICAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAVD 1988 FROM BASE MAPPING PROVIDED BY VHB.
- 4) ON-SITE SURVEYS BY GZA PERSONNEL DURING VARIOUS SITE VISITS BETWEEN 2011 AND 2016.
- 5) PARCEL DATA PROVIDED BY THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT. PARCELS OF REAL ESTATE ASSESSED AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012. GIS DATA ARE FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY. THESE DATA DO NOT REPRESENT A LEGALLY RECORDED PLAN, DEED, SURVEY OR ENGINEERING SCHEMATIC AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO BE USED AS SUCH.
- 6) SITE BOUNDARIES ARE APPROXIMATE.

LEGEND:

- | | | | |
|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| | EXISTING BUILDING | | ABUTTING PROPERTY LINE |
| | EXISTING CONTOUR (MAJOR 5 FOOT INTERVAL) | | EDGE OF WATER |
| | EXISTING CONTOUR (MINOR 1 FOOT INTERVAL) | | EXISTING RAILROAD TRACKS |
| | 200 FOOT CRMC SETBACK | | EXISTING FENCE |
| | PAVEMENT | | OPERATIONS BOUNDARY |
| | EASEMENT AREA | | EXISTING CONCRETE PAD |
| | PROPERTY LINE | | UTILITY POLE |
| | INTERIOR PROPERTY LINE | | LIGHT POLE |
| | LIMIT OF WORK | | HYDRANT |

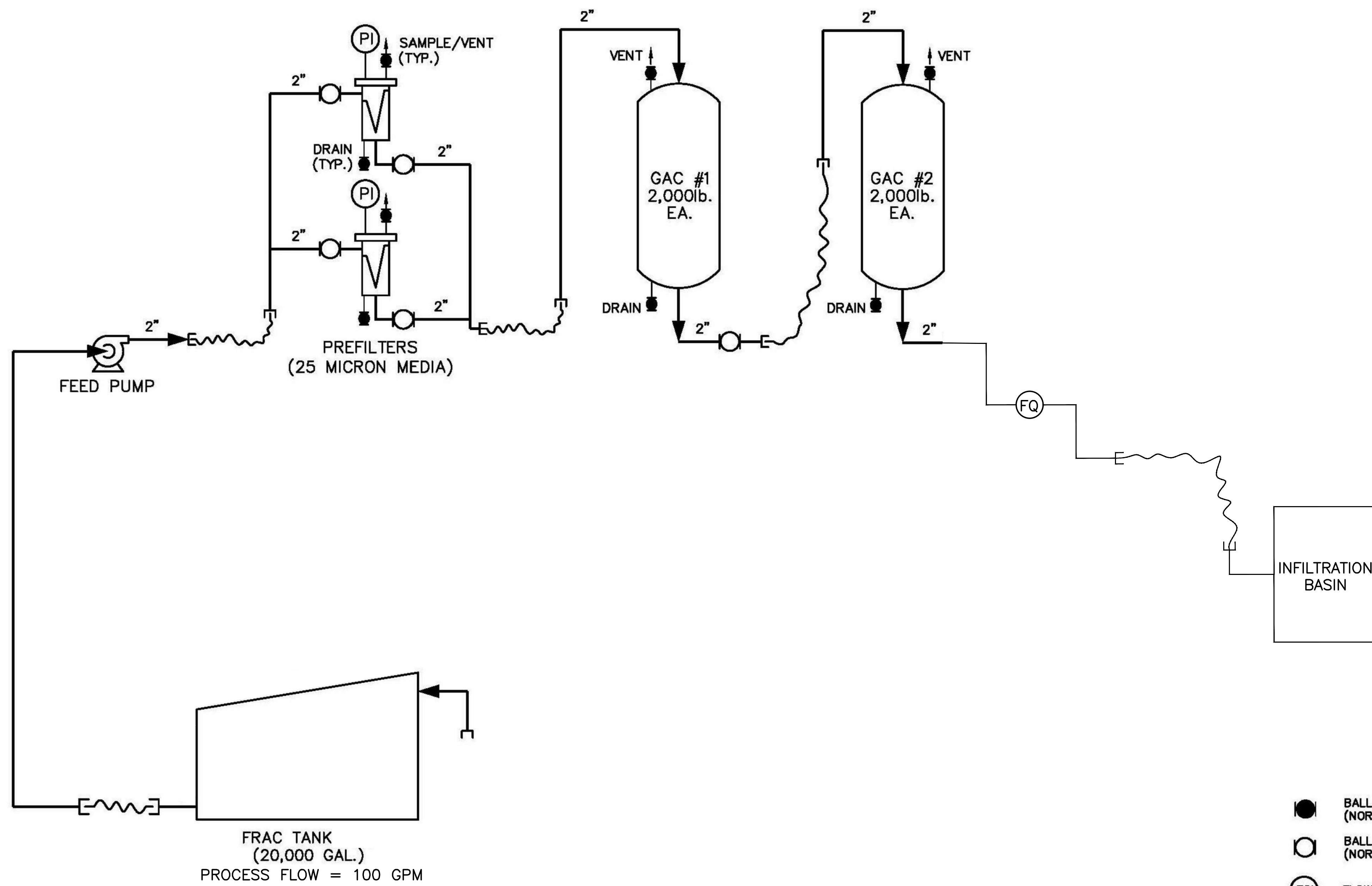
FOR PERMITTING ONLY

THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING IS SOLELY FOR USE BY NATIONAL GRID OR THE NATIONAL GRID'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE SPECIFIC PROJECT AND LOCATION IDENTIFIED ON THE DRAWING. THE DRAWING SHALL NOT BE TRANSFERRED, REUSED, COPIED, OR ALTERED IN ANY MANNER FOR USE AT ANY OTHER LOCATION OR FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF GZA AND NATIONAL GRID. ANY TRANSFER, REUSE, OR MODIFICATION TO THE DRAWING BY OTHERS, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN EXPRESS CONSENT OF GZA AND NATIONAL GRID, WILL BE AT THE USER'S SOLE RISK AND WITHOUT ANY RISK OR LIABILITY TO GZA AND NATIONAL GRID.

SHORT TERM RESPONSE ACTION PLAN: DIKE ACCESS ROAD			
642 ALLENS AVENUE PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND			
DEWATERING AND GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT SUMMARY PLAN			
PREPARED BY: GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists www.gza.com	PREPARED FOR: nationalgrid		
PROJ MGR: MSK	REVIEWED BY: SJH	CHECKED BY: SJH	FIGURE
DESIGNED BY: SJH	DRAWN BY: LDT	SCALE: AS NOTED	D-1
DATE: JUNE 2016	PROJECT NO.: 33554.60	REVISION NO.: 0	SHEET NO. 1 OF 3

2016 - GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. GZA-VA-DMA-33554.60-MSK-FIGURES-CAD-DWG-33554.60-CRMC-FR-EX-TERMA_3-1-2016.DWG 1-1 JUNE 29, 2016 10:59 AM USA THERMAL

2016 - GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. GZA-33554-00-APPENDIX A SHORT TERM RESPONSE ACTION PLAN DIKE ACCESS ROAD - Appendix A.dwg [1-2] June 29, 2016 - 10:57am lastmodified



LEGEND

- BALL VALVE (NORMALLY CLOSED) ——— PRIMARY FLOW
- BALL VALVE (NORMALLY OPEN) ——— SECONDARY FLOW
- ⊙(FQ) FLOW TOTALIZER [~~~~~] FLEXIBLE HOSE
- ⊙(PI) PRESSURE INDICATOR

FOR PERMITTING ONLY

THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING IS SOLELY FOR USE BY NATIONAL GRID OR THE NATIONAL GRID'S DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE SPECIFIC PROJECT AND LOCATION IDENTIFIED ON THE DRAWING. THE DRAWING SHALL NOT BE TRANSFERRED, REUSED, COPIED, OR ALTERED IN ANY MANNER FOR USE AT ANY OTHER LOCATION OR FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF GZA AND NATIONAL GRID. ANY TRANSFER, REUSE, OR MODIFICATION TO THE DRAWING BY OTHERS, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN EXPRESS CONSENT OF GZA AND NATIONAL GRID, WILL BE AT THE USER'S SOLE RISK AND WITHOUT ANY RISK OR LIABILITY TO GZA AND NATIONAL GRID.

NATIONAL GRID SHORT TERM RESPONSE ACTION PLAN: DIKE ACCESS ROAD 642 ALLENS AVENUE, PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND			
PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM			
PREPARED BY: GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists www.gza.com		PREPARED FOR: nationalgrid	
PROJ MGR: MSK DESIGNED BY: SDN DATE: JUNE 2016	REVIEWED BY: SDN DRAWN BY: CB/LDT PROJECT NO.: 33554.60	CHECKED BY: SDN SCALE: AS NOTED REVISION NO.: 0	FIGURE D-2 SHEET NO. 2 OF 3



APPENDIX D

Infiltration Details

SUBJECT

Access, Maintenance and Construction
Best Management Practices

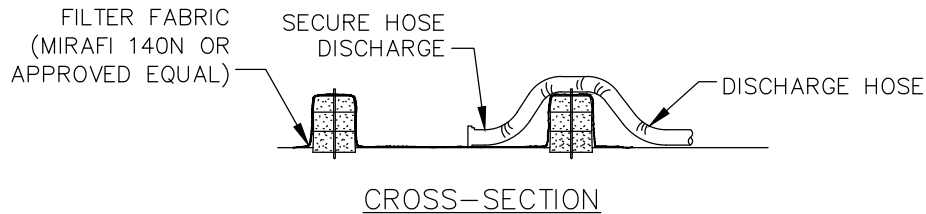
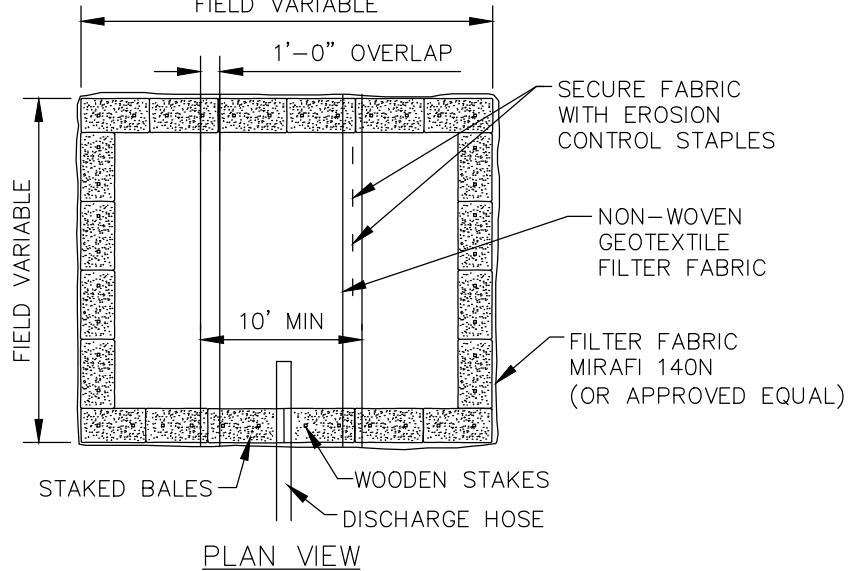
Reference

EP No. 3 - Natural Resource
Protection (Chapter 6)

BMP DETAIL

SCALE: NONE

FIELD VARIABLE



NOTES:

1. NUMBER OF BALES MAY VARY DEPENDING ON SITE CONDITIONS,
2. THE BASIN TO BE SIZED TO PREVENT DISCHARGE WATER FROM OVERTOPPING BASIN.
3. KEEP AS FAR FROM WETLANDS AS PRACTICAL.
4. CLEAN AND REMOVE AS SOON AS DEWATERING IS COMPLETE.

BMP PICTURE



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BMP # 31
DEWATERING BASIN
(SMALL SCALE)

SUBJECT

Access, Maintenance and Construction
Best Management Practices

Reference

EP No. 3 - Natural Resource
Protection (Chapter 6)

BMP PICTURE



NOTE:

1. EXACT SIZE, LOCATION AND DESIGN IS DEPENDANT ON SITE CONDITIONS, AND LOCAL AND STATE REGULATIONS. COORDINATE THIS BMP WITH NATIONAL GRID ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTIST PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

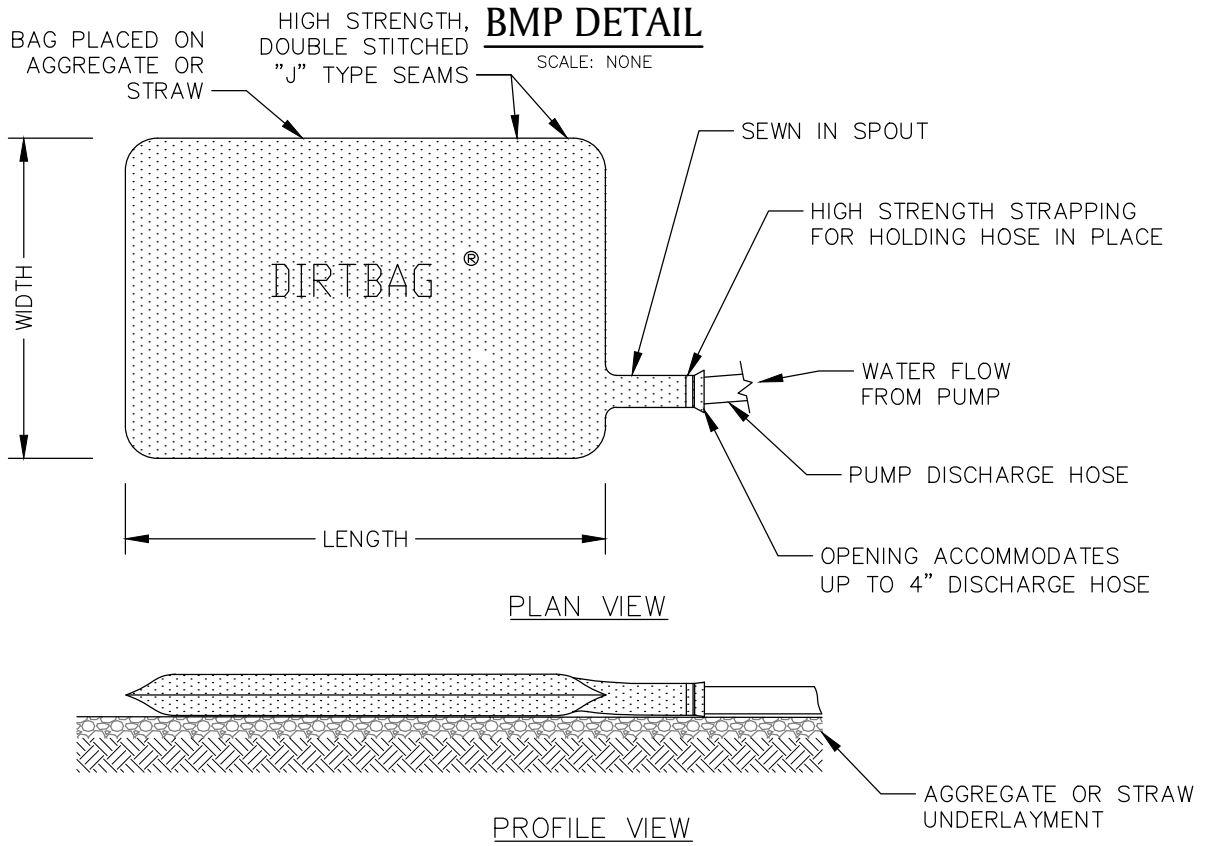
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BMP # 32
DEWATERING BASIN -
LARGE SCALE

SUBJECT
Access, Maintenance and Construction
Best Management Practices

Reference
EP No. 3 - Natural Resource
Protection (Chapter 6)



BMP PICTURE



* PICTURE AND DETAIL PROVIDED BY ACF ENVIRONMENTAL
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BMP # 33
DIRTBAG[®]



APPENDIX D

Design Calculations

CARBON DESIGN CALCULATIONS

642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

<u>ORGANIC DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>CONC.</u> <u>(ppb)</u>	<u>lbs OF ORGANIC</u> <u>PER DAY</u>	<u>MOL. WT.</u>	<u>REFRACTIVE</u> <u>INDEX</u>	<u>GAC</u> <u>USE*</u> <u>(lb/1000gal)</u>
TPHg	50700	60.82	108	na	4.28
1,3,5- TRIMETHYLBENZENE	2.4	0.00	120	1.4994	0.00
2-BUTANONE	44	0.05	78	1.3807	0.07
ETHYLBENZENE	1.1	0.00	106	1.4983	0.00
NAPHTHALENE	1.2	0.00	128	1.5823	0.00
TOLUENE	36.2	0.04	92	1.4969	0.02
XYLENE	4.3	0.01	106	1.4972	0.00
TOTAL:	50789.2	60.92			4.37

Note:

Calculations provided by Carbon Filtration Systems, Inc. of Johnston, RI.



APPENDIX E

Air Emissions Evaluation



APPENDIX E

Tables

Table E-1 Analytical Soil Data

New Access Road
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island

	RIDEM GB Leachability Criteria	RIDEM I/C DEC	RIDEM UCL	Units	Average	Maximum	ETP-2		EPT-4	RCA-19	RCA-38	A19		A24		A29		A30		A32		A43		A44		A49		A50		A57		A58		A59	
							2-3 FT	6-7 FT	7-8 FT	0-2 FT	8-10 FT	0-2 FT	6-8 FT	0-2 FT	6-8 FT	0-2 FT	8-10 FT	0-2 FT	8-10 FT	0-2 FT	4-6 FT	0-2 FT	4-6 FT	0-2 FT	12-14 FT	0-2 FT	8-10 FT	0-2 FT	8-10 FT	0-2 FT	4-6 FT	0-2 FT	4-6 FT	0-2 FT	4-6 FT
							March 1996	March 1996	March 1996	October 1995	May 1996	2/4/2000	2/9/2000	2/9/2000	2/9/2000	2/9/2000	2/9/2000	2/9/2000	2/9/2000	2/9/2000	2/17/2000	2/17/2000	2/17/2000	2/17/2000	2/17/2000	2/17/2000	2/17/2000	2/17/2000	2/17/2000	2/17/2000	2/23/2000	2/23/2000	2/23/2000	2/23/2000	2/29/2000
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																																			
Acetone	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	1.75	6.2	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	0.6	0.7	4.6	5.8	3.7	5.2	5.7	5.6	5	6.2	0.77	0.58	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.44	0.375	0.475	0.46	0.49	0.4	0.48	0.55
Benzene	4.3	200	10,000	mg/kg	0.35	0.9	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	0.6	0.7	0.55	0.7	0.42	0.65	0.65	0.7	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.445	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.44	0.375	0.475	0.46	0.49	0.4	0.48	0.55
Chloroform	NE	940	10,000	mg/kg	0.54	0.9	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	0.6	0.7	0.55	0.7	0.42	0.65	0.65	0.7	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.445	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.44	0.375	0.475	0.46	0.49	0.4	0.48	0.55
Ethylbenzene	62	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	0.36	0.9	NA	NA	NA	ND	NA	0.6	0.7	0.55	0.7	0.42	0.65	0.65	0.7	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.445	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.44	0.375	0.475	0.46	0.49	0.4	0.48	0.55
Isopropylbenzene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	0.53	0.9	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	0.6	0.7	0.55	0.7	0.42	0.65	0.65	0.7	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.445	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.44	0.375	0.475	0.46	0.49	0.4	0.48	0.55
Methylene Chloride	NE	760	10,000	mg/kg	0.53	0.9	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	0.6	0.7	0.55	0.7	0.42	0.65	0.65	0.7	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.445	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.44	0.375	0.475	0.46	0.49	0.4	0.48	0.55
Naphthalene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	1.05	9.9	NA	ND	NA	9.9	NA	0.6	7.6	0.46	0.7	0.42	0.65	0.65	0.7	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.445	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.44	0.375	0.475	0.46	0.49	0.4	0.48	0.55
Toluene	54	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	0.35	0.9	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	0.6	0.7	0.55	0.7	0.42	0.65	0.65	0.7	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.445	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.44	0.375	0.475	0.46	0.49	0.4	0.48	0.55
Xylenes (Total)	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	0.35	0.9	NA	ND	NA	ND	NA	0.6	0.7	0.55	0.7	0.42	0.65	0.65	0.7	0.55	0.65	0.55	0.445	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.44	0.375	0.475	0.46	0.49	0.4	0.48	0.55
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)																																			
Naphthalene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	1.65	21	ND	ND	5.8	21	ND	1.8	1.85	0.45	1.9	1.75	1.9	1.7	1.75	1.9	2.7	1.8	1.75	0.76	1.75	1.85	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.75	1.6	1.75	1.8	1.8

Notes:

Data is compared to RIDEM Method 1 Standards. Shaded results represent numerical exceedances of standards.

Table only indicates the compounds that were detected and have a RIDEM Minimum Quantity, other compounds were analyzed for, but not detected.

Table only shows explorations within the Limits of Work

ND - Not Detected NA - Not Analyzed NE - Not Established

Sample depths noted here are from original grade. This table presents data that has since been disturbed or regraded. As such, the final grades are unknown and as such the modified sampling depths are unknown.

Blue shading indicates compound was not detected - value shown is half the detection limit.

Table only shows explorations within a cut area of the Limits of Work

Averages presented in the table include half the detection limit (if reported)

Table E-1 Analytical Soil Data

New Access Road
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island

	RIDEM GB Leachability Criteria	RIDEM I/C DEC	RIDEM UCL	Units	Average	Maximum	A60		A61		A63		A1-W131	A1-W132	A1-W133	A1-W153	A1-W155	A1-W156	A1-W158	A1-W159	A1-F52	A1-F53	A1-F54	A1-W164	A1-F55	A1-F56	A1-F57	A1-W157				
							0-2 FT	4-6 FT	0-2 FT	4-6 FT	0-2 FT	2-4 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	0-2 FT	2-10 FT	2-10 FT	0-2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2FT	0-2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	0-2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	2 FT	0-2 FT
							2/29/2000	2/29/2000	2/29/2000	2/29/2000	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/3/99	9/8/99	9/8/99	9/8/99	9/8/99	9/8/99	9/20/99	9/20/99	9/20/99	9/20/99	9/20/99	9/20/99	9/27/99	9/27/99	9/27/99	9/27/99	9/27/99	9/27/99	9/27/99	10/1/99
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)																																
Acetone	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	1.75	6.2	0.65	0.65	0.6	0.385	0.6	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Benzene	4.3	200	10,000	mg/kg	0.35	0.9	0.65	0.65	0.6	0.385	0.6	0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.14	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Chloroform	NE	940	10,000	mg/kg	0.54	0.9	0.65	0.65	0.6	0.385	0.6	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Ethylbenzene	62	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	0.36	0.9	0.65	0.65	0.6	0.385	0.6	0.6	ND	ND	0.103	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Isopropylbenzene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	0.53	0.9	0.65	0.65	0.6	0.385	0.6	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Methylene Chloride	NE	760	10,000	mg/kg	0.53	0.9	0.65	0.65	0.6	0.385	0.6	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Naphthalene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	1.05	9.9	0.65	0.65	0.6	0.385	0.6	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Toluene	54	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	0.35	0.9	0.65	0.65	0.6	0.385	0.6	0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Xylenes (Total)	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	0.35	0.9	0.65	0.65	0.6	0.385	0.6	0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOCs)																																
Naphthalene	NE	10,000	10,000	mg/kg	1.65	21	1.8	1.7	1.85	1.8	1.8	0.57	0.507	0.707	1.88	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.43	1.86	ND	ND	ND	0.418	ND				

Notes:

Data is compared to RIDEM Method 1 Standards. Shaded results represent numerical exceedances of standards.

Table only indicates the compounds that were detected and have a RIDEM Minimum Quantity, other compounds were analyzed for, but not detected.

Table only shows explorations within the Limits of Work

ND - Not Detected NA - Not Analyzed NE - Not Established

Sample depths noted here are from original grade. This table presents data that has since been disturbed or regraded. As such, the final grades are unknown and as such the modified sampling depths are unknown.

Blue shading indicates compound was not detected - value shown is half the detection limit.

Table only shows explorations within a cut area of the Limits of Work

Averages presented in the table include half the detection limit (if reported)

Table E-2 Excavation Emissions Potential

New Access Road
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island

Site-Specific	
Volume of Soil - Excavation	3,855 (cy)
Volume of Soil Moved	3,855 (cy)
Volume of Soil Moved	2,897 (m ³)

Constants	
Typical Bulk Density	1.5 (g/cm ³)

Eklund 1997 Default

Conversion Factors	
ft/m	3.3
ft ³ /cy	27
g/lb	454
g/kg	1000

Analyte	Average Measured Concentration in Soil (µg/g)	Maximum Measured Concentration in Soil (µg/g)	Total Excavation Emissions Potential ¹ (lb)	Total Excavation Emissions Potential ² (lb)	RIDEM Annual Minimum Quantity (lb)
Acetone	1.75	6.2	1.68E+01	5.93E+01	2.00E+04
Benzene	0.35	0.9	3.35E+00	8.61E+00	1.00E+01
Chloroform	0.54	0.9	5.17E+00	8.61E+00	2.00E+01
Ethylbenzene	0.36	0.9	3.45E+00	8.61E+00	9.00E+03
Isopropylbenzene	0.53	0.9	5.07E+00	8.61E+00	1.00E+03
Methylene Chloride	0.53	0.9	5.07E+00	8.61E+00	2.00E+02
Naphthalene	1.77	21	1.69E+01	2.01E+02	3.00E+00
Toluene	0.35	0.9	3.35E+00	8.61E+00	1.00E+03
Xylenes (Total)	0.35	0.9	3.35E+00	8.61E+00	3.00E+03

Notes:

1. Total Excavation Emissions Potential based on Average Measured Concentration in Soil.
2. Total Excavation Emissions Potential based on Maximum Measured Concentration in Soil.
3. Only detected analytes with Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) minimum quantity values are shown.
4. Naphthalene concentrations presented in this model are the maximum of naphthalene analyzed as a VOC or as a PAH
5. cm = centimeter; m = meter; g = gram; µg = microgram; ft = feet, lb = pound; kg = kilogram; cy = cubic yard.

6. Yellow Highlighting indicates model inputs.

7. Orange Highlighting indicates the calculated Total Excavation Emissions Potential exceeds the RIDEM Minimum Quantity.

Table E-3 Predicted Excavation Emissions
 New Access Road
 642 Allens Avenue
 Providence, Rhode Island

Assumptions	
Assumed Average MW of NAPL	250 (g/mol)
Assumed NAPL Temperature	15 (°C)

Initial Estimate	
Average Regrading Surface Area	20,817 (ft ²)
Average Excavation Average Depth	5.0 (ft)
Excavation Surface Area	2,177 (m ²)
Pile Surface Area	2,177 (m ²)
Emitting Surface Area	4,353 (m ²)
Volume of Soil Moved	3,855 (cy)
Volume of Soil Moved	2,896 (m ³)

Constants		
Typical Bulk Density	1.5 (g/cm ³)	Eklund 1997 Default
	R 8.21E-05 (m ³ *atm/K/mol)	
	R 8.31E-03 (kJ/K/mol)	
	R 62,361 (mm Hg*cm ³ /mol/K)	
Soil Gas to Atmosphere Exchange Constant (Dry, uncompacted Soils)	0.33 (%/100)	Eklund 1997 Default
Air-Filled Porosity (Dry, uncompacted Soils)	0.55	Eklund 1997 Default
Total Porosity (Uncompacted Soils)	0.55	Eklund 1997 Default
Gas-Phase Mass Transfer Coefficient	0.15 cm/s	Eklund 1997 Default
Time since Start of Excavation of Soil of Interest	60 s	Eklund 1997 Default
Time Period Excavated Soil are Emitting Contaminants	0.1 (hr)	Eklund 1997 Default
TOC of Soil	0.002 (g OC/g soil)	USEPA 1996 Default

Analyte	Average Measured Concentration in Soil (ug/g)	Partial Pressure ¹ (atm)	Equilibrium Coefficient	Effective Diffusivity in Air (cm ² /s)	Total Excavation Emissions Potential ² (lb)	Total Excavation Emissions (lb)	RIDEM Annual Minimum Quantity (lb)
Naphthalene	1.77	9.59E-08	1.08E-04	2.66E-02	1.70E+01	0.003	3

- Notes:
- The Partial Pressure was calculated using Raoult's Law.
 - If the calculated Total Excavation Emissions exceeds the Total Excavation Emissions Potential, the Total Excavation Emissions Potential was used as the Total Excavation Emissions.
 - All constants for total xylenes are the average of the individual constants for m-xylene, o-xylene, and p-xylene.
 - Only detected analytes with RIDEM minimum quantity values are shown with Total Excavation Emissions Potentials above RIDEM minimum quantities.
 - Concentration units are in ug/g, which is equal to ppm.
 - MW = molecular weight; atm = atmosphere; kJ = kilojoules; mol = moles; NAPL = non-aqueous phase liquid; ppm = parts per million; mm Hg = millimeter mercury; cm = centimeter; m = meter; g = gram; ug = microgram; ft = feet, lb = pound; s = second; yr = year; hr = hour; < = less than the reporting limit; TOC = total organic carbon.
 - Yellow Highlighting indicates model inputs.
 - Purple Highlighting indicates the Total Excavation Emissions exceeds the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) Minimum Quantity.



APPENDIX E

Excavation Emission Calculations

APPENDIX E
EXCAVATION EMISSIONS CALCULATIONS

New Access Road
642 Allens Avenue
Providence, Rhode Island

To estimate potential volatile emissions associated with planned remediation activities at the 642 Allens Avenue Property (“the Site”), GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc. (GZA) used the following modified versions of the equations given in Appendix D of “Air Emissions from the Treatment of Soils Contaminated with Petroleum Fuels and Other Substances” (Eklund 1997):

First, the total excavation emissions potential is calculated as a benchmark:

Total Excavation Emissions Potential:

$$E_{Potential} = C_{i,Soil} \times S_v \times \beta$$

Where,

$E_{Potential}$ = Total Mass of Component i in a given volume of soil in grams (g);

$C_{i,Soil}$ = Concentration of Component i in the Soil in micrograms of Component i per gram of Soil (ug/g);

β = Typical Bulk Density in grams per cubic centimeter (g/cm³) (assumed to be 1.5 g/cm³ – Eklund 1997); and

S_v = Total Volume of Soil Moved in cubic meters (m³).

Average Total Emissions (detailed model):

If the Average Total Emissions calculated by this detailed model (Eklund 1997) exceeds the calculated Total Excavation Emissions Potential, the Total Excavation Emissions Potential will be used.

$$E = E_{PS} + E_{DIFF}$$

$$E_{PS} = \frac{P_i MW 10^6 E_a S_v ExC}{R T}$$

$$E_{DIFF} = \frac{(C)(10,000)(SA)(t_v)}{\left(\frac{E_a}{K_{eq} k_g}\right) + \left(\frac{\pi t}{D_e K_{eq}}\right)^{1/2}}$$

Where,

E = Total Emissions from Excavation of Soil in g;

E_{PS} = Total Emissions due to Soil Pore Space Gas in g;

E_{DIFF} = Total Emissions due to Diffusion in g;

P_i = Partial Pressure of Component i in millimeters of mercury (mm Hg)¹;

MW = Molecular Weight in grams per mole (g/mol);

¹ Note that because the impacts at the Site are primarily not separate phase, we have used the partial pressure as opposed to the vapor pressure of the pure component.

10^6 = Conversion Factor of cm^3/m^3 ;

E_a = Air-Filled Porosity (0.35 for wet, or compacted soil; 0.55 for dry, uncompacted soil – Eklund (1997));

S_v = Total Volume of Soil Moved in m^3 ;

ExC = Soil-Gas to Atmosphere Exchange Constant (0.10 for wet or high-clay content soils; 0.33 for dry, sandy soils from Eklund - 1997);

R = Universal Gas Constant in $\text{mm-Hg}\cdot\text{cm}^3/\text{mol}/\text{K}$ (62,361 $\text{mm-Hg}\cdot\text{cm}^3/\text{mol}/\text{K}$);

T = Temperatures in K (assumed to be 15°C);

C = Mass Loading of Component i in soil in g/cm^3 ;

10,000 = Conversion Factor of square centimeters per square meter (cm^2/m^2); and

SA = Total Emitting Surface Area in square meters (m^2). GZA assumed the Total Emitting Surface Area to be the sides and bottom of the excavation and the sides and top of the stockpile.

D_e = Effective Diffusivity in Air in square centimeter per second (cm^2/s);

K_{eq} = Equilibrium Coefficient;

t_v = Time the Volume of Soil Moved is emitting in seconds (s) (360 s – Eklund (1997));

k_g = Gas-Phase Mass Transfer Coefficient in centimeter per second (cm/s) (Default of 0.15 cm/s – Eklund (1997));

and

t = Time that the Instantaneous Emission Rate approximates the Average Emission Rate over the 360 second period that Emissions from Freshly Excavated Soil are assumed to be Significant in s (60 s – Eklund (1997)).

P_i is calculated by:

For this scenario, the partial pressure was estimated using Raoult's Law assuming the constituents are in a mixture with the other organic matter in the soil.

Raoult's Law:

$$P_i = P_i^* x_i$$

Where,

P_i = Partial Pressure of the Component i in the Mixture;

P_i^* = Vapor Pressure of the pure Component i ; and

x_i = Mole Fraction of the Component i in the Mixture (moles component/total moles).

$$x_i = \frac{10^{-6} C_{i,Mixture} MW_{Mixture}}{MW_i}$$

Where,

10^{-6} = Conversion Factor of kilogram per milligram (kg/mg);

$MW_{Mixture}$ = Molecular Weight of Mixture in g/mol (assumed to be 250 g/mol);

MW_i = Molecular Weight of Component i in g/mol ; and

$C_{i,Mixture}$ = Concentration of Component i in the Mixture in milligrams of Component i per kilogram of Mixture (mg/kg).

$$C_{i,Mixture} = \frac{C_{i,Soil}}{TOC}$$

Where,

$C_{i,Mixture}$ = Concentration of Component i in the Mixture in milligrams of Component i per kilogram of Mixture (mg/kg);

$C_{i,soil}$ = Concentration of Component i in the Soil in micrograms of Component i per gram of Soil (ug/g); and
 TOC = Fraction of Total Organic Carbon in the Soil (g/g). Because Site-specific TOC data was not available, the default value of 0.002 from the USEPA's Soil Screening Guidance: User's Guide (1996) was used to be conservative.

We've assumed a soil temperature of 15°C in our calculations. We have therefore utilized the Clausius-Clapeyron equation to calculate vapor pressures at 15°C from those in the literature (typically 25°C):

Clausius-Clapeyron Equation:

$$\ln\left(\frac{P_1}{P_2}\right) = \left(\frac{\Delta H_{vap}}{R}\right)\left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1}\right)$$

Where,

P_1 = Vapor Pressure at a Known Point;

P_2 = Vapor Pressure at a Given Point;

T_1 = Temperature at a Known Point in Kelvin (K);

T_2 = Temperature at a Given Point in K;

ΔH_{vap} = Enthalpy of Vaporization of Component i in kilojoules per mole (kJ/mol); and

R = Universal Gas Constant in kilojoules per Kelvin per mole (8.314E-03 kJ/K/mol).

C (Mass Loading of Component i in soil in g/cm³) is calculated by:

$$C = 10^{-6} C_{i,soil} \beta$$

Where,

10^{-6} = Conversion Factor of gram per microgram (g/ug);

$C_{i,soil}$ = Concentration of Component i in the Soil in micrograms of Component i per gram of Soil (ug/g); and

β = Typical Bulk Density in g/m³; (assumed to be 1.5 g/m³ – Eklund (1997)).

K_{eq} is calculated by:

$$K_{eq} = \frac{P_i MW_i E_a}{R T C}$$

Where,

P_i = Partial Pressure of the Component i in the Mixture in mm Hg;

MW_i = Molecular Weight of Component i in g/mol;

E_a = Air-Filled Porosity (0.35 for wet, or compacted soil; 0.55 for dry, uncompacted soil – Eklund (1997));

R = Universal Gas Constant in mm-Hg*cm³/mol/K (62,361 mm-Hg*cm³/mol/K);

T = Temperatures in K (assumed to be 15°C);

C = Mass Loading of Component i in soil in g/cm³;

D_e is calculated by:

$$D_e = \frac{D_a (E_a)^{3.33}}{(E_T)^2}$$

Where,

D_a = Diffusivity in Air of Component i in cm²/s (Default of 0.1 was used when chemical-specific values could not be found.);

E_a = Air-Filled Porosity (0.35 for wet, or compacted soil; 0.55 for dry, uncompacted soil – Eklund (1997)); and
 E_T = Total Porosity (0.35 for compacted soil; 0.55 for uncompacted soil – Eklund (1997)).

For impacted soils to be managed on-Site (e.g., if it is not directly loaded into a truck but is first stockpiled), an additional Total Emissions due to Soil Pore Space Gas factor will be included in the Average Total Emissions to account for the additional emissions during soil handling and stockpiling. As a conservative measure, for losses during management of materials, GZA will utilize the Total Emissions due to Soil Pore Space Gas that was calculated above for losses during excavation. This is conservative since the concentrations in the re-handled soil will be lower than in the soil during excavation.

References:

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